

20 September 2023 at 7.00 pm
Council Chamber, Argyle Road, Sevenoaks
Published: 12.09.23



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Licensing Committee

Membership:

Chairman, Cllr. Clack; Vice-Chairman, Cllr. Abraham
Cllrs. Edwards-Winsor, Esler, Waterton, Barnes, Barnett, Clayton, Ferrari, Haslam,
Leaman, Lindop and Skinner

Agenda

There are no fire drills planned. If the fire alarm is activated, which is a continuous siren with a flashing red light, please leave the building immediately, following the fire exit signs.

	Pages	Contact
Apologies for Absence		
1. Minutes To agree the Minutes of the meeting of the Committee held on 29 June 2023, as a correct record.	(Pages 1 - 2)	
2. Declarations of interest Any interests not already registered		
3. Actions from the previous meeting		
4. Introduction of Protocols/Guidance Notes for Members and Attendees at Licensing Sub Committee	(Pages 3 - 12)	Sharon Bamborough Tel: 01732 227325
5. Review of the Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Policy.	(Pages 13 - 246)	Sue Lindsey Tel: 01732 227491
6. Hackney Carriage And Private Hire Licensing: Licence Fees And Charges 2024/25	(Pages 247 - 254)	Sue Lindsey Tel: 01732 227491
7. Work Plan	(Pages 255 - 256)	

EXEMPT INFORMATION

At the time of preparing this agenda there were no exempt items. During any such items which may arise the meeting is likely NOT to be open to the public.

If you wish to obtain further factual information on any of the agenda items listed above, please contact the named officer prior to the day of the meeting.

Should you need this agenda or any of the reports in a different format, or have any other queries concerning this agenda or the meeting please contact Democratic Services on 01732 227000 or democratic.services@sevenoaks.gov.uk.

LICENSING COMMITTEE

Minutes of the meeting held on 29 June 2023 commencing at 7.00 pm

Present: Cllr. Clack (Chairman)

Cllr. Abraham (Vice-Chairman)

Cllrs. Barnes, Edwards-Winsor, Esler, Ferrari, Haslam, Leaman, Lindop and Skinner

Apologies for absence were received from Cllrs. Barnett, Clayton and Waterton

3. Minutes

The Chairman advised that there was a typographical error on the agenda that the Minutes of the Committee meeting on 11 March 2023 should read as 11 January 2023, and these were included in the agenda.

Resolved: That the Minutes of the Licensing Committee held on 11 January 2023 and on 23 May 2023 and the Licensing Hearings held on 7 March 2023 and 27 April 2023 be approved and signed by the Chairman as a correct record.

4. Declarations of interest

There were none.

5. Actions from the previous meeting

There were none.

6. Licensing Partnership Annual update 2022/23

The Head of the Licensing Partnership presented the annual update on the performance and activity of the Partnership and advised that the report concerned the municipal year 2022/23, rather than 2023/24 as stated on the agenda front sheet. The report presented key Partnership performance targets and indicators which were assessed against the Service Plan Objectives 2022/23. Performance had been very positive and the Partnership had met a large number of objectives. The report also presented the Licensing Service Plan for 2023/24.

The Head of the Licensing Partnership also gave a presentation on recent licensing legislative developments. She explained that she had been appointed the London and South east Regional Representative for the Local Government Association and regularly gave feedback on various policy changes considered by the Government. A recent survey had been undertaken which sought views on potential changes to

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Licensing Committee - 29 June 2023

the Licensing Act 2003 statutory fees and had received a good response rate. She had advocated for more locally set fees, which would allow the Council to have control over implementing tailored fees and charges.

In response to a question regarding performance indicators and targets, Members were advised that the target for the processing of taxi licence applications for the year 2023/24 had been reduced to ten working days to reflect the efficiency of the service. Members discussed the positive performance of the Partnership and the potential benefits of the ability to set fees locally.

The Committee thanked the Head of the Licensing Partnership for the update and the Team for all their hard work. It was suggested that an annual update on the activity of the Licensing Partnership continue to be provided to the Committee.

Resolved: That the performance of the Licensing Partnership be noted, and the Head of the Licensing Partnership continue to provide an annual update on the activity of the Licensing Partnership to the Committee each municipal year.

7. Work Plan

The Work Plan was noted with the following additions:

14 September 2023

- Review of the Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Policy.
- Hackney Carriage And Private Hire Licensing: Licence Fees And Charges 2024/25

THE MEETING WAS CONCLUDED AT 7.52 PM

CHAIRMAN

LICENSING – introduction of a easy reference guide for Panel and protocol for attendees at Licensing Sub-committees

Licensing Committee – 20th September 2023

Report of: Chief Officer Planning and Regulatory Services

Status: For Information

Key Decision: No

Executive Summary: This report is an annual update on the performance and activity of the Licensing Partnership

This report supports the Key Aim of: Sustainable Economy

Portfolio Holder: Cllr. Margot McArthur

Contact Officer: Sharon Bamborough, Ext. 7325

Recommendation to Licensing Committee :

To consider the proposed guide and attendee protocol set out at **Appendices A & B** for use at future meetings of the Licensing Sub Committee (who are meeting to consider applications made under the Licensing Act 2003) and :

1. Approve for future use
or
2. Amend as required and introduce for future use
or
3. Decide the proposed guide & protocol are not necessary at this time.

Reason for recommendation: To ensure the Licensing Sub-Committees are supported and public attending such meetings are given a clearer indication of what to expect.

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Introduction and Background

- 1 A meeting of the Licensing Sub-committee (LSC) takes place when it is necessary to determine a contentious licence application which is opposed under the Licensing Act 2003. They also take place to hear taxi related applications where a driver may wish to make a case as to why they should be granted a licence against policy etc) There are also other areas of licensing where they would meet to determine applications if required (eg Gambling and Sex establishments)
- 2 Following a recent training session and LSC meeting which was attended by objectors to the application who were highly vocal and disruptive at the meeting, the Members have asked the Head of Licensing to produce two documents to assist the smoother running of Licensing Sub Committees in the future.
- 3 The first is an easy reference guide for the panel of the Licensing Sub Committee to have easily to hand showing how the meeting should run (this information is usually included by Democratic services at the start of any report and has been adapted from that list to be simpler and more specific, which can easily referenced as a separate document if placed on the desk of the panel members).
- 4 The second is a proposed protocol intended to be distributed to attendees of a Licensing Sub – Committee at the hearing. The intention is to better inform those attending of what to expect and outline expected standards of behaviour.

Key Implications

Financial

There are no financial implications.

Legal Implications and Risk Assessment Statement.

This is a report to consider the wording and introduction of the requested guides. Should Members decide to introduce them or not, there will be no legal implications

Equality Assessment

The information contained within this report have a remote or low relevance to the substance of the Equality Act. There is no perceived impact on end users.

Appendices

Appendix A – Quick reference guide for Members sitting on a LSC

Appendix B – Protocol for LSC attendees

Background Papers

None

Richard Morris

Deputy Chief Executive and Chief Officer – Planning & Regulatory Services

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APPENDIX A

LICENSING SUB-COMMITTEE - QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE FOR RUNNING THE HEARING FOR AN APPLICATION

Licensing Act 2003

Note: The quorum for a Sub-Committee shall be two members.

The order of business at hearings shall be:

- (a) Election of Chairman.
- (b) Declarations of interests.
- (c) the licence application or review

Democratic Services will commence the meeting by giving any apologies for absence and asking for a nomination to be Chairman.

Once the Chairman has been elected:

1. Chairman ascertains who is assisting or representing the parties. *(note, if there are lots of people present, you may wish to consider setting time limits for speaking, which should be equal for all. You may also ask whether there is a spokesman for the speakers or whether they will all speak individually)*
2. Chairman invites the Licensing Officer to present their report
3. Chairman invites the applicant (or their representative) to make their case (reminding them to summarise and not to overly repeat info which is in the report)
4. Applicant questioned by members. *At the discretion of the Sub-Committee, other parties may be permitted to question the applicant.*
5. Chairman invites any representatives of Public or Statutory Bodies (E.g. Police, Environmental Health) who have made representations in respect of the application to address the Sub-Committee. No issues other than those relevant to their representations may be raised.
6. Members question each party at the conclusion of their address. *At the discretion of the Sub-Committee, the applicant may be permitted to question other parties.*
7. The Chairman then invites other persons who have made representations in respect of the application (or their representative) to address the Sub-Committee. No issues other than those relevant to their representations may be raised.
8. Members question each party at the conclusion of their address. *At the discretion of the Sub-Committee, the applicant may be permitted to question other parties.*

Sub-Committee may offer the parties a short adjournment to discuss in the absence of the Sub-Committee whether a solution acceptable to all the parties can be put to the Sub-Committee. The parties may not speak to Members regarding the application during adjournments.

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9. The Chairman invites the applicant (or their representative) to make their closing address.
10. The Sub-Committee usually retires to a separate room to consider the application. They may take the legal advisor to assist in the drafting of wording or to give advice and the Democratic Services Officer to assist. Reasons relevant to the 4 licensing objectives are to be given for the decision.
11. The Members return to the hearing and parties will usually be informed of the decision immediately with a full decision notice issued thereafter, along with details of any appeal rights. *(note - in complex cases Members may wish to take more time to consider further and can elect to not announce their decision but to have it made and notified within 5 working days of the hearing).*

LICENSING SUB COMMITTEE – FOR MATTERS UNDER THE LICENSING ACT 2003

GUIDANCE AND PROTOCOL FOR ATTENDEES

Who will be there?

- Councillors: The sub-committee is made up of three Councillors who are drawn from the Licensing Committee. At the beginning of the meeting one of the Councillors will be elected as Chairman
- Legal Advisor: who will provide legal advice to the sub-committee and ensure that the hearing is carried out lawfully
- Democratic Services Officer: who is there to record the minutes and ensure the meeting is procedurally correct
- Licensing Officer: who has written the agenda report and will introduce it at the Hearing
- Speakers: This may include an applicant, statutory bodies (such as the Police or Environmental Health) and objectors as well as any representatives.

What happens at the meeting?

1. At the start of the meeting, the sub-committee will elect the person who will chair the meeting.
2. After dealing with any other matters, such as asking for any declarations of interest, they will turn to the application which is first on the agenda.
3. They will address everyone to set out how the meeting will run, and they may ask who is in attendance before starting the application.

At this stage they will just be seeking to confirm who the interested parties are, this will not be the time to state your opinion on the application, other than to confirm, if asked, whether you are attending to support or oppose it.

They may also decide, depending on how many are in attendance, to impose a time limit on speaking which should be fair to all parties.

4. The Chairman will invite the Licensing Officer to introduce their report.
5. The Chairman will then invite the applicant to speak first to summarise their application and make their case as to why the application should be granted. The sub-committee may ask questions. They may allow other parties to ask questions of the applicant.
6. The sub-committee will then move on to hear from the other parties present, each in turn, and may ask questions. Only those who have submitted a valid representation are permitted to speak. (They can elect a representative to speak for them, but that person would be limited to speaking to the original comments and cannot introduce

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anything which would be their own views/evidence). They may allow the applicant to ask question of any of the parties.

7. The sub-committee will then usually retire into another room to make their decision and may give an indication of how long that may be. Upon their return they will usually announce the decision to those present, though they have the right to not announce there and then but to issue within 5 days.

Licensing Objectives

The final decision of the sub-committee must be based on the four licensing objectives of:

- the Prevention of Crime and Disorder
- the Promotion of Public Safety
- the Prevention of Public Nuisance
- the Protection of Children from Harm

Speaking at the Hearing

People who have made a representation on a licensing application are asked only to address the issues they raised during the consultation period. They may not raise new concerns and the sub-committee would not be entitled to consider them.

The sub-committee will consider the concerns raised and how they relate to the four Licensing Objectives. If another person has raised the same concern as you then there is no need for you to repeat them, although you may briefly choose to say that you agree with them.

If a few of you would like to express similar concerns about an application then you may decide it is best to select one spokesperson who can speak for you all as a group.

Asking Questions

During the Hearing the sub-committee may check whether you would like to ask questions to the applicant or another speaker. This can be a helpful opportunity to clarify concerns that you have.

We encourage the Hearing to be constructive and more of a discussion than a court room. Questions must not be used as a chance just to repeat your comments or to criticise.

New Documents

New documents cannot be made available at the Hearing unless this has been agreed by both the sub-committee and the other side.

Disruption

The sub-committee ask that all those present at the Hearing are respectful of the other people when they speak.

Although all sides may have strong opinions about an application this does not excuse any rude or disruptive behaviour. You should not make audible remarks when others are speaking, or disrupt the meeting by any form of heckling or angry behaviour. If such

behaviour is observed, the chairman may ask that person to leave and, if necessary, may stop the hearing.

Anyone removed from the Hearing may be invited only to submit their comments in writing.

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REVIEW OF STATEMENT OF HACKNEY CARRIAGE & PRIVATE HIRE POLICY

Licensing Committee – Wednesday 20 September 2023

Report of : Chief Officer Planning & Regulatory Services

Status : For Decision

Key Decision : No

Portfolio Holder : Cllr. Margot McArthur

Contact Officer : Susan Lindsey Ext. 7491

Recommendation to Licensing Committee:

The draft policy as set out as Appendix A be approved for public consultation.

Reason for recommendation:

The Sevenoaks District Council Hackney Carriage & Private Hire Policy has been reviewed and re-drafted by Officers, and members of the Licensing Committee are asked to consider this revised policy, provide feedback and approve that the policy is published for a 6 week public consultation. The draft policy will then be reconsidered in light of the consultation feedback and brought back to a future meeting of the Licensing Committee for final consideration and approval.

Licensing Authorities should review their licensing policies every five years, but should also consider interim reviews should there be significant issues arising in their area.

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Introduction and Background

1. As a Licensing Authority we are entitled, but not required, to adopt a policy on taxi licensing. The policy is viewed as being an integral part of the decision-making process enabling consistency and transparency. It is there to guide the licensing authority, but each case must still be considered on its own merits.
2. The Council's existing taxi licensing policy needs to be updated and, therefore, a review has taken place and a new policy has been drafted.
3. The proposed policy has been drafted taking into account issues raised since the last review, however it must be stressed that this is in draft form currently and a full public consultation should be undertaken. It is essential that the trade and other interested parties have the opportunity to fully consider and contribute to the new policy.
4. It is recommended that the draft policy is published for a full consultation for 6 weeks enabling time for the trade, general public, and other interested parties to fully consider the proposals and respond if needed. Officers will ensure that all existing Operators, Drivers and Vehicle Proprietors are aware of the consultation and have the opportunity to respond.
5. Following the consultation, Officers will review all feedback received and return to Committee with an amended draft policy as appropriate, for the Committee to consider and approve.

Sevenoaks District Council Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Policy

6. Listed below are the main areas of change within the new draft policy. Inconsequential minor amendments have not been listed but are still shown in red within the draft policy document.

(3) Hackney Carriage and/or Private Hire Driver Licence – new and renewal applications

7. The Council have introduced Safeguarding Training for all new and existing drivers. This training covers 3 modules: disability awareness, county line gangs, child exploitation. All new drivers must pass all three modules prior to being licensed, all existing drivers are being invited to undertake this training at the time of licence renewal.
8. New HMRC rules for taxi and private hire drivers and operators came into force in April 2022. The new rules mean if you're an individual, company or any type of partnership, you must complete a HMRC tax check if you're (a) renewing a licence, (b) applying for the same type of licence you previously held, that stopped being valid less than a year ago, and (c) applying for the same type of

licence you already hold with another licensing authority. The local authority cannot issue a licence without this tax check.

9. An online check to prove evidence of right to work in the UK has been introduced. This is done through a share code.

(3.5) Criminal record

10. On 27 April 2022 Statutory Guidance was updated to support compliance with the Taxis and Private Hire Vehicles (Safeguarding and Road Safety) Act 2022. This requires licensing authorities to input into a central database (NR3) instances where the authority has refused, suspended, chosen not to renew or revoked a taxi or private hire driver licence. Officers have already been making these checks on all new and renewal applications, but this updated guidance now includes driver suspensions, as well as refusals and revocations. The Policy has, therefore, been changed throughout to reflect the additional 'suspension' requirement (including at Appendix 10 : Policy in respect of requests for information, disclosure of information, and use of information as a result of an entry on NR3).

(3.6) Renewal of licences

11. Where a driver or vehicle proprietor has submitted all associated documentation in relation to an application and this documentation has been assessed and validated, but has not yet been processed and the licence has reached its expiry; written confirmation will be provided to allow that driver to continue work whilst the administrative process is carried out. This matter was raised in the case *Cartledge v Gelding Borough Council*.

(4.1) Environmental considerations

12. Officers have been working with Kent Council and other Kent Authorities with a view to encouraging the uptake of hybrid, electric and LPG vehicles within the trade.
13. In April 2023 a trade survey was carried out Kent-wide : the results of which are attached at **Appendix C**.
14. In support of the Council's commitment in working towards achieving net zero carbon emissions it is proposed to introduce specific wording within policy that all new licensed vehicles (other than stretched limousines and Wheelchair Accessible Vehicles) will have to meet or exceed the Euro 5 and Euro 6 emission standards.
15. As an incentive for the trade to look at purchasing low emission vehicles it is also proposed that hybrid, electric and LPG vehicles can be licensed for up to 15

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years (rather than the current limit of 10 years).

16. Section 4.1 of the policy has been re-worded to update the Council's position in relation to environmental considerations and it is proposed that the Council will keep this matter under review.

(4.5) Accessibility

17. This section of the policy has been updated in relation to the responsibilities placed upon drivers under the Equalities Act 2010, and the maintenance by the Authority of a list of wheelchair-accessible vehicles in accordance with section 167 of that Act.

Appendix 1 - Statement of policy about relevant convictions

18. Statutory Taxi & Private Hire Vehicle Standards issued by the Department for Transport in July 2020 changed the wording of the 'fit and proper' question which should be posed when considering whether an applicant or licensee is 'fit and proper'. The policy has been updated to reflect this new wording.

Appendix 5 and Appendix 5B - Specifications relating to Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Vehicles

19. It is proposed to remove the 6 year maximum age of a vehicle when first presented for licensing.
20. It is a requirement that all new vehicles pass the Council's MOT compliance test to ensure they meet the required level of safety for public use. Once licensed, 6 monthly MOT compliance checks are undertaken to ensure vehicles remain safe. Vehicles can remain licensed until they are 10 years old (or 15 years in the case of wheelchair accessible vehicles and the proposed hybrid, electric and LPG vehicles).
21. It is considered that a vehicle with (for instance) low mileage, but over 6 years old can still meet the standards required for it to be considered safe to transport members of the public.
22. The removal of the maximum age of 6 years when first licensed will benefit the trade with a greater choice of vehicles, will assist financially and encourage the start-up of new local business.

Mandating the use of card payment machines or cashless payment facilities in Hackney Carriage Vehicles

23. Historically, cash payments were the preferred payment method for customers; however, in recent years this has shifted, and it is now common for people not

to carry cash, relying solely on card payments, or preferring to use Apple Pay or Google Wallet via their smartphone.

24. A number of complaints from members of the public have been received in relation to the lack of hackney carriage vehicles offering card payment facilities or alternative cashless options.
25. No complaints have been received in relation to private hire vehicles, and it is considered that this is due to the fact that these journeys are pre-booked and payment options (including app based systems) are agreed prior to the journey taking place.
26. It is proposed to mandate the provision of card payment machines in all Hackney Carriage Vehicles by way of adding the following conditions to each licence:
 - a. The proprietor shall ensure that passengers are able to make payment by debit card or credit card via a contactless card payment facility.
 - b. The proprietor shall ensure that all drivers of the vehicle are trained on how to use the card payment system and are aware that passengers must be able to make payment in this manner.
 - c. Where a fault in the card payment system is identified, the proprietor must notify the Council's Licensing Team and arrange repair/replacement within 48 hours.
27. Failure to arrange repair or replacement within 48 hours will incur 2 penalty points each day after the initial 48 hours.
28. It should be noted that the provision of card payment machines are in addition to existing cash payment options, and not a replacement for taking cash.
29. It is considered that the implementation of card payment machines will have numerous benefits to both the trade and the travelling public
 - a. Public safety : leaving a customer without a ride purely because they don't have cash can leave them vulnerable, especially at night.
 - b. Driver safety : less cash in the vehicle
 - c. Drivers will not lose custom (it is understood HC drivers are refusing fares when customers do not have cash)
 - d. Hackney Carriage Drivers can only refuse a fare if they have a 'reasonable excuse' : this usually means that a customer is displaying signs of aggression or intoxication. It is considered that to refuse a fare from a customer who does not have cash, is not a reasonable excuse.
30. Two main areas of concern that have been raised following communication with the trade on this subject are:

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- a. The cost to the driver
 - b. Problems if no online coverage is available at the time of taking payment
31. Card payment machines can be purchased for a single up-front cost (around £30-£40), there are no subscription costs but a small transaction fee will be charged (around 1.7% - which, on a £15 fare equates to under 26p). It is considered the cost of this transaction fee is far less than the loss of income from a refused journey.
32. Card payment machines which allow payment to be taken 'off-line' are available. These machines store payment data for up to 72 hours until such time as signal is available, when they process the payment.

Key Implications

Financial

None directly arising from this report

Legal Implications and Risk Assessment Statement

The legal implications are as set out in this report.

Equality Assessment

Members are reminded of the requirement, under the Public Sector Equality Duty (section 149 of the Equality Act 2010) to have due regard to (i) eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Equality Act 2010, (ii) advance equality of opportunity between people from different groups, and (iii) foster good relations between people from different groups. The decisions recommended through this paper directly impact on end users. The impact has been analysed and varies between groups of people dependent upon their personal needs. The results of this analysis are set out immediately below.

Sevenoaks Council is committed to social inclusion and ensuring a wide variety of vehicle types are available for disabled residents to avoid discrimination in terms of travel arrangements.

The Sevenoaks Statement of Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Policy has been updated in relation to the responsibilities placed upon drivers under the Equalities Act 2010, and the maintenance by the Authority of a list of wheelchair-accessible vehicles in accordance with section 167 of that Act.

Implementation of Disability Awareness training is being rolled out to all existing drivers and all new applicants must pass this training prior to a licence being issued.

Sevenoaks District Council is committed to taking appropriate action against any licensed driver failing to carry out their duties imposed upon them under the Equality Act 2010.

Net Zero Implications

Members are reminded of the Council's stated ambition to be Net Zero with regards to carbon emissions by 2030. The decisions recommended in this paper directly impact on this ambition. The impact has been reviewed and there will be a decrease on carbon emissions produced in the district as a result of this decision.

Any decision to extend the licence life of a hybrid, electric or LPG licensed vehicle to 15 years, rather than the current 10 years, may encourage proprietors to look at the purchase of low/zero emission vehicles having a positive impact on air quality in the district.

Appendices

Appendix A – Proposed Statement of Hackney Carriage & Private Hire Policy

Appendix B – Current Statement of Hackney Carriage & Private Hire Policy

Appendix C – Kent Taxi & Private Hire Survey

Background Papers

[Cartledge v Gelding Borough Council](#)

[Equality Act 2010 taxi and private hire provisions](#)

[Statutory Taxi and Private Hire Vehicle Standards](#)

Richard Morris
Chief Officer Planning & Regulatory Services

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Hackney carriage and private hire licensing policy

1 April 2024 to 31 March 2029

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Effective from 1 April 2024

The role of licensing: Policy justification

The aim of local authority licensing of Hackney Carriage and Private Hire trade is to protect the public by ensuring that all drivers, vehicles and operators are licensed in accordance with the Statutory Provisions and the Council's Policy. The Council is aware that the public should have reasonable access to Hackney Carriage (HC) and Private Hire Vehicle (PHV) services which are integral to local transport provisions.

Licensing requirements which are unduly stringent may prevent the supply of HC and PHV services, by increasing the cost of operation or restricting entry to the trade. Sevenoaks District Council recognises that an unduly restrictive approach may be detrimental to the public interest and could have adverse safety implications.

For example, it is important that a member of the public using a HC or PHV to travel alone late at night, can be confident the driver is "fit and proper" and the vehicle is safe. However, on the other hand if the supply of HC or PHVs has been unduly constrained by onerous licensing conditions, then that person's safety might be put at risk by having to wait on streets late at night for a HC or PHV to become available.

1 Introduction

The Licensing Authority at Sevenoaks District Council (“the Council”) is responsible for processing all applications for hackney carriage and private hire licences including drivers, vehicles and private hire operators. The team also deals with complaints and compliance in relation to hackney carriage and private hire matters.

The licensing of hackney carriage and private hire drivers, vehicles and operators aims to secure the following objectives:

- All licensed drivers and operators are “fit and proper” persons in accordance with the statutory legislation;
- All vehicles licensed by the Council are safe, comfortable, properly insured and available where and when required;
- To encourage the use of environmentally friendly vehicles; and
- To encourage the use of vehicles that are accessible to persons who have disabilities.

The Council will ensure that these aims are met by setting minimum requirements for the licensing of drivers, vehicles and operators. These requirements include:

- Up to three yearly licensing of drivers including medical checks, six monthly criminal record clearance, an appropriate level of driving ability and a sound knowledge of the area.
- DVLA checks of all drivers’ licences at first application and at renewal.
- Five yearly licensing of private hire operators, subject to the power to grant a licence for a shorter period of time should this be appropriate in the circumstances, with basic criminal checks.
- Routine inspections of records maintained by private hire operators.
- Annual licensing of vehicles will include inspections by authorised officers which will incorporate mechanical vehicle testing and confirmation of appropriate documentation such as insurance certificate;
- Investigation of complaints and enforcement of legislation and licence conditions with appropriate action taken in accordance with the Council’s Enforcement Policy statement.
- Ongoing training and development of the Council’s Licensing staff.
- Provision of information to the hackney carriage and private hire trades with members of the public through press releases and publications, the Council’s website and attendance at relevant forums.

2 Review of policy and procedures

2.1 Legislation

In undertaking its licensing function, the Council will have particular regard for:

- Town Police Clauses Act 1847 and 1889
- Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976
- Transport Act 1985 and 2000
- Crime and Disorder Act 1998
- Environmental Protection Act 1990
- Equalities Act 2010
- Road Traffic Acts
- Health Act 2006
- Human Rights Act 1998
- Regulators Code

2.2 Taxi and Private Hire Licensing: best practice guidance March 2010 & Statutory Taxi & Private Hire Vehicle Standards 2020

The Department for Transport (DfT) has national responsibility for hackney carriage and private hire legislation in England and Wales. Following widespread consultation, the DfT has produced Best Practice Guidance (superseded by the Statutory Taxi & Private Hire Vehicle Standards) for licensing authorities which sets out standards which can be considered good practice in this area of licensing, although it also recognises that individual licensing authorities should produce their own policies in relation to specific licensing matters. Both these Guidance documents have been taken into consideration in preparing this policy. Regard has also been given to the Licensing Partnership and this has been seen as an opportunity to have some consistency across the three authorities. The Licensing Partnership includes Maidstone Borough Council, Sevenoaks District Council and Tunbridge Wells Borough Council. This policy relates to Sevenoaks District Council.

2.3 Consultation

The Council is keen to hear the views of persons who may be affected by this policy and has identified people and organisations that may be interested in commenting on this document. The Council has consulted widely and invited comments from any interested party in particular those listed below.

- Representatives of Sevenoaks licensed hackney & private hire drivers
- Representatives and trade groups of Sevenoaks taxi proprietors and private hire vehicle licence holders.

- Representatives of the District's Operators
- All District Councillors
- Town and Parish Councils
- Neighbouring Authorities
- Community Safety Unit
- Sevenoaks Access Group
- Local businesses and residents
- The National Private Hire & Taxi Association
- The National Taxi Association
- Members of the Public through the Council's website
- Public Health Kent
- Chamber of Commerce
- Kent Police
- Kent County Council Traffic & Road Safety
- Kent County Council (School Contracts)
- Citizens Advice Bureau
- Age Concern

Minor amendments to this Policy required, for example, by virtue of legislative change or administrative procedural change, may be made by the Head of Licensing following consultation with the chair of the Licensing Committee and the Cabinet Member with responsibility for Licensing. These will be reported back to the next full Licensing Committee.

2.4 Implementation

The Policy and associated documentation are available for inspection on the Council's website.

The Policy will remain in existence for a period of three years, during which time it shall be kept under review and revised as appropriate or after any significant legislative change.

Upon implementation of this Policy, the Authority expects licence-holders to comply with its terms immediately.

2.5 Online forms

The Licensing Partnership has introduced online forms to facilitate applications. The authority is committed to keeping the cost of providing the licensing service down and online forms assist with this aim.

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All **new** applications that are made online will require an applicant to meet with an officer to complete the application process. At this meeting **all original documents are required to be presented.**

The Council will accept scanned accompanying documents or photographic images with online **renewal** applications. However, if the submitted images do not match with the electronic images already held by the Licensing Partnership, we reserve the right to require the original documentation to be presented to the Licensing Authority.

3. Hackney Carriage and/or Private Hire Driver Licence – new and renewal applications

Sections 51 and 59 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 require that a district council shall not grant a driver's licence to drive a private hire vehicle or hackney carriage unless they are satisfied that an applicant is a fit and proper person.

In order for the Council to establish whether an applicant is fit and proper the applicant must provide evidence of:

- Honesty and trustworthiness
- Driving standard
- Medical fitness
- Criminal history
- Relevant knowledge of the district
- Understanding of English (spoken, written and reading)

All applicants must read the Council's Policy regarding convictions and cautions located at **Appendix 1** before considering whether to apply for a Hackney Carriage/ Private Hire Vehicle driver's licence.

Application forms must be completed in full. Any incomplete forms will be returned to the applicant as invalid. An email address provided by an applicant or licensed driver is deemed to be valid for all email correspondence sent by officers, and can only be updated by written notification of a change of email address.

Applications will only be accepted as valid if they include and/or are accompanied by the following:

- Application form provided by the Council, complete in its entirety and signed by the applicant.
- The appropriate fee. The current fees are available from the licensing department or our website.
- The applicant's original DVLA driving licence. Applicants must have held a full DVLA or EU licence for at least 1 year for a new application.
- A completed medical certificate
- Driving Standards Assessment practical taxi test and wheelchair test for all new hackney carriage/ private hire drivers, delivered by an external company; details available on our website
- Evidence of passing the Council's knowledge test (new applicants only);
- Evidence of passing the Council's Safeguarding test (for both new applicants and existing drivers)

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- One recent, colour, passport sized photograph of the applicant (no sunglasses or hats. Hats may only be worn for religious beliefs while showing full facial features.)
- Applicants must obtain and submit to the Council the 8 digit driving licence 'Check Code' from the DVLA. The 'Check Code' is only valid for 21 days from the date of issue.
- Application for a Disclosure and Barring Service Enhanced Check completed by the applicant with accompanying identification or a current valid disclosure certificate completed within 1 month and obtained via an approved body which will allow an update service check to be performed. This must include a check for 'adults and child workforce'. Applicants who are not signed up to the DBS update service will be expected to do so.
- **Any applicant who has previously held a Hackney Carriage or Private Hire driver licence with any Authority that stopped being valid less than a year ago, or is still valid, will be required to provide an HMRC check code (this applies to both new and renewal applications)**
- For all applicants who have lived in the United Kingdom for less than 5 years continuously, a certificate of good conduct from the appropriate embassy is required (new applications only).
- For those applicants not holding an EU passport, evidence will need to be provided of the applicant's right to work in the United Kingdom, which will include a relevant VISA or letter from the appropriate Embassy/Authority **or the provision of a right to work share code (which can be obtained through the .GOV webpage**. The Licensing Authority may also contact the Home Office to carry out immigration checks when it is appropriate to do so.
- All applicants must provide **original** documentary evidence confirming their right to live and work in the UK. Any licence granted to drivers whose leave to remain in the UK is time limited will only be valid for the period which they are entitled to work in the UK. In order for the licence to be extended, drivers must produce further evidence to prove they have the right to work in the UK.
- Two items confirming the applicant's address.
- Documentary proof of the applicants National Insurance number.

3.1 Fees

All applications must be accompanied by the appropriate fee as prescribed from time to time by the Council. Licensing fees are reviewed on an annual basis and approved by the Council.

No refunds are payable where applications are not pursued or completed or where applications are refused e.g. as a result of relevant criminal records, where relevant information has been withheld or where applicants fail to meet application requirements. The Licensing Officers can advise individual applicants who have queries in relation to this issue and any such information is strictly confidential.

Any outstanding application older than 12 months will be destroyed. Should the applicant wish to pursue the application after 12 months a new application will need to

be submitted with a fee together with a new Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) and medical certificate.

3.2 Driving standards

It is a statutory requirement that a licence will not be issued to any person, who at the time of the application has not held a full driving licence for a continuous period of one year immediately prior to the date of receipt of a valid application to the Council.

Driving licences issued by EU/EEA States and Countries detailed in the Driving Licences (Exchangeable Licences) Orders are also permitted to count towards the 1 year period qualification requirement for the grant of a private hire and/or hackney carriage licence.

In order to establish that an applicant has reached an acceptable driving standard, new applicants will also be required to have successfully undertaken the driving standards practical taxi test delivered by one of the Council's nominated providers.

Existing drivers may also be required to undertake this test where serious concerns are raised about the standards of their driving.

All new applications for a driver's licence will be required to successfully complete a practical taxi test and wheelchair test without exception.

Drivers of a wheelchair accessible vehicle (WAV's) must have undertaken the enhanced practical taxi test which includes the wheelchair exercise. If a driver changes his vehicle to a wheelchair accessible one then they must undertake the element that includes the wheelchair exercise.

A first time driver applicant must demonstrate by means of an online test, an acceptable knowledge of the Council's district. The Council may also require the applicant to demonstrate their knowledge of any byelaws, rules and conditions that apply to certain licence types.

3.3 Age

All applicants for HC/PHV driver licences will be assessed on their individual merits. Sevenoaks District Council does not consider it necessary to set a maximum age limit for drivers provided that regular medical checks are made (see 3.4), nor does it consider a minimum age limit, beyond the statutory limitations, to be appropriate.

3.4 Medical fitness

There is a general recognition that it is appropriate for HC/PHV drivers to have more stringent medical standards than those applicable to normal car drivers because:

- they carry members of the public who have expectations of a safe journey;

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- they are on the road for longer hours than most drivers; and
- they may have to assist disabled passengers and handle luggage.

Sevenoaks District Council supports the widely held view that Group 2 medical standards should also be applied by local authorities to HC/PHV drivers.

All applicants will be required to obtain a Group 2 medical standards certificate signed by their own GP, or another practitioner (registered with the General Medical Council) who have accessed at least 2 years medical records.

Once licensed, a new medical will be required to be undertaken at renewal (every 3 years) or annually once the driver reaches the age of 65 years.

The Group 2 medical standards now include the licensing of drivers with insulin treated diabetes. It is the policy of Sevenoaks District Council to apply the standards to taxi and PHV drivers with insulin treated diabetes. The criteria is summarised in Appendix 3.

Should concerns arise regarding the health of a licensed driver, the Council at any time may request further information or a further medical examination to be carried out and submitted. The Council reserves the right to revoke or suspend a licence if requested information is not submitted within 4 weeks of the request and a satisfactory explanation is not given for the failure to provide such information, or where the information provided raises further concerns as to the applicant's fitness to carry out their duties as a licensed driver.

3.5 Criminal record

Prior to consideration of any application, the Council will obtain from the applicant a Disclosure & Barring Service Enhanced Certificate in respect of the applicant (and access to their online DBS update service account if they have one), to be assessed in accordance with the Council's statement of policy about relevant convictions. This must include a check for working with adults and children.

It is recognised that many vehicles are used for the carriage of children and vulnerable persons and the Enhanced Disclosure is most appropriate.

It will be a mandatory requirement for all drivers to sign up to the online Disclosure & Barring Service update service and to give Sevenoaks District Council authority to access records at any time. The licence holder will be responsible for paying the relevant fee. Six monthly DBS checks will be carried out throughout the duration of a licence or more frequently should this be necessary. Should the Authority not be able to access online records, a driver will still be required to undertake an Enhanced Check, at an additional cost to the driver. If no check is undertaken within 2 months of the 6 month requirement, the licence will be suspended.

Prior to consideration of any new application, overseas applicants who have lived in the United Kingdom for a continuous period of less than five years are required to provide a certificate of good conduct from their previous country or countries of residence (within the previous five years) in addition to an Enhanced Certificate from the Disclosure & Barring Service which includes whether an applicant is barred from working with children or adults.

A licence will generally not be granted to any applicant who does not comply with the minimum requirements as set out in the Council's Statement of Policy about Relevant Convictions (see [Appendix 1](#)). Where several minor offences have been committed the Council will take into consideration any pattern of offending. The Council can also take into consideration spent convictions and cautions when determining an application for a driver's licence.

A licence may be suspended or revoked pending the outcome of any investigation or trial where an existing driver is found to be awaiting trial or has been charged with a serious crime relating to:

- Driving or being in charge of a vehicle whilst under the influence of drink or drugs
- A drug related offence
- Indecent exposure, indecent assault or any of the more serious sexual offences or,
- Grievous bodily harm, wounding or assault or,
- Dishonesty

A licence may also be suspended or revoked where information received raises grave doubts as to the fitness of a driver, regardless of whether criminal charges are brought.

Any application from a new applicant charged with a serious offence as outlined above will not be determined until the outcome of that matter has been determined.

Where an existing driver commits an offence and/or breaches the licence conditions/byelaws, the nature and number of incidents will be taken into consideration when considering if the driver continues to be considered "fit and proper".

Complaints in relation to existing drivers will generally be held on file and taken into consideration for a period of three years from receipt. Although where a further warning is issued during this period, the original warning will be kept on file from the date of the most recent warning. Where a licence is revoked for persistent breach of licence conditions a period of 3 to 5 years should generally elapse before a further application is favourably considered.

A licence holder or applicant shall immediately notify the Council of any charges/convictions/cautions (including motoring offences) imposed during the term of their current licence or application.

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The licensing authority provides information to the National Register of Taxi Licence **Refusals, Revocations, and Suspensions** (NR3), a mechanism for licensing authorities to share details of individuals who have had a Hackney Carriage or Private Hire drivers licence revoked, **suspended** or an application for one refused.

Following a decision to **refuse, revoke or suspend** a licence by Sevenoaks District Council as the individual is thought to present a risk of harm to a child or vulnerable adult, the authority shall consider a referral to the DBS under the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006.

3.6 Renewal of licences

It is the driver's responsibility to ensure that their licence is renewed prior to the expiry of their current licence.

A licence may be renewed up to 6 weeks prior to the expiry date.

Any licence that is not renewed within 1 month following expiry will not be renewed and a new application in full will be required. A Driving Standards pass certificate will also need to be provided. Any licence that is renewed within the 1 month grace period may be subject to a late fee.

Where a licence holder will not be available at the time of renewal, for example due to an extended holiday, then they may apply in writing to the Licensing Office, prior to the expiry date, explaining their circumstances and request a waiver. If granted, this waiver will allow the licence holder to renew their licence after the expiry date or depending on the circumstances the licence can be renewed early. The date of renewal of the licence will start from the day after the expiry of the previous licence.

In any case, following expiry of a licence, the driver will not be considered licensed and will not be permitted to drive a licensed vehicle until such time as the licence **application and all associated documentation has been received and assessed, and confirmation of this sent in written format to the applicant.**

The Council will endeavour to issue reminder letters at least six weeks prior to the expiry of a licence although there is no statutory duty for the Council to do so and the responsibility ultimately lies with the licensee to ensure that complete applications for renewal are submitted on time. Applicants are encouraged to submit their applications as soon as possible.

At each renewal a current driving licence must be in force, a renewal application must include a completed application form, fee, DBS enhanced check (if not part of the DBS update service), Medical and a generated DVLA check code will be required (and provided on the application form). **It is also a requirement that existing drivers submit an HMRC tax check code to the Authority as evidence they have registered for tax**

purposes with HMRC. A renewal application cannot be processed without this information.

Applicants are encouraged to make their renewal application online.

3.7 Change of type of licence

Licensees wishing to change from holding a private hire licence to a hackney carriage licence will be required to undertake a knowledge test and the wheelchair element of the Driving Standards Assessment (or equivalent) before the licence is issued. The required fee will need to be paid with the application and no refund will be payable in respect of an existing licence.

3.8 Surrender/suspension/revocation of licence or failure to complete application

In the event of the surrender of a driver's licence before its expiry or failure to complete the application process, there shall be no refund of the licence fee.

In the event of a driver's licence being suspended or revoked there shall be no refund of the licence fee.

3.9 Driver's dress code

Sevenoaks District Council is committed to encouraging the professional image of the hackney carriage and private hire trade, and considers that drivers of licensed vehicles are vocational drivers. Therefore, the Council considers that drivers should conform to a minimum standard of dress, as set out in Appendix 4, in order to raise and maintain the profile of the licensed trade. The Authority does not impose such standards by way of conditions to any licence. However, it is expected that such standards will be maintained at all times.

3.10 Right of appeal

Where refusal, suspension or revocation of an application/licence has been advised by an Officer, the applicant/driver will be entitled to request the matter be referred to the Licensing Committee to discuss the concerns, unless the driver has lost his DVLA driving licence in which case revocation will be automatic. During this meeting the applicant/driver will be given every opportunity to state their case in relation to the issue(s) of concern. The Committee on hearing all the facts will decide whether to grant any licence or not.

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Any applicant who is aggrieved by the Council's refusal to grant/suspend/revoke a driver's licence may appeal to a Magistrates Court within 21 days of being notified in writing of the decision.

In line with s61(2B) of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976, as amended by s.52 of the Road Safety Act 2006, where it appears to the Council that it is in the interests of public safety for any revocation to have immediate effect there will be no right to drive as a private hire or hackney carriage driver pending an appeal. This power will only generally be invoked where there are allegations of serious violence offences, offences of a sexual nature or where there is considered to be a serious risk to passengers or members of the public in allowing the driver to continue as a hackney carriage/private hire driver.

3.11 Duration of drivers' licences

A Hackney Carriage or Private Hire Driver's Licence shall be valid for a standard term of three years (unless, for administrative reasons, a shorter period is appropriate).

4. Hackney Carriage / Private Hire Vehicle Licences

Section 47(2) of the Town Police Clauses Act 1847 permits a Borough/District Council to require that a hackney carriage licensed by them under the Act of 1847 to be of such design or appearance or bear such distinguishing marks as shall clearly identify it as a hackney carriage.

4.1 Environmental considerations

The Guidance suggests that licensing authorities may wish to consider how far their vehicle licensing policies can and should support any local environmental policies they have adopted, for example, by considering setting vehicle emissions standards, but bearing in mind the need to ensure that the benefits outweigh costs (in whatever form).

Sevenoaks District Council are committed to working towards achieving net zero carbon emissions by 2030, and have an ambition to assist the District to become net zero by working closely with local communities to improve the resilience of the District to a changing climate. In working towards achieving this, the council must consider the environmental impacts arising from its licensed taxis and PHVs, and seek to help reduce the resultant carbon footprints. This section, and the associated vehicle criteria, will therefore be kept under review.

In support of the council's efforts to reduce air pollution in Sevenoaks however, all vehicles presented for first time licensing from the start date of this policy, other than stretched limousines and Wheelchair Accessible Vehicles will have to meet or exceed the Euro 5 and Euro 6 emission standards.

Emissions from taxis and PHVs can however also be further reduced by encouraging better maintenance of vehicles, such as by way of frequent MOT tests and inspections, and switching off engines when stationary or idling, particularly at taxi ranks.

The Council will keep this matter under review and continue to monitor published research, its air quality monitoring results and recommendations, best practice and Government guidelines, etc. with a view to specifying more stringent vehicle emission and/or inspection standards and promoting cleaner fuels in respect of licensed vehicles as soon as practicable.

The Council would however strongly encourage all applicants and existing licence holders to licence vehicles that are of an electric, hybrid, or other low emission type. Each application will be considered on its merits.

4.2 Taximeters

The Authority requires every vehicle licensed as a Hackney Carriage to be fitted with a taximeter. The taximeter shall be of a type which is EU approved or specifically authorised by the Council.

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A Private Hire vehicle may be fitted with a taximeter. If a taximeter is fitted it shall be of a type which is EU approved or specifically authorised by the Council.

4.3 Roof signs

The Authority requires all Hackney Carriage vehicles to be fitted with working roof-mounted signs. If the illuminated roof lights have red in them, they must be fitted so that the red light is only visible from the rear. If the vehicle is available for hire the roof light must be illuminated.

The Authority requires that no Private Hire vehicle be fitted with a roof-mounted sign of any kind.

4.4 Numbers limit

At the moment there is no restriction on how many hackney carriage vehicles can be licensed, Sevenoaks District Council will seek to address this matter when the need arises and may carry out a demand survey to seek clarification whether there is unmet demand for Hackney carriage vehicles within the whole district.

Section 48 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 states that the Council shall grant a private hire vehicle licence provided the Council is satisfied that the vehicle is:

- Suitable in type, size and design for the use of a Private Hire Vehicle;
- Not of such a design and appearance as to lead any person to believe that the vehicle is a Hackney Carriage;
- In a suitable mechanical condition;
- Safe; and
- Comfortable;
- That there is in force in relation to the use of the vehicle a policy of insurance that complies with the Road Traffic Act 1988.

Once licensed, a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle remains a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle until the licence either expires, is suspended or revoked. A licensed vehicle can, subject to very limited exemptions, only ever be legally driven by a driver who holds the relevant hackney carriage or private hire drivers' licence and appropriate insurance.

Sevenoaks District Council will not permit dual plating, therefore once a vehicle is licensed by Sevenoaks District Council it cannot be licensed with any other authority or Transport for London.

4.5 Accessibility

Sevenoaks Council is committed to social inclusion and ensuring a wide variety of vehicle types are available for disabled residents to avoid discrimination in terms of travel arrangements.

Since 2016 all new hackney carriage vehicles requiring a new plate have had to be wheelchair accessible. Those non wheelchair accessible vehicles (licensed prior to this date) can be permanently replaced by another non wheelchair accessible vehicle in order to keep a mix of vehicle types available for hire.

Wheelchair accessible vehicles may be either rear or side loading.

It is arguable that different accessibility considerations should apply between hackney carriages and private hire vehicles in that hackney carriages can be hired in the street or at a rank, by the customer dealing directly with a driver. Private hire vehicles, however, can only be booked through an operator. It is considered particularly important that a person with a disability should be able to hire a hackney carriage with the minimum delay or inconvenience.

Drivers who for medical reasons are unable to accept wheelchair passengers or assistance dogs are able to apply to the Council for an exemption certificate. Such a certificate will only be issued on production of medical evidence from the driver's own registered General Practitioner (GP). In relation to exemption from the carriage of assistance dogs a certificate will be issued for the nominated vehicle. Exemption certificates, which show the photograph of the driver and must be displayed in the vehicle at all times the driver is working.

If drivers fail to carry out the duties imposed upon them under the Equality Act 2010 without the appropriate exemptions they will be subject to enforcement action by the Council.

This authority maintains a list of wheelchair-accessible vehicles in accordance with section 167 of the Equality Act 2010; therefore in accordance with s165 additional conditions are imposed on the driver of the said vehicles.

4.6 Applications

All applications submitted for the initial grant of a licence are advised to apply **at least 12 working days before** the licence is required to allow time for the vehicle to be tested and the licence to be processed.

Application forms must be completed in full, accompanied by all required documents and signed by the applicant and the operator where relevant. Any incomplete forms will be deemed invalid and returned immediately to the applicant.

Applications will only be acceptable as valid if they include and/or are accompanied by the following:

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Application form provided by the Council completed in its entirety and signed by the applicant and operator where relevant.

- Original vehicle registration document showing the applicant to be the registered keeper or other acceptable proof of ownership (the V5 New Keeper Supplement completed by the applicant or an official receipt from a registered company in the case of newly manufactured vehicles).
- When a renewal application is made online the authority will accept scanned documentation or a photograph of the documentation.
- Original documentation will only be required for new vehicles or if there is a discrepancy between the scanned copy held on file by the authority and the scanned/photograph submitted with an online renewal application.
- Certificate of insurance for the vehicle which covers the activity required (i.e. public or private hire) and which is valid on the date that the licence is due to come into force. With online applications we will accept emails from the insurance company sent to licensing@sevenoaks.gov.uk

4.7 Licence fee

All applications must be accompanied by the appropriate fee as prescribed by the Council; the current scale of fees is available from the Council or on our website.

Licensing fees are reviewed on an annual basis and adopted by the Council following advertisement by a notice in a local newspaper. The notice will also be displayed at the Council Offices to allow for any comments to be made.

In the event of the surrender of a vehicle licence before its expiry there is no refund made.

4.8 Insurance

All hackney carriage and private hire vehicles must be insured for public hire and reward, such insurance to provide cover for fully comprehensive.

Evidence of insurance cover will be required both upon first licensing and subsequent annual renewal.

4.9 Testing of vehicles

In addition to the MOT testing requirements, all licensed vehicles are required to be tested at the Council's nominated testing station for compliance with the Council's policy.

Where concerns arise during the period of the licence regarding the mechanical fitness of a licensed vehicle the Council may request a further test to be undertaken. However, the Licensing Authority cannot require a vehicle to have more than 3 tests per year.

Where an application for a vehicle renewal is made 28 days after the expiry of the licence the application will be considered as a new application and any age restrictions will apply.

Any vehicle failing its examination test will be required to undertake and pass a further examination test before it can be licensed or, in the case of an existing licensed vehicle, before it can continue to be used as a licensed vehicle. This further examination is known as a retest. The proprietor is responsible for the cost of the retest and it must be paid in full prior to further testing taking place.

The Council will suspend a vehicle licence if the vehicle is not presented for its interim test (6 month) by the due date.

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4.10 Re-allocation of Expired Hackney Carriage Vehicle Plates

If, when a hackney carriage licence expires, the vehicle is not re-licensed within twenty-eight days and the owner does not take steps to inform the Council of their intentions, then the plate will be re-allocated. A letter will be sent to the owner of the vehicle advising them that the licence has expired.

4.11 Type of vehicle

In order to assess vehicle suitability, the Council will take into account passenger safety, comfort and the design of the vehicle.

In order to be considered suitable to be licensed as a Hackney Carriage the vehicle must comply with the basic specification set out in Appendix 5A and 5B and pass the Council's vehicle inspection test.

Any vehicle complying with the basic specification set out in Appendix 5 and 5B will be considered suitable to be licensed as a Private Hire Vehicle subject to it complying with the conditions listed in Appendix 5C and passing the Council's vehicle inspection test.

4.12 Vehicles powered by Liquid Petroleum Gas (LPG)

An applicant for a licence involving a vehicle which has been converted to run on LPG is required to produce, prior to a licence being issued, a certificate issued by a member of the LPG Association confirming that the LPG installation conforms with the Association's Code of Practice and is, therefore, considered safe.

If an LPG conversion involves installation of an LPG fuel tank in a vehicle's boot space (and possible relocation of the spare wheel) it shall be a requirement that an amount of space shall remain free for the stowage of a reasonable amount of luggage, and any spare wheel displaced as a result must be stowed in a location that does not impinge on the passenger carrying area of a vehicle. Where relocation of the spare wheel is not possible an acceptable alternative, as supplied by the conversion company, will be permitted.

In exceptional circumstances the Council's basic requirements for vehicles may be waived to facilitate the licensing of Novelty Vehicles although confirmation should be sought from the Licensing Office prior to any application being made. All applications for Novelty Vehicles will be considered on their own merits.

In addition to meeting the relevant vehicle specifications all Private Hire Vehicles, including Novelty Vehicles, will have to comply with the private hire vehicle conditions (Appendix 5C). In the case of novelty vehicles further specific conditions may be applied to the licence.

4.13 Seating capacity

No vehicle capable of carrying more than 8 passengers can be licensed by the Council.

In order to facilitate the licensing of a wide variety of vehicle types and to encourage more environmentally friendly vehicles the Council has not set a limit on the minimum number of seats but instead requires a minimum space standard per passenger as detailed in the basic specifications for vehicles.

It is the proprietor's and operator's responsibility to ensure that they establish the number of passengers at the time of booking. This is particularly important for those proprietors and operators who choose to utilise smaller vehicles.

4.14 Seating dimensions

Passenger seats must be at least 400mm wide for each passenger measured along the front of each seat. This criteria also applies where there are folding arms. The front seat of the vehicle next to the driver will be regarded as a seat for one passenger only.

Suitable means must be provided to assist persons to rise from the rear seat with particular attention to the needs of the elderly and disabled.

4.15 Tinted windows

All windows must meet the requirements as prescribed by the Road Vehicles (Construction and Use) Regulations.

5. Private Hire Operators Licence

The objective of licensing Private Hire Vehicle Operators is, again, the safety of the public, who will be using operator premises, vehicles and drivers arranged through them. The Council will grant a private hire operator licence provided the Council is satisfied that the applicant is a fit and proper person to hold such a licence.

In order for an operator to prove that they are fit and proper they must provide evidence that they:

- Are of good repute;
- Have adequate arrangements for monitoring drivers, vehicles and the keeping of records;
- Are capable of ensuring that both themselves and their staff/drivers obey all the rules.
- Have sight of Basic DBS checks on all individuals listed on a register of booking and dispatch staff
- Have a policy in place on employing ex-offenders listed on the register of booking and dispatch staff

All applicants for initial grant of a licence should allow at least four weeks before the licence is required to enable the local authority to undertake the necessary vetting procedures as detailed in this document.

Planning consent may be required and all applicants must ensure that they obtain all the correct and necessary permissions before trading.

Any application for the renewal of a licence which is not made before the expiry of the previous licence will be treated as an application for a new licence.

Applications will only be acceptable if they include the following:

- Application form completed in its entirety and signed by the applicant along with all the information prescribed.
- Application for a Disclosure and Barring Service Basic Check, which can be obtained from DBS or Disclosure Scotland, completed by the applicant with accompanying identification or a current valid disclosure certificate completed within 1 month and obtained via an approved body which will allow an update service check to be performed. **For applications submitted by a company or partnership, each director or partner in that company should submit a basic DBS Certificate, and any changes to directors or partners advised to the Licensing Authority for appropriate further checks to be made.**
- The appropriate fee. The current fees are available online on our website.
- A policy on employing ex-offenders listed on the register of booking and dispatch staff

5.1 Criminal Records checks

Private Hire Vehicle operators are not exceptions to the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974. However, private hire operators that are not licensed drivers, cannot be required to produce an enhanced DBS disclosure. A Basic Disclosure from the DBS or Scottish Disclosure, or a certificate of good conduct from the relevant embassy for overseas applicants, is however, considered appropriate in promoting the objective of public safety.

Before an application for a private hire operator's licence will be considered, the applicant must provide a current (less than one months old) Basic DBS or Scottish Disclosure of Criminal Convictions (issued specifically for Sevenoaks District Council), or a Certificate of Good Conduct from the relevant embassy in the case of an overseas applicant. Applicants that hold a current Driver's Licence with the Council will be exempt from this requirement.

Prior to consideration of any new application, overseas applicants who have lived in the United Kingdom for a continuous period of less than five years are required to provide a certificate of good conduct from their previous country or countries of residence (within the previous five years) in addition to a Basic Disclosure Certificate. A certificate of good conduct authenticated by the relevant embassy will satisfy this requirement.

5.2 Record keeping

It is a requirement for operators to keep comprehensive records of each booking. All bookings will be kept for a period of 6 months.

It is also a requirement for operators to keep a register of all booking and dispatch staff and to keep records of sight of basic DBS checks for these staff.

5.3 Licence Duration

The Department of Transport considers that annual licence renewal is not necessary or appropriate for private hire operators. They recommend, as good practice, that a licence period of five years would be reasonable.

The Council will, therefore, issue a successful applicant for a Private Hire Operator's Licence with a five-year licence from the date of grant; subject to the power to grant a licence for a shorter period of time should this be appropriate in the circumstances.

5.4 Fees

On receipt of the appropriate fee, the permitted number of vehicles can be increased at any time during the period of the licence.

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5.5 Operation

A private hire operator must ensure that every private hire vehicle is driven by a person who holds a private hire driver's licence.

All three licences:

- private hire operator's licence,
- private hire driver's licence and
- private hire vehicle licence

must be issued by the same Licensing Authority.

5.6 Conditions

The Council has power to impose such conditions on a private hire operator's licence as it considers reasonable, necessary and proportionate.

The Council consider the conditions detailed in Appendix 7 to be reasonable, necessary and proportionate. All private hire operator's licences will be issued with these conditions attached.

5.7 Insurance

It is considered appropriate for a Licensing Authority to check that appropriate public liability insurance has been taken out for premises that are open to the public.

Before an application for a private hire operator's licence is granted, the applicant must produce evidence that they have taken out appropriate public liability insurance for the premises to be licensed.

The conditions applicable to Private Hire Operator's Licences, as detailed in Appendix 7 require that the operator produces an appropriate certificate of motor insurance which covers every private hire vehicle they operate as well as appropriate public liability insurance for their premises.

5.8 Address from which an Operator may operate

Upon the grant of an operator's licence, the Council will specify on the licence the address from which the operator may operate. This address will be the address stated on the application form. The operator must notify the Council in writing of any change of address during the period of the licence, whether this is a home address or the operating address, within seven days of such a change taking place.

The Council will not grant a licence to an operator whose premises are located outside the district of Sevenoaks. This is to ensure that proper regulation and

enforcement measures may be taken by the Council and is in no way intended to be a restraint of trade.

Operators based outside the district who have been granted a licence prior to the adoption of this amendment to policy (2018/19) will retain 'grandfather rights' providing the conditions of the licence are fully met.

5.9 Gaming machines

Operators that provide a waiting facility for members of the public and/or drivers should be aware that they cannot make gaming machines available for use. This action would be a criminal offence under the Gambling Act 2005.

6. Penalty Points Scheme

Any vehicle that is approached by an Authorised Officer of Sevenoaks District Council in order to carry out a vehicle inspection/driver check must remain until the inspection has been carried out. An exemption to this is if a fare arrives, which the driver is obliged to take or the driver informs the officer of a pre-booked fare prior to the inspection taking place.

Alternatively an Authorised Officer of Sevenoaks District Council may request that you attend the Council offices with the licensed vehicle in order to carry out an inspection.

Sevenoaks District Council has implemented a Penalty points system in order to regulate enforcement and any action required.

This scheme is used to enforce current legislation and any future bye laws in respect of Hackney Carriage Drivers and will be operated as follows:

- The Council's Taxi Licensing and Enforcement Policy will be fully considered by an authorised officer when determining the manner on which any breach of legislation or the requirements of this Policy are dealt with.
- Where it is decided that the use of the penalty points system is appropriate, the points are issued in accordance with the appendix. If the appendix allows a range of points for a particular incident, the authorised officer will determine the appropriate number of points proportionate to the offence.
- Penalty points will only be imposed where the licensee agrees the breach or offence has taken place. Where the licensee does not agree that the breach or offence has taken place, the matter will be referred in the first instance to the Licensing Manager for consideration regarding further action. The Licensee may be required to appear before the Licensing Committee.
- The imposition of penalty points against a driver who is an employee will not necessarily result in additional imposition of points to their employer or operator. However the Council retains the discretion to issue penalty points to drivers,

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driver/proprietors and operators for a single contravention if the circumstances warrant it i.e. the breach is one against all these licences and it is considered joint responsibility is held.

- Points issued to either a proprietor or driver will be confirmed in writing within ten working days from the discovery of the contravention.
- When issued, the penalty points will remain “live” for a period of one year from the date they are imposed so that only points accumulated in a rolling twelve month period will be taken into account.
- There is no financial penalty associated with the system and the licensee may continue to work. However, the licensee may be asked to attend either a meeting with the Licensing Manager or attend a hearing of the Licensing Committee if 12 penalty points are imposed on an individual licence in any one 12 month period, where appropriate action will be taken in accordance with this policy.
- Where a driver, proprietor or operator attains more than 12 penalty points, disciplinary options available to the Licensing Committee will include suspension or revocation of the driver’s licence, where appropriate.
- If it is felt that the matter does not warrant suspension or revocation of the licence, the period for which the points are to remain “live” may be extended or a written warning may be issued to the driver as to his future conduct.
- Periods of suspension of a licence will be dependent on the nature of the breaches of the legislation or the requirements of this Policy and the compliance history of the licence holder.
- A driver will always have the right to be represented at any meeting, either legally or otherwise, and to state any mitigating circumstances they deem necessary.
- Any driver or vehicle proprietor or operator subject to suspension or revocation has the right of appeal to the Magistrates Court against the suspension or revocation. All suspensions will therefore be subject to a 21-day appeals period prior to implementation to allow for the formal appeals process.
- The penalty points system will operate without prejudice to the Council’s ability to take other action under appropriate legislation or as provided for by this policy.
- The penalty points system outlined in Appendix 9 identifies a number of breaches of conditions, byelaws and/or statutory provisions. It then indicates the number of points to be invoked should the breach be proven.

7. Taxi ranks

7.1. Appointed Stands

Comments are welcomed from either the trade or the public on the need for additional bays in specific locations, the potential for re-locating or extending existing bays or indeed arguments for the removal of bays which no longer fulfil a useful purpose.

7.2 Waiting on stands

It is an offence for any person to cause or permit any vehicle other than a hackney carriage to wait on any rank or stand for hackney carriages. Drivers of hackney carriages may only wait on a rank or stand whilst plying for hire or waiting for a fare; drivers who park on a rank or stand and leave their vehicle unattended are committing an offence.

8. Plying for hire

For the avoidance of doubt, the Council does not have a byelaw requiring hackney carriages to return to a taxi rank between fares. Hackney carriages can, therefore, park and be available for hire in any position where an ordinary member of the public can lawfully park. Hackney carriages are, however, subject to road traffic regulations and should not park in any position that obstructs the highway, the highway being both the road and the footway.

9. Taxi/Private hire meetings

The Council wishes to encourage discussions between the trade and the Licensing Authority, in order to promote a successful working relationship taxi/private hire liaison meetings will take place.

10. Departure from the Policy

There may be instances whereby the Council may need to consider applications outside the policy. Where it is necessary to depart substantially from this policy, clear and compelling reasons for doing so will be given. Any such decision may be referred to the Licensing Committee.

11. Amendments to the Policy

All changes to the Policy are agreed by the Licensing Committee and then considered by Full Council.

Appendix 1 - Statement of policy about relevant convictions

When submitting an application for a licence to drive a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle you are required to declare any motoring offences and any non-motoring convictions or cautions you may have in addition to completing a Disclosure & Barring Service check. The information received will be treated in confidence.

The disclosure of a criminal record or other information will not debar you from gaining a licence unless the Authority considers that the conviction(s) renders you unsuitable. In making this decision the authority will consider the nature of the offence, how long ago and what age you were when it was committed, and any other factors which may be relevant. To facilitate a consistent approach the licensing authority has devised guidelines relating to the relevance of convictions and cautions. Any applicant refused a driver's licence on the ground that they are not a fit and proper person to hold such a licence has a right of appeal to Magistrates Court.

If you would like to discuss what effect a conviction might have on your application you may telephone the Licensing Department, in confidence, on 01732 227000 for advice.

General

Notwithstanding the existence of this Policy, each application will be determined on its own merits. Where it is necessary for the Council to depart substantially from this Policy, clear and compelling reasons will be given for doing so. The purpose of this appendix is to formulate guidelines, consistent with national guidance, which detail the Council's current stance on the relevance of convictions and cautions in respect of applications for the grant of new licences, and the renewal of existing licences, for hackney carriage and private vehicle, driver and operator licences.

If a court has found an applicant guilty of an offence, that person cannot subsequently claim to the Council that they did not commit the offence. If they seek to do so, their representation will not be considered as this is entirely a matter for the courts. The applicant can, however, offer any mitigating circumstances relating to the offence that they wish the Council to consider.

For the purpose of this Policy, the acceptance of a fixed penalty notice will be treated as a conviction depending on the individual merits and mitigating circumstances of each case.

"Fit and proper" person

The legislation clearly states that the Council may grant a licence only if it is satisfied that the applicant is a "fit and proper" person.

The onus is on the applicant to demonstrate that they meet this requirement, not on the Council to demonstrate that the applicant does not.

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In considering whether an applicant or licensee is 'fit and proper' (and in line with Statutory Guidance) the Council will pose itself the following question:

Without any prejudice, and based on the information before you, would you allow a person for whom you care, regardless of their condition, to travel alone in a vehicle driven by this person at any time of day or night?

If, on the balance of probabilities, the answer to the question is 'no', then the 'fit and proper' test will not be considered met, and a licence will not be issued, or in the case of an existing driver, the licence will be suspended or revoked. If the Committee or delegated officer is only 50/50 as to whether the applicant or licensee is 'fit and proper', they should not hold a licence.

In order to further assist in understanding the interpretation of this definition, the Council will be considering issues that assist them in determining whether or not applicants are safe drivers with a good driving record, are mentally and physically fit, are honest, and that they are persons who would not take advantage of their position to abuse, assault or defraud members of the public.

It should be borne in mind that drivers may carry vulnerable members of the public such as elderly persons, unaccompanied children, disabled persons, persons who are incapacitated from alcohol, lone women and foreign visitors. Some examples of areas of concern that the Council will consider include, but are not limited to:

Honesty and trustworthiness

Drivers often have knowledge that a customer is leaving a property empty; they have opportunities to defraud drunken, vulnerable or foreign person; or they have opportunities to abuse their position of trust. For example, all passengers would expect to be charged the correct fare of the journey and be given the correct change; they would expect any lost property to be handed in to the Licensing Authority; and they would expect confidentiality to be maintained between themselves and the driver.

Professionalism

Drivers are often subject to unpleasant, abusive or dishonest behaviour, albeit from a small minority of passengers. Although this is clearly unacceptable behaviour by passengers, it does not excuse in any way aggressive or abusive conduct by drivers. Confrontation should be avoided and all disputes should be resolved through the formal legal channels. Under no circumstances must drivers take the law into their own hands.

Good and safe driving ability

Passengers are paying for a service whereby they expect to reach their chosen destination promptly and safely. Drivers must be fully conversant with all road traffic legislation and this Policy and drive in a professional, lawful and safe manner at all times.

Protecting the Public

The overriding consideration for the Council in its determination of applications is the promotion of the licensing objectives detailed within this policy, in particular the protection of public safety.

History

The Council may take into account an applicant's history as a licence holder with this, or any other Council. In considering whether or not a person is "fit and proper the Council may consider such matters as the applicant's complaint history, their compliance with this Policy, their cooperation with Licensing Officer's requests and any other reasonable matters.

Driving offences

Hackney carriage and private hire drivers should provide a professional service to the public and must be aware of the safety of passengers and other road users at all times. Any traffic offence shows a lack of responsibility whilst driving either in terms of vehicle maintenance or the level of driving standards.

Convictions or cautions for traffic offences will not automatically preclude any applicant from obtaining a licence, however, the number, nature and frequency of such offences will be considered. In some circumstances it may be appropriate to issue a licence together with a written warning as to future driving standards detailing the likely effect of further offences. Where there is a significant history of driving offences, an application is likely to be refused.

In cases of six penalty points or less on an applicant's DVLA driving licence, an application will be granted.

A licence granted under these circumstances is likely to be issued together with a verbal warning as to future driving standards detailing the likely effect of further offences.

In cases of seven penalty points or more on an applicant's DVLA driving licence, an application may be referred to the Licensing Committee for decision.

Major traffic offences

For the purposes of this section, major traffic offences includes, but is not limited to, dangerous driving, driving whilst disqualified, failure to stop after an accident, driving with no/invalid insurance, careless driving, and driving a vehicle with mechanical defectives (such as brakes, steering, tyres, etc..).

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The driving offences of causing death by dangerous or careless driving, due to their nature, will be considered by the Council to be violent offences and should be considered in conjunction with the section of this appendix relating to violent offences.

If the applicant has been convicted of more than one major traffic offence then a licence application will normally be refused until the applicant has completed a period of at least five years free from conviction. Where the combination of offences are considered to be of increased risk to the public, a period longer than five years may be substituted by the Council dependent on the extent of the risk to the public.

“Totting Up” under section 35 of the Road Traffic Offenders Act 1988

Where an applicant has been disqualified from driving by the courts under the “totting up” procedure, the Council will normally refuse an application until there has been a period of three years free of relevant convictions.

If the applicant has demonstrated to the court “exceptional hardship” and avoided a driving disqualification, applications will still normally be refused until there has been a period of three years free of relevant convictions. The Council believe that the risk to the public is sufficient to maintain this consistent stance.

Motor insurance offences

An isolated motor insurance offence will not automatically preclude an application form being granted, however the Council deem such offences to be serious given the risk to the public.

More than one conviction for motor insurance offences will be considered to raise serious doubts as to an applicant’s suitability to hold a hackney carriage/private hire driver’s licence. Ordinarily in these circumstances, an application will be refused until such time as a period of three years has elapsed since the restoration of the applicant’s DVLA driving licence.

Failure to declare motoring offences

Where an applicant fails to disclose motoring offences on their application form, even if they have been declared on previous applications or are spent, the Council will normally deal with this by way of issuing penalty points.

If, however, the Council determines that there was a premeditated intention to deceive, the matter will be considered as an offence of dishonesty and dealt with in accordance with that section of this Policy.

Drunkness

Separate consideration will be given to convictions for drunkness whilst in charge of a vehicle as opposed to drunkness whilst not in charge of a vehicle, due to the differing risk to the public.

In charge of a motor vehicle

The Council considers driving or being in charge of a vehicle whilst under the influence of alcohol as a serious offence causing a high element of risk to the public.

A single conviction for any alcohol-related driving offence will normally preclude an application from being granted for a period of five years from the restoration of the DVLA driving licence.

If there is a suggestion that the applicant is an alcoholic, a special medical examination is likely to be required before the application is considered and a referral may be made to the Council's Safeguarding Group. If the applicant is confirmed as an alcoholic, a period of three years must elapse after treatment is complete before an application can be considered.

More than one conviction for any alcohol-related driving offence represents an unacceptable risk to the public and an application will normally be refused.

Not in charge of a motor vehicle

An isolated conviction for drunkenness not associated with driving or being in charge of a motor vehicle will not automatically preclude an application.

Where there is an isolated conviction for disorder and/or drunkenness, a licence will normally be granted together with a written warning as to future driving standards detailing the likely effect of further offences.

More than two convictions for disorder and/or drunkenness will normally lead to refusal of an application until such time as a period of three years free of convictions has elapsed.

Drug offences

The Council considers all offences related to controlled substances as a serious risk to the public.

An applicant with a conviction of any Class A or Class B drug related offence, including supplying or trafficking, will be required to show a period of five to ten years free of convictions before an application is considered. The length of period over and above the minimum five years will be dependent on factors such as the nature and severity of the offence, and the length of any custodial sentence.

An applicant with a conviction of any Class C drug related offence will be required to show a period of at least three years free of conviction

In all cases, where an applicant has been medically classed as an addict, an application will be precluded until such time as a period of five years has elapsed since the completion of a recognised detoxification programme.

Sexual or indecency offences

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As hackney carriage and private hire drivers often carry unaccompanied and/or vulnerable people, any applicant with a conviction or caution for any sexual or indecency offence will normally be refused a licence until they have been free of convictions for a period of at least ten years. The length of period over and above the minimum ten years will be dependent on factors such as the nature and severity of the offence, and the length of any custodial sentence.

Existing licence holders should be aware that if the Council receives notification from the police that the driver is being investigated for a sexual or indecency offence, their licence will normally be revoked with immediate effect pending the outcome of the investigation.

Major sexual or indecency offences

For the purpose of the Policy, the following offences will be considered as major sexual or indecency offences with the highest of risk to the public.

- rape
- ~~indecent assault~~ sexual assault
- gross indecency
- possession of child pornography
- ~~buggery~~ assault by penetration
- ~~sexual assault of a child~~ indecent assault of a child

Any applicant with a conviction for a major sexual or indecency offence will be considered an unacceptable risk to the public and any application will be refused, save for exceptional circumstances.

Violent offences

The Council considers all violence related offences as a serious risk to the public.

An application will normally be refused where the applicant has been convicted of murder, manslaughter or causing death by careless or dangerous driving.

An application will normally be refused where the applicant has a conviction for a violent offence, other than those listed above, unless there has been a period of five to ten years free of convictions. The length of period over and above the minimum five years will be dependent on factors such as the nature and severity of the offence, and the length of any custodial sentence.

Offences of criminal damage and public order will be treated as violent offences for the purposes of this Policy.

Whilst an isolated conviction for a violent offence, other than those listed above will not necessarily permanently preclude an application, the Council will have grave concern for public safety if an applicant has committed multiple violent offences.

Multiple offences

In all cases where an applicant has more than two convictions for violent offences, as application will normally be refused. In the case of an existing driver, their licence will normally be revoked.

Possession of a weapon

If an applicant has been convicted of an offence involving the possession of a weapon, or any other weapon-related offence, the Council considers this to be an unacceptable risk to members of the public and the application will normally be refused. In the case of an existing driver, their licence will normally be revoked.

Dishonesty

Hackney carriage and private hire drivers are expected to be persons of trust. It is comparatively easy for dishonest drivers to defraud the public, for example, by demanding more than the legal fare or giving incorrect change. Overseas visitors can be confused by the change in currency and become vulnerable to an unscrupulous driver. Equally, any customers can be defrauded by a driver taking them by any other than the shortest route or by them retaining lost property left in the vehicle.

As members of the public entrust themselves to the care of licensed drivers, the Council consider offences involving dishonesty as a serious risk to public safety.

An applicant that has been convicted of an offence related to dishonesty will normally be refused a licence until such time as they have been free of convictions for a period of five to ten years. The length of period over and above the minimum five years will be dependent of factors such as the nature and severity of the offence, and the length of any custodial sentence.

Other offences

If the applicant has declared any other offences not specifically covered by this policy on the relevance of convictions, the application may be referred to the Licensing Committee for determination in line with the Policy Objectives.

~~Receipt of any of the following may result in the licence holder being required to provide annual DBS disclosures until a period of five years has expired.~~

- criminal conviction
- final warning letter from the Council
- period of suspension of an existing licence.

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Outstanding charges or summonses

If the individual is the subject of an outstanding charge or summons their application can continue to be processed, but the application will need to be reviewed at the conclusion of proceedings. Where information is received through the Notifiable Occupations Scheme on existing licence holders, consideration may be made at committee.

If the outstanding charge or summons involves a serious offence and the individual's conviction history indicates a possible pattern of unlawful behaviour or character trait, then in the interests of public safety the application may be put on hold until proceedings are concluded or the licence may be refused.

A suspension or revocation of the licence of a driver takes effect at the end of the period of 21 days beginning with the day on which notice is given to the driver. If it appears that the interests of public safety require the suspension or revocation of the licence to have immediate effect, and the notice given to the driver includes a statement that is so and an explanation why, the suspension or revocation takes effect when the notice is given to the driver. [Road Safety Act 2006, s 52, 2A&2B]

Non-conviction information

If an applicant has, on more than one occasion, been arrested or charged, but not convicted, for a serious offence which suggests they could be a danger to the public, consideration should be given to refusing the application. Such offences would include serious violent offences and serious sex offences.

In assessing the action to take, the safety of the travelling public must be the paramount concern.

Cautions

Admission of guilt is required before a caution can be issued. Every case will be considered on its own merits including the details and nature of the offence.

Summary

Except in the most serious of circumstances, an applicant having a previous or current conviction will not normally be permanently precluded from obtaining a hackney carriage/private hire driver's licence.

The Council believe that a person convicted of an offence, who is required to wait for the expiry of a rehabilitation period prior to their application being considered, is more likely to value their licence and ensure that future convictions are avoided.

The Council consider that there are, however, certain offences that are so serious in nature or frequency that an applicant should be precluded from obtaining or retaining a licence. The Council's over-riding policy objective is to safeguard the safety of the

general public by ensuring that all licensed drivers are safe, competent, and are able to maintain their vehicles to an acceptable standard.

By producing clear and transparent guidelines on the relevance of convictions, the Council is seeking to maintain the high standard of hackney carriage and private hire drivers, proprietors and operators within Sevenoaks.

Existing licence holders

Any existing licence holder convicted of an offence during the period of their current licence will be subject to the above policy relating to the relevance of convictions. In circumstances where a new applicant would normally have their application refused, an existing licence holder would normally have their licence revoked.

Principles of the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (“the 1974 Act”)

Under the 1974 Act, criminal convictions can become spent after a certain period of time, and once spent, for many purposes, can be disregarded completely. The possibility of rehabilitation, and the length of time before the rehabilitation occurs, depends on the sentence imposed and not the offence committed. Where a person is sentenced to imprisonment for a period exceeding thirty months, the convictions can never be spent.

Despite the above general principles, the Act does not apply to applicants for hackney carriage and private hire driver’s licences. This is because the driving of these vehicles is listed as a “regulated occupation” in relation to which questions may be asked as to the suitability of individuals to be granted a licence.

Although the 1974 Act does not prevent any judicial authority, including the Council acting as the licensing authority, from taking spent convictions into account, such convictions are only admissible in so far as they are relevant to the issue as to whether the applicant is a “fit and proper” person to hold a licence.

National Register of Taxi Licence Refusals, Revocations and Suspensions (NR3)

The licensing authority provides information to the National Register of Taxi Licence Refusals, Revocations and Suspensions (NR3), a mechanism for licensing authorities to share details of individuals who have had a Hackney Carriage, Private Hire, or Dual drivers licence revoked, an application for one refused, or a suspension issued. This is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the licensing authority – that is, assessing whether an individual is a fit and proper person to hold a Hackney Carriage/ PHV drivers licence. This authority issues Hackney Carriage, Private Hire and Dual driver licences.

On this basis:

- Where a Hackney Carriage, Private Hire, or Dual drivers licence is revoked, an application for one refused, or a suspension issued, the authority will record this decision on NR3;

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- All applications for a new licence or licence renewal will be checked on NR3. If a search of NR3 indicates a match with an applicant, the authority will seek further information about the entry on the register from the authority which recorded it. Any information received as a result of an NR3 search will only be used in respect of the specific licence application and will not be retained beyond the determination of that application.

Information will be retained on NR3 for a period of 25 years.

This is a mandatory part of applying for/being granted, a Hackney Carriage, Private Hire, or Dual drivers licence. The authority has a published policy on the approach it will take to requests by other authorities for further information about entries on NR3, and about the use it will make of any further information provided to it.

Information will be processed in accordance with the Data Protection Act (DPA) and General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) or any subsequent legislation. Any searches, provision or receipt of information of or under NR3 are necessary to the authority's statutory licensing functions of ensuring that all drivers are fit and proper to hold the applicable licence. It is not intended that any NR3 data will be transferred out of the United Kingdom. If you wish to raise any issue related to the data protection legislation, including by relying on any of the rights afforded to data subjects under the GDPR, you can do so to the authority's Data Protection Officer.

Appendix 2 - Vehicle test standards

Sevenoaks District Council will not licence any vehicle that is classed as a Category S insurance write off.

Licence Plates - currently licensed vehicles

Where vehicles are presented with licence plates affixed such licence plates in the case of both Hackney Carriages and Private Hire vehicles shall be securely affixed as follows;

External Plate

External Plates should be fixed under the rear number plate. Elsewhere on the rear exterior bodywork is acceptable (i.e. bumper, boot) subject to the agreement of the Council, provided always that the plate is fixed in the vertical plane; the external plate should never be displayed inside the rear window of the vehicle.

Internal Plate

Internal Plates should be inside the vehicle on the left hand side of the front windscreen and in plain view of the passengers but avoiding the windscreen wiper area.

Fare Chart

The Fare Chart should be securely affixed inside the vehicle in such a position that it is clearly visible to passengers and shall contain a copy of the current maximum Hackney Carriage Fare Tariff as currently adopted by the Council (or, if vehicle is Private Hire, the Operator's fares if they are displayed). The vehicle plate number will be shown on the fare chart together with details of how the passenger(s) can make a complaint regarding the vehicle or driver.

Insurance

A valid copy of the insurance certificate appertaining to the tested vehicle shall be available inside the vehicle.

The standard of the Test

Any vehicle tested must reach the standards specified within this appendix and be certified roadworthy to MOT standards.

Vehicles of a class that are not subject to EU Type approval, and are being tested for the first time will be additionally tested to ensure tyres, weight limits and any other aspect of the vehicle are safe and mechanically sound as possible for the safety of the passenger. Costs of such additional testing must be paid by the person wishing to licence the vehicle. In addition the history of the vehicle will be taken into consideration when determining whether the vehicle should be licensed.

Exterior bodywork and wheel trims

The bodywork of the vehicle shall be in good condition and shall be as originally fitted by the manufacturer. Minor paint chipping, scuffmarks or very small dents may be

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accepted, provided that their extent does not impinge materially on the overall appearance of the vehicle. Wheel trims must be fitted to all road wheels where part of a manufacturer's original

Upholstery

All upholstery shall be clean and in a well maintained condition. No tear, crack, hole or burn will be acceptable if greater than 25 mm in any dimension. Upholstery includes seats, headrests, armrests, carpets and other trim.

Fittings

All fittings shall be properly maintained and in good working order. Fittings include clocks, interior lights, sun blinds, door surrounds, grab handles, other equipment provided for passenger comfort and any equipment in, on or forming part of the vehicle including wheelchair ramps and securing fittings where the vehicle is to be licensed to carry wheelchair bound passengers.

'No Smoking' signs

In accordance with legislative requirements a 'No Smoking' sign(s) will be exhibited within the vehicle and such sign(s) will be of the approved type.

Roof and floor coverings

Shall be clean and in good condition. No tear or other damage shall exceed 25 mm in length.

Number of passengers allowed (the term 'passenger' or "person" includes a child or young person)

At the time of testing a vehicle, the number of passengers which may be carried, (up to a maximum of 8 persons), will be calculated as follows subject to there being one seat belt provided per passenger:

- a) where separate seats for each person are provided, one person for each seat;
- b) where continuous seats are fitted, one person for each complete length of 400mm measured along the front of each seat, and this criterion also applies where there are folding arms;
- c) where there is no separate seat for the driver, i.e. there is a continuous seat, for a right hand drive vehicle, the driver's seat shall comprise so much of the seat as extends from the right hand edge of the seat to a point 450 mm left of the point on the seat directly in front of the centre of the steering column.

Taximeters (and Fare Tables for Private Hire Vehicles)

All Hackney Carriage vehicles licensed or to be licensed shall have a taximeter fitted. Private Hire vehicles, licensed or to be licensed, may have a taximeter fitted. ~~Any vehicle fitted with a meter shall be tested on the road by reference to a measured~~

~~distance to establish that the taximeter is accurate. In relation to Hackney Carriages the test shall be to establish that the meter does not produce a fare in excess of the maximums prescribed the current Hackney Carriage Fare Tariff approved by the Council. In relation to Private Hire vehicles the test shall be to establish that the meter does not produce a fare in excess of the operator's current fares. Meters will be sealed at the point of calibration.~~ Where a Private Hire Vehicle is fitted with a taximeter a table showing the current fares of the operator shall be displayed inside the vehicle in such a position that it is clearly visible to passengers. In all cases taximeters shall be fitted in such way that they are visible to passengers.

Taximeters fitted to Hackney Carriages (and Private Hire vehicles, if provided with one), must be EU approved or specifically approved by the Council.

Disabled person's facilities

Where a vehicle is fitted with any facilities to assist disabled persons in entering or exiting the vehicle (i.e. swivel seats or similar or wheelchair facilities) such facilities shall be checked for proper operation. Wheelchair lifting equipment must comply with the Lifting Operations Lifting Equipment Regulations 1998 B.

Roof signs

A Hackney Carriage must have a roof "TAXI" sign. Such wording shall be displayed conspicuously in either the front or the rear of the roof mounted display facing either the front or the rear. The sign may be in any position on the roof. The sign shall be illuminated and capable of being turned on and off (preferably via the meter but manual off/on is acceptable). No "TAXI" sign is allowed inside a vehicle. In addition to the word "TAXI" the sign may also contain the words "for Hire" and a taxi firm's telephone number and name. If the vehicle is available for hire the roof light must be illuminated.

A Private Hire vehicle shall not have any roof-mounted sign, or any similar sign inside the vehicle, or any other "thing" which may be mistaken/construed as a Hackney Carriage sign.

Doors

A vehicle shall have four side opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior) - any lift-up tailgate shall not be included;

or

A vehicle shall have three side opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior) and two rear opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior)

Windows

All windows must meet the requirements as prescribed by the Road Vehicles (Construction and Use) Regulations.

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Company advertising

For saloons and estate cars all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area between the centres of the wheels (wheel base).

For transit and people carrier type vehicles all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area to the rear of the centre of the front wheels and the rear light cluster.

Subject to the above a proprietor may have simple lettering and numbers on a vehicle in order to display a company name, address, telephone/fax number, E-mail/social media address or web site, or advisory notices to do with smoking, but lettering height must be a minimum of 75mm and maximum of 150mm.

No graphics/art works or slogans or other displays of any kind are permitted except with the consent of the Council.

In the case of Private Hire vehicles company advertising is subject to the specific exclusion of the words "taxi" or "cab" the use of which is not permitted.

Advertising, not relating to a hackney carriage vehicle's proprietor or company, is allowed under certain circumstances and will have been approved by the Council in writing. The written approval must be carried in the vehicle. No such advertising is permitted on a private hire vehicle

Luggage space - vehicle boots (and spare wheel in LPG powered vehicles)

The space provided in the vehicle for luggage stowing whether or not the vehicle has a separate luggage boot shall be clean and tidy with space available for luggage to be stowed.

If the vehicle is powered by Liquid Petroleum Gas and the LPG fuel tank has been installed in the boot space there shall remain free an amount of space for the stowage of a reasonable amount of luggage and any spare wheel displaced as a result of the tank installation must be stowed in a location that does not impinge on the passenger carrying area of a vehicle. Where relocation of the spare wheel is not possible an acceptable alternative, as supplied by the conversion company, will be permitted.

Any vehicle adapted or constructed for the use of liquid petroleum gas must be examined to ensure such adaptation or construction complies with the guide lines as laid down by the L P Gas Association and the appropriate certificate(s) and window display is shown.

Driving position

The vehicle must be right hand drive unless the vehicle is a 'stretched limousine'.

Mechanical person lift

If a mechanical person lift is fitted to the vehicle a current test certificate showing compliance with the Lifting Operations Lifting Equipment Regulations 1998 B must be produced at the time of the vehicle compliance test.

Taximeters for Private hire vehicles

A Private Hire vehicle may be fitted with a taximeter. If a taximeter is fitted it shall be of a type which is EU approved or specifically authorised by the Council.

Roof signs

The Authority requires that no Private Hire vehicle be fitted with a roof-mounted sign of any kind.

Appendix 3 - Assessing applicants and existing drivers for a Hackney Carriage/Private Hire Driver

Assessing applicants and existing drivers for a Hackney Carriage Private Hire Vehicle driver licence in accordance with group 2 standards.

The following arrangements mean that those with good diabetic control and who have no significant complications can be treated as “exceptional cases” and are not therefore precluded from being licensed as HC/PHV drivers.

The criteria are:

- To have been taking insulin for at least 4 weeks
- Not to have suffered an episode of hypoglycaemia requiring the assistance of another person whilst driving in the last 12 months;
- To attend an examination by a hospital consultant specialising in the treatment of diabetes at intervals of not more than 12 months and to provide a report from such a consultant in support of the application which confirms a history of responsible diabetic control with a minimal risk of incapacity due to hypoglycaemia;
- To provide evidence of at least twice daily blood glucose monitoring at times when driving either a hackney carriage or PHV vehicle;
- To have no other condition which would render the driver a danger when driving a hackney carriage or PHV; and to sign an undertaking to comply with the directions of the doctor(s) treating the diabetes and to report immediately to the Licensing Authority any significant change in condition.

Appendix 4 - Drivers voluntary dress code

In order to raise and maintain the profile of the licensed trade Sevenoaks District Council is committed to encouraging the professional image of the trade and it considers that drivers should conform to a minimum standard of dress, as set out below. Whilst the Authority does not wish to impose such standards by way of conditions to any licence it expects, however, that such standards will be maintained at all times.

Acceptable standards of dress

- Shirts, blouses, T-shirts or sweat tops should cover the shoulders and be capable of being worn inside trousers or shorts.
- Shirts or blouses may be worn with a tie or open necked.
- Shorts of knee length or trousers / jeans may be worn.
- Footwear for all drivers shall fit around the heel of the foot.

Unacceptable standard of dress

The following are deemed unacceptable:

- Clothing not kept in a clean condition, must be free from holes, rips or odours.
- Words or graphics on any clothing that is of an offensive or suggestive nature or which might offend.
- Sportswear (e.g. football/rugby kits, track suits) or beach wear etc.)
- Sandals with no heel straps, flip flops or any other form of footwear not secured around the heel.
- Drivers not having either the top or bottom half of their bodies suitably clothed (see above).

Appendix 5 - Specifications relating to Hackney Carriage Vehicles

No vehicle shall be licensed as a hackney carriage unless it is fit for public service and complies with the specifications set out below.

Licences

All Vehicle Licences shall be valid for a standard term of one year (unless for administrative reasons a shorter period is appropriate).

Age

Subject to the exceptions below;

- The Authority will not license a vehicle, for the first time, if it ~~is more than 6 years old and/or~~ has travelled greater than 100,000 miles ~~and (other than stretched limousines and Wheelchair Accessible Vehicles) will have to meet or exceed the Euro 5 and Euro 6 emission standards~~ (apart from in exceptional circumstances at the discretion of an authorised officer).
- The Authority will not re-license a vehicle if it is more than 10 years old (15 years for wheelchair accessible vehicles, ~~hybrid, electric and LPG vehicles~~) - apart from in exceptional circumstances at the discretion of an authorised officer.

Exceptions

Subject to a vehicle being considered mechanically fit for a further year of service the following types of vehicle are exempt:

- Purpose built taxis
- Wheelchair accessible vehicles, ~~hybrid, electric and LPG vehicles~~ (these vehicles will be licensed until they are 15 years old but not older than 15 years old)
- Limousines, which must have a minimum engine capacity over 3,000 cc/Specialist Vehicles

Type limitations

The Authority will not license a vehicle unless it meets the following criteria:-

- a) The vehicle shall have four side opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior) - any lift-up tailgate shall not be included; or a vehicle shall have three side opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior) and two rear opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior). Any vehicle's suitability for licensing will also be determined by the positioning of its seating, fittings and fixtures for the ingress and egress of passengers and their safety.

- b) The vehicle is right-hand drive unless the vehicle is one known as a 'stretched limousine' licensed for private hire use and paragraphs (a), (c) and (d) of this part of the policy will be construed accordingly.
- c) The vehicle must have E.U Type Approval
- d) if (c) cannot be satisfied then a Department of Transport Certificate of Single Vehicle Approval must be produced.

The Authority will allow advertisements to be placed upon a vehicle subject to the following conditions:

- For saloons and estate cars all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area between the centres of the wheels (wheel base).
- For transit and people carrier type vehicles all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area to the rear of the centre of the front wheels and the rear light cluster.
- Subject to the above, a proprietor may have simple lettering and numbers on a vehicle in order to display a company name, address, telephone/fax number, E-mail/social media address or web site but lettering height must be a minimum of 75mm and maximum of 150mm.
- No graphics/art works or slogans or other displays of any kind are permitted except with the consent of the Council.
- In the case of Private Hire Vehicles advertising is subject to the specific exclusion of the words "taxi", "cab" or "hire" the use of which is not permitted.
- Advertising, not relating to the vehicle's proprietor or company, may, under certain circumstances, be allowed on a hackney carriage vehicle on submission of a written request and details of the advertisement to the Council. Each request will be considered entirely on its own merits and, if approved, the written authority must be carried in the vehicle. No such advertising is permitted on a private hire vehicle.

Licence plate content

The external and internal licence plate issued by the Authority will include the following information;

- Licence No.
- Registration No.
- Vehicle make/Type.
- ~~Licence expiry date.~~
- No. of passengers.

Minimum number of passengers to be carried

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No vehicle capable of carrying more than 8 passengers can be licensed by the Council.

In order to facilitate the licensing of a wide variety of vehicle types and to encourage more environmentally friendly vehicles the Council has not set a limit on the minimum number of seats but instead requires a minimum space standard per passenger as detailed in the basic specifications for vehicles.

Vehicle test standards

The Authority will not license a vehicle unless the person examining it (for the Authority) has confirmed that it meets the standards specified and, at the same time, the vehicle has been certified roadworthy to MOT standard.

Vehicles of a class that are not subject to 'EU Type approval' and are being tested for the first time will be additionally tested to ensure tyres, weight limits and any other aspect of the vehicle are safe and mechanically sound as possible for the passenger. Costs of such testing must be paid by the person wishing to licence the vehicle. In addition, the history of the vehicle will be taken into consideration when determining whether the vehicle should be licensed.

A vehicle is required to be re-examined, when the licence has been in force for six months, to ensure that it continues to meet the standards referred to above.

Vehicles powered by Liquid Petroleum Gas (LPG)

An applicant for a licence involving a vehicle which has been converted to run on LPG is required to produce, prior to a licence being issued, a certificate issued by a member of the LPG Association confirming that the LPG installation conforms with the Association's Code of Practice and is, therefore, considered safe.

If an LPG conversion involves installation of an LPG fuel tank in a vehicle's boot space (and possible relocation of the spare wheel) it shall be a requirement that an amount of space shall remain free for the stowage of a reasonable amount of luggage, and any spare wheel displaced as a result must be stowed in a location that does not impinge on the passenger carrying area of a vehicle. Where relocation of the spare wheel is not possible an acceptable alternative, as supplied by the conversion company, will be permitted.

Tinted windows (without prejudice to the Road Vehicles (Construction & Use) Regulations 1986)

All windows must meet the requirements as prescribed by the Road Vehicles (Construction and Use) Regulations.

Matters relating to Hackney Carriage vehicles only

Accessibility

This section of the policy also takes into account the 2007 report published by the European Conference of Ministers of Transport and the International Road Transport Union which recognised that it is impossible to provide for 100% of wheelchair users without reducing the operational viability of the vehicle for the taxi operator and other passengers. There will be a small proportion of people who, because of the size of their wheelchair or the nature of their disability, are unable to access taxis or indeed other forms of mainstream public transport. They will continue to need specialist door-to-door services.

Sevenoaks District Council is committed to promoting inclusive and accessible environments and ensuring a wide range of opportunities are available to residents with disabilities to enjoy a high quality of life. Without the ability to travel, people with disabilities are denied access to life opportunities. Their access to education, shopping, employment, healthcare as well as social and family life is significantly improved when journeys become accessible. For this reason, Sevenoaks District Council considers it important that people with disabilities have access to all forms of public transportation. Accessibility is an important consideration in respect of vehicles licensed as hackney carriages. This Authority will therefore keep this section of the policy constantly under review.

Sevenoaks District Council is aware of the Government's proposals to implement the provisions of the Equality Act 2010 in relation to hackney carriages. The Government announced its proposals for taxis in 2003 and since that time has been consulting and gathering further information.

The Government is now considering how best to bring forward requirements for accessible taxis, and this includes evaluation of all options, both regulatory and non-regulatory approaches are being considered.

The ECMT-IRU recommendations for taxi vehicle accessibility are based on two design levels:

- Type One: Wheelchair Accessible Taxis: accessible vehicles capable of carrying the majority, but not all, passengers who travel in their wheelchair as well as people with other disabilities;
- Type Two: Standard Accessible Taxis: vehicles with features designed to make use by disabled people easier, but which would only be able to carry a wheelchair user who can transfer to a taxi seat.

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Restriction on numbers of Licensed Vehicles

Although at the moment there is no restriction on how many hackney carriage vehicles can be licensed, Sevenoaks District Council will seek to address this matter when the need arises and may carry out a demand survey to seek clarification whether there is unmet demand for Hackney carriage vehicles within the whole district.

Re-allocation of expired Hackney Carriage Vehicle Plates

If, when a hackney carriage licence expires, the vehicle is not re-licensed within twenty-eight days and the owner does not take steps to inform the Council of his/her intentions, then the plate will be re-allocated. A letter will be sent to the owner of the vehicle advising them that the licence has expired.

Taximeters

The Authority requires every vehicle licensed as a Hackney Carriage to be fitted with a taximeter. The taximeter shall be of a type which is EU approved or specifically authorised by the Council.

The Authority requires all Hackney Carriage vehicles to be fitted with working roof-mounted signs. If the illuminated roof lights have red in them, they must be fitted so that the red light is only visible from the rear. If the vehicle is available for hire the roof light must be illuminated.

Appendix 5A - Hackney carriage vehicle conditions

Meanings

In these conditions, unless otherwise indicated,

“the Council” means the Sevenoaks District Council; and

“the district” means the area of the Sevenoaks District Council

“proprietor” means a person who is the holder of a licence issued by the Council under section 37 of the Town Police Clauses Act 1847 and Part II of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976

“vehicle” means the vehicle that is specified on that licence.

Fixing of vehicle plates

The proprietor must ensure that the identification plate and fare chart, which have been supplied by the Council, are fixed and maintained in the positions specified and are kept in a clean and legible condition.

External Plate

Under the rear registration number plate or, in exceptional circumstances, another position near that location subject to the Council's prior approval.

Internal Plate

Inside the vehicle on the left hand side of the front windscreen and in plain view of the passengers but avoiding the windscreen wiper area.

Fare Chart

In a conspicuous position inside the passenger compartment of the vehicle so that it can be read by passengers.

Roof signs

The Authority requires all Hackney Carriage vehicles to be fitted with working roof-mounted signs. The proprietor must fix a sign on the roof of the vehicle of a design acceptable to the Council. The sign must have the word TAXI printed on it. It may also have printed upon it the words FOR HIRE and the name and/or telephone number of the proprietor's taxi firm. If the illuminated roof lights have red in them, they must be fitted so that the red light is only visible from the rear. If the vehicle is available for hire the roof light must be illuminated.

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Advertising and other signs

The proprietor must not permit any advertising on or in the vehicle which is not advertising their taxi firm unless authorised to do so by the Council in writing.

The proprietor must not permit any sign or mark other than those required or allowed in paragraphs 1 and 2 except with the express consent of the Council.

Advertisement of the proprietor's taxi firm must be in accordance with the following criteria:

- For saloons and estate cars all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area between the centres of the wheels (wheel base).
- For transit and people carrier type vehicles all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area to the rear of the centre of the front wheels and the rear light cluster.
- Subject to (1) and (2) the above a proprietor may have simple lettering and numbers on a vehicle in order to display a company name, address, telephone/fax number, E-mail address or Web site, or advisory notices to do with smoking, but lettering height must be a minimum of 75mm and maximum of 150mm.
- No graphics/art works or slogans or other displays of any kind are permitted except with the consent of the Council.

No smoking

In accordance with legislative requirements a 'No Smoking' sign(s) will be exhibited within the vehicle and such sign(s) will be of the approved type.

Card payment facilities

The proprietor shall ensure that passengers are able to make payment by debit card or credit card via a contactless card payment facility.

The proprietor shall ensure that all drivers of the vehicle are trained on how to use the card payment system and are aware that passengers must be able to make payment in this manner.

Where a fault in the card payment system is identified, the proprietor must notify the Council's Licensing Team and arrange repair/replacement within 48 hours.

Spoilage of the interior of the vehicle by passengers

Where a passenger has spoiled the interior of the vehicle any dispute in this respect including any claim for damages shall be a matter between the proprietor and the passenger.

The above wording shall be reproduced in plainly visible lettering on the fare chart.

Wheelchair signs

Subject to the provisions of paragraph 2 above the proprietor may affix a sign on the outside of the vehicle indicating that it is able to convey passengers in wheelchairs provided the vehicle has been manufactured or properly adapted for that purpose.

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Carriage of animals other than guide/hearing/assistance dogs

The proprietor has discretion as to whether the vehicle is used to convey an animal other than a guide or hearing dog within the meaning of Section 173 of the Equality Act 2010. When a guide/hearing/assistance dog etc. is conveyed, no extra charge shall be made. Conveyance of a guide or hearing dog etc. may only be declined if the driver of the vehicle has been granted a statutory exemption on medical grounds.

Production of certain documents

The proprietor must at any time by demand of an officer of the Council produce for inspection any or all of the following documents;

- A current, valid, certificate of motor insurance, or cover note valid for at least 28 days for the vehicle that provides insurance cover for it as a Hackney Carriage;
- A current, valid, MOT test certificate for the vehicle as required by S47 of the Road Traffic Act 1988;
- The current proprietor's Hackney Carriage Vehicle licence for the vehicle; and
- The vehicle's V5 Registration Document.

Motor insurance certificate

The proprietor must at all times ensure that the vehicle is properly insured for use as a Hackney Carriage and a copy of the insurance certificate should be available inside the vehicle whilst it is licensed as a Hackney Carriage.

Damage to the vehicle

The proprietor must, in the event of any damage to the vehicle materially affecting its safety, performance, appearance or comfort or convenience of passengers, report the occurrence to the Council's **Licensing Team** with 72 hours in accordance with Section 50(3) of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 and the vehicle must not be used for hire again without the approval of the Council's **Licensing Team**.

Taximeter

The proprietor must ensure that the vehicle is fitted with an EU or Council approved taximeter and the taximeter:

- Is calibrated at all times with a tariff not higher than the current Hackney Carriage Fare Tariff approved by the Council.
- Is not tampered with in any way so as to effect the production of a fare that exceeds the maximum fare laid down by the current Hackney Carriage Fare Tariff approved by the Council.
- When its machinery is in action, records on its face, in figures clearly legible and free from ambiguity, the fare which the driver is entitled to demand and take for the hiring of the carriage.
- Has the word 'fare' printed on its face in plain letters so that the word clearly applies to the fare recorded thereon.

- Is positioned so that all letters and figures on its face are plainly visible to any passengers and for that purpose the letters and figures are suitably illuminated during any period of hiring.

Maximum fare

When the vehicle is hired the proprietor must not in any circumstances require or cause to be charged a fare which is greater than that authorised by the Council's current Hackney Carriage Fare Tariff.

Drivers

The proprietor must ensure that each person who drives the vehicle;

- holds a current and valid Hackney Carriage Drivers Licence issued by the Council.
- is acquainted with and understands their licence conditions and related statutory provisions.
- observes Council Byelaws and related statutory provisions.

Breakdowns etc.

If, whilst hired, the vehicle breaks down or otherwise becomes unfit or unable to carry the hirer to his/her destination, the proprietor must; secure, without delay, suitable alternative transport to carry the hirer to their destination, (unless the hirer voluntarily elects to wait until the vehicle is repaired or is otherwise able to continue the journey) and report the occurrence to the Council's **Licensing Team** within 24 hours.

Lost property

In relation to property which has been left, or may have been left, in the vehicle by passengers the proprietor must;

- search the vehicle daily to establish whether or not there is any such property;
- if any such property is found, notify the Council's **Licensing Team** within 72 hours and provide a description of the property;
- take reasonable steps to secure the return of the property to its owner.

Presentation of the vehicle for inspection

The proprietor must present the vehicle for inspection at any time and at any place required by the Council. If the vehicle is not presented at the place and time required by the Council then it may not be used as a Hackney Carriage without the Council's approval.

Disclosure of convictions/cautions

The proprietor must notify the Council in writing of any convictions or cautions imposed on him/her whilst the licence is in force. Such notification must occur within 21 days of the imposition of a conviction/caution.

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Transfer of hackney carriage interest in the vehicle.

If the proprietor, or part proprietor, transfers their Hackney Carriage interest in the vehicle to another person or persons the proprietor, or part proprietor, must notify the Council's **Licensing Team** within 14 days of the date of the transfer and specify the name and address of each person to whom the interest has been transferred. (The Council may, with reasonable cause, revoke, suspend or review the licence if it considers any transferee is not a suitable person to hold a Hackney Carriage Vehicle Licence).

A fee and change of ownership form must also be submitted to the Council's **Licensing Team** with a valid insurance document, V5 registration document and a current MOT test certificate whenever a vehicle is sold to another licensed driver.

Complaints by hirers

The proprietor of the vehicle must ensure that, should any complaint be made regarding the vehicle or its driver, then sufficient information must be given to the complainant for that person to be able to identify the driver and/or the vehicle and the means of pursuing such complaint with the Council if necessary by giving the details of the Officer Licensing 'Taxis' their office address, name and telephone number.

Use of trailers

The vehicle may tow a trailer only when one is required in order to convey a hirer's luggage. If a trailer is towed it shall;

- comply with the towing weights specified by the vehicles' manufacturer;
- provide secure and weatherproof stowage for the luggage; and
- have displayed, upon its rear, the vehicle's licence plate.

The vehicle is not permitted to have a trailer in tow whilst it is standing on a taxi rank.

Other matters

The proprietor must ensure that;

- the vehicle is provided with sufficient means by which passengers may communicate with the driver and such means of communication are maintained.
- the vehicle is maintained in a clean, comfortable, safe, watertight, mechanically sound and roadworthy condition.
- at all times windows that are designed to open shall do so in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.
- at all times, the area designed for the stowage of luggage is kept clear and available for the purpose.

Tinted windows

All windows must meet the requirements as prescribed by the Road Vehicles (Construction and Use) Regulations.

Appendix 5B - Specifications relating to Private Hire Vehicles

Licences

All Vehicle Licences shall be valid for a standard term of one year (unless for administrative reasons a shorter period is appropriate).

Age

Subject to the exceptions below;

- The Authority will not license a vehicle, for the first time, if it ~~is more than 6 years old and/or~~ has travelled greater than 100,000 miles ~~and (other than stretched limousines and Wheelchair Accessible Vehicles) will have to meet or exceed the Euro 5 and Euro 6 emission standards~~ (apart from in exceptional circumstances at the discretion of an authorised officer).
- The Authority will not re-license a vehicle if it is more than 10 years old (15 years for wheelchair accessible vehicles, ~~hybrid, electric and LPG vehicles~~) - apart from in exceptional circumstances at the discretion of an authorised officer.

Exceptions

Subject to a vehicle being considered mechanically fit for a further year of service the following types of vehicle are exempt:

- Purpose built taxis
- Wheelchair accessible vehicles, ~~hybrid, electric and LPG vehicles~~ (these vehicles will be licensed until they are 15 years old but not older than 15 years old)
- Limousines, which must have a minimum engine capacity over 3,000 cc/Specialist Vehicles.

Type Limitations

The Authority will not license a vehicle unless it meets the following criteria:-

- a) The vehicle shall have four side opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior) - any lift-up tailgate shall not be included; or a vehicle shall have three side opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior) and two rear opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior). Any vehicle's suitability for licensing will also be determined by the positioning of its seating, fittings and fixtures for the ingress and egress of passengers and their safety.
- b) The vehicle is right-hand drive unless the vehicle is one known as a 'stretched limousine' licensed for private hire use and paragraphs (a), (c) and (d) of this part of the policy will be construed accordingly.

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- c) The vehicle must have E.U Type Approval
- d) If (c) cannot be satisfied then a Department of Transport Certificate of Single Vehicle Approval must be produced.

Environmental considerations

~~The Best Practice Guidance asks licensing authorities to consider how far their vehicle licensing policies can and should support any local environmental policies that they have adopted, bearing in mind the need to ensure that the benefits outweigh costs (in whatever form). They suggest that authorities may, for example, wish to consider setting vehicle emissions standards, perhaps by promoting cleaner fuels.~~

~~It is considered that efforts should be made, through the licensing policy, to improve, as far as possible, the efficiency of vehicles licensed in the District by, in particular, reducing the levels of CO₂ emitted from petrol vehicles and the equivalent from diesel. There is a movement towards the use of alternative fuels and in many areas LPG conversions to vehicles are perfectly acceptable and encouraged. This will, however, be dependent on supplies of such fuel being made readily available. It may also be the case that the installation of storage tanks into vehicles may affect the ability to carry luggage.~~

~~Clearly, emissions from hackney carriages and private hire vehicles could be reduced further, by encouraging better maintenance of vehicles and by switching off engines when stationary or idling, particularly at hackney carriage ranks. It is proposed that this aspect be tackled through education and promotion.~~

~~In view of the above detail, unless more urgent measures are introduced by central government in the meantime, this Council will monitor any research published and Government guidelines with a view to specifying vehicle emissions standards and promoting cleaner vehicles.~~

Advertising

The Authority will allow advertisements to be placed upon a vehicle subject to the following conditions:

- a) For saloons and estate cars all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area between the centres of the wheels (wheel base).
- b) For transit and people carrier type vehicles all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of

such a vehicle it must be contained within the area to the rear of the centre of the front wheels and the rear light cluster.

- c) Subject to the above, a proprietor may have simple lettering and numbers on a vehicle in order to display a company name, address, telephone/fax number, E-mail address or Web site, but lettering height must be a minimum of 75mm and maximum of 150mm.
- d) No graphics/art works or slogans or other displays of any kind are permitted except with the consent of the Council.
- e) In the case of Private Hire Vehicles advertising is subject to the specific exclusion of the words "taxi", "cab" or "hire" the use of which is not permitted.
- f) Advertising, not relating to the vehicle's proprietor or company, may, under certain circumstances, be allowed on a hackney carriage vehicle on submission of a written request and details of the advertisement to the Council. Each request will be considered entirely on its own merits and, if approved, the written authority must be carried in the vehicle. No such advertising is permitted on a private hire vehicle.

Licence Plate Content

The external and internal licence plate issued by the Authority will include the following information;

- Licence No.
- Registration No.
- Vehicle make/Type.
- ~~Licence expiry date.~~
- No. of passengers.

Minimum number of passengers to be carried

No vehicle capable of carrying more than 8 passengers can be licensed by the Council.

In order to facilitate the licensing of a wide variety of vehicle types and to encourage more environmentally friendly vehicles the Council has not set a limit on the minimum number of seats but instead requires a minimum space standard per passenger as detailed in the basic specifications for vehicles.

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Vehicle Test Standards

The Authority will not license a vehicle unless the person examining it (for the Authority) has confirmed that it meets the standards specified in Appendix 1 and, at the same time, the vehicle has been certified roadworthy to MOT standard.

Vehicles of a class that are not subject to 'EU Type approval' and are being tested for the first time will be additionally tested to ensure tyres, weight limits and any other aspect of the vehicle are safe and mechanically sound as possible for the passenger. Costs of such testing must be paid by the person wishing to licence the vehicle. In addition, the history of the vehicle will be taken into consideration when determining whether the vehicle should be licensed.

A vehicle is required to be re-examined, when the licence has been in force for six months, to ensure that it continues to meet the standards referred to in (a) above.

Vehicles powered by Liquid Petroleum Gas (LPG)

An applicant for a licence involving a vehicle which has been converted to run on LPG is required to produce, prior to a licence being issued, a certificate issued by a member of the LPG Association confirming that the LPG installation conforms with the Association's Code of Practice and is, therefore, considered safe.

If an LPG conversion involves installation of an LPG fuel tank in a vehicle's boot space (and possible relocation of the spare wheel) it shall be a requirement that an amount of space shall remain free for the stowage of a reasonable amount of luggage, and any spare wheel displaced as a result must be stowed in a location that does not impinge on the passenger carrying area of a vehicle. Where relocation of the spare wheel is not possible an acceptable alternative, as supplied by the conversion company, will be permitted.

Tinted windows

All windows must meet the requirements as prescribed by the Road Vehicles (Construction and Use) Regulations.

Appendix 5C: Private Hire Vehicle Conditions

Meanings

In these conditions, unless otherwise indicated,

“the Council” means the Sevenoaks District Council; and

“the district” means the area of the Sevenoaks District Council

“proprietor” means a person who is the holder of a licence issued by the Council under section 48 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976

“vehicle “ means the vehicle that is specified on that licence

Fixing of licence plates etc.

The proprietor must ensure that the following plates etc. have been supplied by the Council and is responsible for their fixing and maintenance in the positions specified and keeping them in a clean and legible condition.

External plate

Under the rear registration number plate or, in exceptional circumstances, another position near that location subject to the Council's prior approval.

Internal plate

Inside the vehicle on the left hand side of the front windscreen and in plain view of the passengers but avoiding the windscreen wiper area.

Fare chart

In a conspicuous position inside the passenger compartment of the vehicle so that it can be read by passengers.

Advertising and other signs

- a) the proprietor must not permit any advertising on or in the vehicle which is not advertising his/her taxi firm;
- b) the proprietor must not permit any sign or mark other than those required or allowed in paragraph 1 except with the express consent of the Council;
- c) advertisement of the proprietors taxi firm must be in accordance with the following criteria:
 - For saloons and estate cars all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area between the centres of the wheels (wheel base).

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- For transit and people carrier type vehicles all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area to the rear of the centre of front the wheels and the rear light cluster.
- Subject to (i) and (ii) the above a proprietor may have simple lettering and numbers on a vehicle in order to display a company name, address, telephone/fax number, E-mail/social media address or web site, or advisory notices to do with smoking, but lettering height must be a minimum of 75mm and maximum of 150mm.
- No graphics/art works or slogans or other displays of any kind are permitted except with the consent of the Council.

No smoking

'No Smoking' signs will be fixed inside the vehicle in accordance with current legislative requirements.

Spoilage of the interior of the vehicle by passengers

- a) Where a passenger has spoiled the interior of the vehicle any dispute in this respect including any claim for damages shall be a matter between the proprietor and the passenger.
- b) The wording in (a) above shall be reproduced in plainly visible lettering within the vehicle (on or next to the fare chart if fitted).

Wheelchair signs

Subject to the provisions of paragraph 2 the proprietor may affix a sign on the outside of the vehicle indicating that it is able to convey passengers in wheelchairs provided the vehicle has been manufactured or properly adapted for that purpose.

Carriage of animals other than guide/hearing/assistance dogs

The proprietor has discretion as to whether the vehicle is used to convey an animal other than a guide/hearing or assistance dog within the meaning of Section 173 of the Equality Act 2010. When a guide or hearing dog etc. is conveyed no extra charge shall be made. Conveyance of a guide/hearing or assistance dog etc. may only be declined if the driver of the vehicle has been granted a statutory exemption on medical grounds.

Production of certain documents

The proprietor must at any time by demand of an officer of the Council produce for inspection any or all of the following documents;

- a) a current, valid, certificate of motor insurance or cover note valid for at least 28 days for the vehicle that provides insurance cover for it as a Private Hire Vehicle;
- b) a current, valid, MOT test certificate for the vehicle as required by S47 of the Road Traffic Act 1988;

- c) the current proprietor's Private Hire Vehicle licence for the vehicle; and
- d) the vehicle's V5 Registration Document.

Insurance certificate

The proprietor must at all times ensure that the vehicle is properly insured for use as a Private Hire Vehicle and a copy of the insurance certificate should be available inside the vehicle whilst it is licensed as a Private Hire Vehicle.

Damage to vehicle

The proprietor must, in the event of any damage to the vehicle materially affecting its safety, performance, appearance or comfort or convenience of passengers, report the occurrence to the Council's **Licensing Team** with 72 hours in accordance with Section 50(3) of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 and the vehicle must not be used for hire again without the approval of the Council.

Taximeter

If a taximeter is fitted to the vehicle;

The proprietor must ensure that the taximeter is EU type approved or specifically authorised by the Council and the taximeter;

- is calibrated at all times to include the current fare tariff of the Operator;
- is not tampered with in any way so as to effect the production of a fare that exceeds the maximum fare laid down by the current fare tariff of the Operator;
- when its machinery is in action, records on its face, in figures clearly legible and free from ambiguity, the fare which the driver is entitled to demand and take for the hiring of the carriage;
- has the word ' fare' printed on its face in plain letters so that the word clearly applies to the fare recorded thereon;
- is positioned so that all letters and figures on its face are plainly visible to any passengers and for that purpose the letters and figures are suitably illuminated during any period of hiring.

Drivers

The proprietor must ensure that each person who drives the vehicle;

- a) holds a current and valid Private Hire Driver's Licence issued by the Council;
- b) is acquainted with and understands their licence conditions and related statutory provisions;
- c) observes their licence conditions and related statutory provisions.

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Breakdowns etc.

If, whilst hired, the vehicle breaks down or otherwise becomes unfit or unable to carry the hirer to his/her destination the proprietor must;

- secure, without delay, suitable alternative transport to carry the hirer to their destination unless the hirer voluntarily elects to wait until the vehicle is repaired or is otherwise able to continue the journey.
- report the occurrence to the Council's **Licensing Team** within 24 hours.

Lost property

In relation to property which has been left, or may have been left, in the vehicle by passengers the proprietor must;

- search the vehicle daily to establish whether or not there is any such property.
- if any such property is found, notify the Council's **Licensing Team** within 72 hours and provide a description of the property.
- take reasonable steps to secure the return of the property to its owner.

Presentation of vehicle for inspection

The proprietor must present the vehicle for inspection at any time and at any place required by the Council. If the vehicle is not presented at the place and time required by the Council then it may not be used as a Private Hire Vehicle without the Council's approval.

Disclosure of convictions or cautions

The proprietor must notify the Council's **Licensing Team** in writing of any convictions or cautions imposed on them whilst the licence is in force. Such notification must occur within 21 days of the imposition of a conviction/caution.

Transfer of private hire interest in the vehicle

If the proprietor, or part proprietor, transfers his/her Private Hire interest in the vehicle to another person or persons the proprietor, or part proprietor, must notify the Council's **Licensing Team** within 14 days of the date of the transfer and specify the name and address of each person to whom the interest has been transferred. (The Council may, with reasonable cause, revoke, suspend or review the licence if it considers any transferee is not a suitable person to hold a Private Hire Vehicle Licence).

Complaints by hirers

The proprietor of the vehicle must ensure that, should any complaint be made regarding the vehicle or its driver, then sufficient information must be given to the complainant for that person to be able to identify the driver and/or the vehicle and the means of pursuing such complaint with the Council, if necessary, by giving also the details of the Officer licensing private hire vehicles, their office address, name and telephone number.

Use of trailers

The vehicle may tow a trailer only when one is required in order to convey a hirer's luggage. If a trailer is towed it shall;

- comply with the towing weights specified by the vehicle's manufacturer;
- provide secure and weatherproof stowage for the luggage; and
- have displayed, upon its rear, the vehicle's licence plate.

Other matters

The proprietor must ensure that;

- the vehicle is provided with sufficient means by which passengers may communicate with the driver and such means of communication are maintained;
- the vehicle is maintained in a clean, comfortable, safe, watertight, mechanically sound and roadworthy condition;
- at all times windows that are designed to open shall do so in accordance with manufacturers specifications;
- at all times, the area designed for the stowage of luggage is kept clear and available for the purpose.

Tinted windows

All windows must meet the requirements as prescribed by the Road Vehicles (Construction and Use) Regulations.

Appendix 6

Private Hire driver conditions

In these conditions, unless otherwise indicated,

“the Council” means the Sevenoaks District Council; and

“the district” means the area of the Sevenoaks District Council

“driver of a private hire vehicle “ means a person who has been granted a licence by the Council under section 51 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976.

A driver of a private hire vehicle shall:

- not wilfully or negligently cause or suffer the licence plate of the vehicle to be concealed from public view while the vehicle is licensed; and
- not cause or permit the vehicle to be used, whilst licensed, with any such plate so defaced that any figure or material particular is illegible.

The driver of a private hire vehicle provided with a taximeter shall:

- when not hired, keep the machinery of the taximeter inactive so that no fare is recorded on the face of the taximeter;
- before beginning a journey for which a fare is charged bring the machinery of the taximeter into action and keep the machinery of the taximeter in action until the termination of the hiring; and
- cause the dial of the taximeter to be kept properly illuminated throughout any part of a hiring which is between half-an-hour after sunset and half-an-hour before sunrise, and also at any other time at the request of the hirer.

A driver of a private hire vehicle shall not tamper with or permit any person to tamper with any taximeter with which the vehicle is provided, with the fittings thereof, or with the seals affixed thereto.

Where a vehicle is equipped with a taximeter and where such taximeter is to be used to record the fare for a hiring, the driver shall -

- ensure, during the continuance of such hiring, that the dial of the taximeter is not concealed in any manner or by any means and that such dial is distinctly and plainly visible and legible to any person hiring or being conveyed in the vehicle;
- cause the dial of the taximeter to be kept properly illuminated throughout the hiring;
- report immediately to the Council and to the Operator any failure of the taximeter;
- not wilfully or negligently cause or suffer the table of the Operator’s fares to be inverted or detached or altered or the letters or figures on such table to be in

any manner or by any means concealed at any time.

The driver of a private hire vehicle shall behave in a civil and orderly manner and shall take all reasonable precautions to ensure the safety of persons conveyed in or entering or alighting from the vehicle.

1. A driver of a private hire vehicle who has agreed or has been hired to be in attendance with the vehicle at an appointed time and place shall, unless delayed or prevented by some sufficient cause, punctually attend with such carriage at such appointed time and place.
2. A driver of a private hire vehicle shall not convey or permit to be conveyed in such vehicle any greater number of persons than the number of persons specified on the licence plate affixed to the vehicle.
3. If a badge has been provided by the Council and delivered to the driver of a private hire vehicle he shall, when working as such and when hired, wear that badge in such position and manner as to be plainly visible.
4. The driver of a private hire vehicle so constructed as to carry luggage shall, when requested by any person hiring or seeking to hire the vehicle:
 - convey a reasonable quantity of luggage;
 - afford reasonable assistance in loading and unloading; and
 - afford reasonable assistance in removing it to or from the entrance of any building, station or place at which he may take up or set down such person.

The driver of a private hire vehicle shall be entitled to demand and take for the hire of the vehicle only;

- such fare as may be shown on the face of any taximeter provided in the vehicle (where the fare for the hiring is charged by reference to the Operator's table of fares) save for any extra charges authorised by the Operator which it may not be possible to record on the face of the taximeter; or
- such other fare as may have been agreed with the hirer prior to the commencement of the hiring

The driver of a private hire vehicle bearing a table of the Operator's fares shall not wilfully or negligently cause or suffer the letters or figures in that table to be concealed or rendered illegible at any time while the vehicle is licensed.

1. The driver of a private hire vehicle shall immediately after the termination of any hiring or as soon as practicable thereafter carefully search the carriage for any property which may have been accidentally left therein.

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2. The driver of a private hire vehicle shall, if any property accidentally left therein by any person who may have been conveyed in the carriage be found by or handed to him:
 - carry it as soon as possible and in any event within 48 hours if not sooner claimed by or on behalf of its owner, to the office of the Council and leave it in the custody of the officer in charge of the office on his giving a receipt for it; and
 - be entitled to receive from any person to whom the property shall be re-delivered an amount equal to ten pence in the pound of its estimated value (or the fare for the distance from the place of finding to the office of the Council, whichever be the greater) but not more than twenty five pounds.

Private Hire Driver must comply at all times with the current legislation relating to no smoking in the vehicle whether it is used for the conveyance of the public or not.

Informative

If you accept bookings for the private hire vehicle, which you are driving, direct from a hirer you must ensure that you have a Private Hire Operator's Licence, as it is unlawful for you to accept bookings without such licence.

Appendix 7

Private Hire operator conditions

In these conditions, unless otherwise indicated

"the Council" means the " Sevenoaks District Council",

"the Operator" means the holder of a licence and

"Licence" means a licence granted by the Council under section 55 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 to operate private hire vehicles.

Record keeping

The operator shall keep (in a non-erasable form) comprehensive records as follows:

A. Drivers

The Operator must keep up to date records of the names and addresses of all licensed drivers who are used and shall notify the Council;

- when any new driver begins service,
- when any driver's service ceases; and
- of any change of address of any driver in service,
- if they become aware that any driver is suffering from any illness, disability or condition which may affect the driver's ability to safely carry out their duties.

B. Vehicles

- of all vehicles operated and the dates and times during which they are operated;
- the maintenance history of each vehicle, including details of all repairs carried out;

C. Bookings

All bookings made for private hire vehicles shall be recorded the same calendar day and kept for 6 months. The record of each booking must include;

- the source from which the booking came and the time it was received
- pick-up point and the time the journey commenced;
- destination point and the time the journey ended;
- the vehicle used;
- the driver employed;
- by whom the entry was made in the record
- the fare quoted (if quoted) at the time of booking
- the fare actually charged

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- the reason(s) why the fare actually charged was different if it was different
- any other relevant information.

D. Staff

A register of all staff that will take bookings or dispatch vehicles under the authority of the Private Hire Operator will be kept.

The Private Hire Operator will evidence they have had sight of a Basic DBS check on all individuals listed on that register and ensure that Basic DBS checks are undertaken on any individuals added to the register.

The Private Hire Operator will evidence comparable protections are applied by other companies to which they outsource booking and dispatch functions

The Private Hire Operator must provide to the Licensing Authority their Policy on employing ex-offenders in roles that would be on the staff register.

Disclosure of convictions

The operator shall immediately disclose to the Council in writing details of any convictions imposed on them during the currency of this licence.

Taximeters

Where a taximeter is used to record the fare for hiring, the Operator shall ensure that a table showing his/her current fare scale is displayed inside the vehicle in a position so that it is plainly and easily visible to any person being conveyed in the vehicle and that the table is kept in clean and legible condition.

Advertisement of business

The operator must not use in any advertisement of his/her business the words "Hackney Carriage", "Taxi" or "Cab" if licensed Hackney Carriages cannot be supplied.

Surrender of licence

If at any time during the period of the licence the operator for any reason does not wish to retain the licence (which is not transferable) or if at any time during the period of the licence it is suspended or revoked he must immediately surrender and return the licence to the Council.

Notification of accidents

If any vehicle (licensed by the Council) which is used by the Operator is involved in an accident the Operator must notify the Council's **Licensing Team** within 72 hours.

Running of a business

The Operator shall:

- provide a prompt, reliable and efficient service to the public at all reasonable times and in particular ensure that the premises to which the public have access for the purpose of making bookings or waiting for cars etc. are kept clean and provided with adequate seating facilities;
- ensure that the use of the premises which is used for the running of his/her business has no detrimental effect on the neighbourhood.
- notify the Council within 21 days of any change of business address or change of company or trading name.

Public Service Vehicles

Where a private hire vehicle is unsuitable, for example where a larger vehicle is needed because more than 8 passenger seats are required or to accommodate luggage, the booker should be informed that a Public Service Vehicle (PSV) is necessary, and that a PSV licensed driver will be used who is subject to different checks and not required to have an enhanced DBS check.

Public liability insurance

If the Operator has premises to which the public have access, in connection with the hiring of vehicles, he shall ensure that there is public liability insurance in force which indemnifies him against any claim for loss, damage or personal injury by any person using those premises.

Driver – Medical fitness

The Operator must not knowingly permit a driver to drive a licensed vehicle if they are aware that the person is suffering from any illness, disability or condition which may affect their ability to safely carry out their duties.

Vehicle with tinted windows

All windows must meet the requirements as prescribed by the Road Vehicles (Construction and Use) Regulations.

Informative

The Operator shall be aware that a booking accepted by telephone, or otherwise verbally, is a lawful agreement and he/she may be liable for breach of contract if a booking is not honoured. The accurate recording of booking details is a means of protecting yourself if such circumstances arise.

Appendix 8

Hackney Carriage Byelaws

Made under section 68 of the Town Police Clauses Act 1847, and section 171 of the Public Health Act 1875, by the District Council of Sevenoaks with respect to hackney carriages in the District of Sevenoaks.

Interpretation

1. Throughout these byelaws “the Council” means the District Council of Sevenoaks and “the district” means the District of Sevenoaks.

Provisions regulating the manner in which the number of each hackney carriage, corresponding with the number of its licence, shall be displayed

2. The proprietor of a hackney carriage shall cause the number of the licence granted to him in respect of the carriage to be legibly painted or marked on the outside and inside of the carriage, or on plates affixed thereto.

A proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage shall:

- not wilfully or negligently cause or suffer any such number to be concealed from public view while the carriage is standing or plying for hire;
- not cause or permit the carriage to stand or ply for hire with any such painting, marking or plate so defaced that any figure or material particular is illegible.

Provisions regulating how hackney carriages are to be furnished or provided

3. The proprietor of a hackney carriage shall:
 - provide sufficient means by which any person in the carriage may communicate with the driver;
 - cause the roof or covering to be kept water-tight;
 - provide any necessary windows and means of opening and closing not less than one window on each side;
 - cause the seats to be properly cushioned or covered;
 - cause the floor to be provided with a proper carpet, mat or other suitable covering;
 - cause the fittings and furniture generally to be kept in a clean condition, well maintained and in every way fit for public service;
 - provide means for securing luggage if the hackney carriage is so constructed as to carry luggage;
 - provide at least two doors for the use of persons conveyed in such carriage and a separate means of ingress and egress for the driver.

4. The proprietor of a hackney carriage shall cause the same to be provided with a taximeter so constructed, attached and maintained as to comply with the following requirements, that is to say:
 - a) the taximeter shall be fitted with a key, flag or other device the turning of which will bring the machinery of the taximeter into action and cause the word "HIRED" to appear on the face of the taximeter;
 - b) such key, flag or other device shall be capable of being locked in such a position that the machinery of the taximeter is not in action and that no fare is recorded on the face of the taximeter;
 - c) when the machinery of the taximeter is in action there shall be recorded on the face of the taximeter in clearly legible figures a fare not exceeding the rate or fare which the proprietor or driver is entitled to demand and take for the hire of the carriage by distance and time in pursuance of the tariff fixed by the Council;
 - d) the word "FARE" shall be printed on the face of the taximeter in plain letters so as clearly to apply to the fare recorded thereon;
 - e) the taximeter shall be so placed that all letters and figures on the face thereof are at all times plainly visible to any person being conveyed in the carriage, and for that purpose the letters and figures shall be capable of being suitably illuminated during any period of hiring; and
 - f) the taximeter and all the fittings thereof shall be so affixed to the carriage with seals or other appliances that it shall not be practicable for any person to tamper with them except by breaking, damaging or permanently displacing the seals or other appliances.

Provisions regulating the conduct of the proprietors and drivers of hackney carriages plying within the district in their several employments, and determining whether such drivers shall wear any and what badges

5. The driver of a hackney carriage provided with a taximeter shall: -
 - a) when standing or plying for hire, keep the key, flag or other device fitted in pursuance of the byelaw in that behalf locked in the position in which no fare is recorded on the face of the taximeter;
 - b) before beginning a journey for which a fare is charged for distance and time, bring the machinery of the taximeter into action by moving the said key, flag or other device, so that the word "HIRED" is legible on the face of the taximeter and keep the machinery of the taximeter in action until the termination of the hiring; and
 - c) cause the dial of the taximeter to be kept properly illuminated throughout any part of a hiring which is between half an hour after sunset and half an hour before sunrise, and also at any other time at the request of the hirer.

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6. A proprietor or driver of a carriage shall not tamper with or permit any person to tamper with any taximeter with which the carriage is provided, with the fittings thereof, or with the seals affixed thereto.
7. The driver of a hackney carriage shall, when plying for hire in any street and not actually hired:
 - a) proceed with reasonable speed to one of the stands appointed by the Council;
 - b) if a stand, at the time of his arrival, is occupied by the full number of carriages authorised to occupy it, proceed to another stand;
 - c) on arriving at a stand not already occupied by the full number of carriages authorised to occupy it, station the carriage immediately behind the carriage or carriages on the stand and so as to face in the same direction; and
 - d) from time to time, when any other carriage immediately in front is driven off or moved forward, cause his carriage to be moved forward so as to fill the place previously occupied by the carriage driven off or moved forward.
8. At no time is smoking permitted in any Hackney Carriage or Private Hire Vehicle.
9. A proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage, when standing or plying for hire shall not make use of the services of any other person for the purpose of importuning any person to hire such carriage.
10. The driver of a hackney carriage shall behave in a civil and orderly manner and shall take all reasonable precautions to ensure the safety of persons conveyed in or entering or alighting from the vehicle.
11. The proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage who has agreed or has been hired to be in attendance with the carriage at an appointed time and place shall, unless delayed or prevented by some sufficient cause, punctually attend with such carriage at such appointed time and place.
12. A proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage shall not convey or permit to be conveyed in such carriage any greater number of persons than the number of persons specified on the plate affixed to the outside of the carriage.
13. If a badge has been provided by the Council and delivered to the driver of a hackney carriage he shall, when standing or plying for hire, and when hired, wear that badge in such position and manner as to be plainly visible.
14. The driver of a hackney carriage so constructed as to carry luggage shall, when requested by any person hiring or seeking to hire the carriage:
 - a) convey a reasonable quantity of luggage;
 - b) afford reasonable assistance in loading and unloading; and

- c) afford reasonable assistance in removing it to or from the entrance of any building, station or place at which he may take up or set down such person.

Provisions fixing the rates or fares to be paid for hackney carriages within the District, and securing the due publication of such fares.

- 15. The proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage shall be entitled to demand and take for the hire of the carriage the rate or fare prescribed by the Council, the rate or fare being calculated by distance and time unless the hirer expresses at the commencement of the hiring his desire to engage by time.

Provided always that, where a hackney carriage furnished with a taximeter shall be hired by distance and time, the proprietor or driver thereof shall not be entitled to demand and take a fare greater than that recorded on the face of the taximeter, save for any extra charges authorised by the Council which it may not be possible to record on the face of the taximeter.

- 16. (a) The proprietor of a hackney carriage shall cause a statement of the fares fixed by Council resolution to be exhibited inside the carriage, in clearly distinguishable letters and figures.

(b) The proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage bearing a statement of fares in accordance with this byelaw shall not wilfully or negligently cause or suffer the letters or figures in the statement to be concealed or rendered illegible at any time while the carriage is plying or being used for hire.

Provisions securing the safe custody and redelivery of any property accidentally left in hackney carriages, and fixing the charges to be made in respect thereof

- 17. The proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage shall, immediately after the termination of any hiring or as soon as practicable thereafter, carefully search the carriage for any property which may have been accidentally left therein.
- 18. The proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage shall, if any property accidentally left therein by any person who may have been conveyed in the carriage be found by or handed to him:
 - a) carry it as soon as possible and in any event within 48 hours, if not sooner claimed by or on behalf of its owner, to the office of the Council, and leave it in the custody of the officer in charge on his giving a receipt for it; and
 - b) be entitled to receive from any person to whom the property shall be redelivered an amount equal to ten pence in the pound of its estimated value (or the fare for the distance from the place of finding to the office of the Council, whichever is the greater) but not more than twenty five pounds.

Penalties

- 19. Every person who shall offend against any of these byelaws shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding Level 2 on the Standard Scale and in

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the case of a continuing offence to a further fine not exceeding two pounds for each day during which the offence continues after conviction therefore.

Repeal of byelaws

The byelaws relating to hackney carriages referred to in the following schedule are hereby repealed.

Appendix 9

Penalty points system - list of offences/breach of licence conditions

Town Police Clauses Act 1847

Section	Offence	Penalty points
40	Giving false information on application for HC proprietor's licence.	12
44	Failure to notify change of address of HC proprietor.	2
45	Plying for hire without HC proprietor's licence.	8-12
47	Driving a HC without HC driver's licence.	8-12
47	Lending or parting with HC driver's licence.	4
47	HC proprietor employing unlicensed driver.	12
48	Failure by HC proprietor to hold HC driver's licence for person driving the vehicle.	6
48	Failure by HC proprietor to produce HC driver's licence.	3
52	Failure to display HC plate.	4
53	Refusal to take a fare without reasonable excuse	6-12
54	Charging more than the agreed fare.	6-12
55	Obtaining more than the legal fare. (Failure to refund)	6-12
56	Travelling less than the lawful distance for an agreed fare.	6-12
57	Failure to wait after a deposit to wait has been paid.	6-12
58	Charging more than the legal fare.	12
59	Carrying other person than the hirer without consent of hirer	8
60	Driving HC without proprietor's consent.	6-12
60	Allowing another to drive HC without proprietor's consent.	6-12
62	Driver leaving HC unattended.	2
64	HC driver obstructing other HC's.	3

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Local Government (Miscellaneous Provision) Act 1976

Section	Offence	Points
46(1)(a)	Using an unlicensed private hire vehicle	12
46(1)(b)	Driving a private hire vehicle without a private hire drivers" licence	12
46(1)(c)	Proprietor of a private hire vehicle using an unlicensed driver	8-12
46(1)(d)	Operating a private hire vehicle without a private hire operator's licence	8-12
46(1)(e)	Operating a vehicle as a private hire vehicle when the vehicle is not licensed as a private hire vehicle.	12
46(1)(e)	Operating a private hire vehicle when the driver is not licensed as a private hire operator.	8-12
48(6)	Failure to display a private hire vehicle plate	4
49	Failure to notify the transfer of a HC proprietor's licence.	3
50 (1)	Failure to present a HC for inspection, as required.	6-12
50 (2)	Failure to inform the Authority where the HC is stored.	3
50 (3)	Failure to report an accident to the Authority within 72hours.	6
50 (4)	Failure to produce the HC proprietor's licence and insurance cert	4
53 (3)	Failure to produce HC driver's licence.	3-4
54(2)	Failure to wear a private hire driver's badge	3-4
56(2)	Failure of a private hire operator to keep proper records of all bookings, or failure to produce them on request of an Authorised Officer of the Council or a Police Officer	6
56(3)	Failure of a private hire operator to keep records of all private hire vehicles, or failure to produce them on request of an Authorised Officer of the Council or a Police Officer	6
56(4)	Failure of a private hire operator to produce his licence on request	4
57	Making a false statement or withholding information to obtain a HC driver's licence.	12

Section	Offence	Points
58 (2)	Failure to return a plate after notice given following expiry, revocation or suspension of a HC proprietor's licence.	6
61 (2)	Failure to surrender a driver's licence after suspension, revocation or refusal to renew.	6
64	Permitting any vehicle other than a HC to wait on a HC stand.	6
66	Charging more than the meter fare for a journey ending outside the district, without prior agreement.	6-12
67	Charging more than the meter fare when HC used as PH vehicle.	6-12
69	Unnecessarily prolonging a journey.	6-12
71	Interfering with a taximeter with intent to mislead.	12
73(1)(a)	Obstruction of an authorised Officer or Constable.	12
73(1)(b)	Failure to comply with a requirement of an authorised Officer or Constable.	6-12
73(1)(c)	Failure to give information or assistance to an authorised Officer or Constable.	6-12

Equality Act 2010

Section	Offence	Points
165	Failure of a driver of a designated hackney carriage to comply with duties relating to passengers in wheelchairs, or another person who wishes to be accompanied by a disabled person who is in a wheelchair	12
165	Failure of a driver of a designated private hire vehicle to comply with duties relating to passengers in wheelchairs, or another person who wishes to be accompanied by a disabled person who is in a wheelchair	12
168	Refusal to carry a guide, hearing, or other assistance dog in a hackney carriage without a valid certificate of exemption	12
168	Charging an additional cost for the carrying of an assistance dog in a hackney carriage	12
170	Refusal to carry a guide, hearing, or other assistance dog in a private hire vehicle without a valid certificate of exemption	12
170	Charging an additional cost for the carrying of an assistance dog in a private hire vehicle	12

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Transport Act 1980

Section	Offence	Points
64(2)(a)	Driving a vehicle with a sign above its roof which consists or includes the word "taxi" or "cab" whether alone or part of another word	10
64(2)(b)	Causes or permits a vehicle to have a sign above its roof which consists of or includes the word "taxi" or "cab" whether alone or part of another word	10

Policy: Private Hire Driver's Licence Conditions

Offence	Points
Not being respectably dressed and clean & tidy in appearance	2
Failure to wear a badge.	4-6
Failure to behave in a civil, polite and orderly manner.	3
Failure to ensure the safety of passengers.	4
Concealing or defacing a licence plate.	4
Failure to attend on time for pre-arranged booking without sufficient cause.	3
Conveying a greater number of passengers than permitted.	6
Failure to give assistance with passenger's luggage.	3
Soliciting for hire or accepting a fare that is not pre-booked.	6 -12
Operating a vehicle that is not clean and tidy	2-6
Driving without the consent of the proprietor.	5- 6
Drinking or eating in the vehicle without permission of passenger.	2-3
Causing excessive noise from any radio or sound-reproducing instrument, which annoys anyone in or outside the vehicle.	2
Operating the horn as a means of signalling that the vehicle has arrived.	3

Offence	Points
Allowing the vehicle to stand in such a position as to suggest that it is plying for hire, or using a hackney carriage stand.	6
Using a non-hands free mobile phone whilst driving	8
Failure to provide medical certificate or note notifying a medical condition	6-12
Failure to provide a receipt when requested.	2
Failure to operate the meter from commencement of the journey and charging more than the fixed charge for hire of Hackney Carriages.	4-12
Failing to notify changes within 14 days.	3
Failure to produce a copy of the licence.	4
Failure to notify within 7 days of starting or terminating employment, the name and address of the proprietor and the date when the employment either started or ended.	3
Failure to show the private hire driver's licence to the proprietor at the beginning of an employment.	2
Failure to surrender a driver's licence, badge or plate on cessation of employment.	6
Failing to notify of change of address of any amendment to the details of a licence within 14 days	3
Failing to disclose convictions within 7 days.	8 -12
Failure to search vehicle daily or failure to take found property to the Council Offices within 72 hours of finding it.	3
Failure to report an accident within 72 hours	3
Carrying an animal other than one with passenger.	2
Carrying an animal not safely restrained.	3
Failure to carry assistance dog without an exemption certificate.	5-6
Failure to comply with wheelchair carriage requirements.	5-6

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Policy: Vehicle Specifications & Conditions of Licence

Offence	Points
Operating a vehicle which does not comply with the Councils Vehicle Specification where such offence is not otherwise specified below	2 - 6
Operating a vehicle, which is not maintained in a sound and roadworthy condition.	6
Operating a vehicle, which is not maintained in a clean and safe condition inside and out.	3
Modifying a vehicle without the consent of the Council	4
Failure to display or maintain external licence plates which indicate the maximum number of passengers who may be conveyed.	4
Hackney vehicle signage not in accordance with council requirements.	4
Affixing or displaying on a private hire vehicle any roof sign.	6
Displaying on a private hire vehicle any sign or notice which consists of or includes the word TAXI or CAB or FOR HIRE	4
Displaying a sign or advertisement that does not comply with Council requirements or is not authorised by the Council.	3
Taximeter which does not comply with the Council's Vehicle Specification.	5
Trailer which does not comply the Council's Vehicle Specification	3
Operating a vehicle which does not comply with the Council's policy requirements	6
Operating a vehicle, which does not comply the Council's Vehicle Specification in respect of window tint.	4
No insurance or inappropriate insurance for the vehicle.	12
Failing to notify vehicle change or transfer within 14 days.	3
Failing to make the vehicle licence available for inspection.	3
Allowing a vehicle to be used for hire by a person who does not hold a current private hire or hackney driver's licence	8
Failure to properly report an accident to the Authority.	3
Permitting the vehicle to be used for any illegal or immoral purposes.	12

Offence	Points
Failure to arrange repair or replacement of card payment facilities within 48 hours : 2 points for each day without card payment facilities after initial 48 hours	2

Policy: Breach of Conditions attached to Operator's Licence

Offence	Points
Failure to provide a prompt, efficient and reliable service at all reasonable times.	3
Failure to ensure that office staff employed by operator act in a civil and orderly manner at all times.	3
Failure to ensure that a vehicle attends punctually at the appointed time and place unless prevented by some sufficient cause.	4
Failure to keep the premises clean, adequately heated, ventilated, lit, and in accordance with the requirements of licence conditions.	3
Failure to properly keep or produce records of private hire bookings, vehicles, drivers or other documents required to be kept or produced. (see LGMP s56(2) & (3) above)	6
Failure to act properly upon the receipt of a complaint or to notify immediately the Licensing Officer.	4
Failure to notify the Council of any changes, including change of address from where the business operates within 14 days.	3
Failure to disclose in writing within 7 days details of any conviction or police caution imposed on him to the licensing section.	12
Failure to ensure that an appropriate certificate of motor insurance covers every vehicle operated by him under the licence.	6
Failure to obtain appropriate public liability insurance for the premises or to produce the same.	4
Failure to ensure that every driver has a private hire licence and badge.	4

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Offence	Points
Failure to keep a copy of the conditions at the premises or to make the same available for inspection by passengers.	4
Failure to make the Operator's licence available for inspection. (see LGMP s56 (4) above.	6

Appendix 10

**POLICY IN RESPECT OF REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION, DISCLOSURE
OF INFORMATION, AND USE OF INFORMATION AS A RESULT OF AN
ENTRY ON NR3**



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Introduction

Licensing Authorities are required to satisfy themselves that those holding a Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Vehicle (PHV) drivers licences are 'fit & proper' to do so. This is done firstly during the determination of an application for a licence, and then at any time during the period of holding a licence.

The process of assessing whether an applicant or licensee is 'fit & proper' may vary between authorities but there is widespread consensus on the need to increase consistency and set national standards for the fit and proper test at a suitably high level. This would help prevent individuals who have had a licence revoked by one authority from simply going to another area and securing a licence – assuming the second authority was aware of the earlier revocation.

Currently if drivers do not disclose information about a previous revocation, refusal **or suspension** of a licence, there is often no way for a licensing authority to find this information out. This means that vital intelligence about an applicants' past behaviour is being missed and an individual might be able to obtain a new licence in another area, despite having their licence revoked elsewhere. High profile instances of this happening have undermined public confidence in the safety of hackney carriage and PHVs, and left licensing authorities open to criticism for something that is currently very difficult for them to control.

In response to this issue this council has subscribed to the national register of hackney carriage and PHV driver licence refusals, revocations **and suspensions** the National Register of Refusals, Revocations **and Suspensions** or NR3. The register will allow licensing authorities to record details of where a hackney carriage or PHV driver's licence has been refused, revoked **or suspended**, and allow licensing authorities to check new applicants against the register. This should help to prevent people found to be not fit and proper in one area from securing a licence somewhere else through deception and non-disclosure. For the avoidance of doubt, the NR3 does not extend to vehicle or operator licensing decisions.

1 Policy

In this policy, the 'first authority' refers to a licensing authority which made a specific entry onto the National Register of Refusals, Revocations **and Suspensions**; the 'second authority' refers to a licensing authority which is seeking more detailed information about the entry.

2 Overarching principles

This policy covers the use that this authority will make of the ability to access and use information contained on the National Register of Taxi Licence Revocations, Refusals **and Suspensions** (NR3). The NR3 contains information relating to any refusal to grant,

revocation **and suspension** of a taxi drivers' licence¹. This information is important in the context of a subsequent application to another authority for a drivers' licence by a person who has had their licence refused, revoked **or suspended** in the past.

This authority has signed up to the NR3. This means that when an application for a taxi drivers' licence is refused, or when an existing taxi drivers' licence is revoked **or suspended**, that information will be placed upon the register.

When an application for a new drivers' licence, or renewal of an existing drivers' licence is received, this authority will make a search of the NR3. The search will only be made by an officer who has been trained in the use of the NR3 and who is acting in accordance with this policy. If details are found that appear to relate to the applicant, a request will be made to the authority that entered that information for further details.

Any information that is received from any other authority in relation to an application will only be used in relation to that application, and the determination of it, and will not be used for any other purpose. Any data that is received will only be kept for as long as is necessary in relation to the determination of that application. This will include the period of processing that application, making a decision, notifying the applicant of the outcome of that decision, and the appeal processes.

For the avoidance of doubt, any such data will be kept for a period of no more than 35 days from the date of the service of the written notification of the determination of the application².

Where an appeal to the magistrates' court is made, the data will be retained until that appeal is determined or abandoned. Where the appeal is determined by the magistrates' court, there is a further right of appeal to the Crown Court. In these circumstances, the data will be retained for a further period of no more than 35 days from the date of the decision of the magistrates' court. If an appeal is made to the Crown Court, the data will be retained until that appeal is determined or abandoned. Where the appeal is determined by the magistrates' court or the Crown Court, it is possible to appeal the decision by way of case stated³. Accordingly, the data will be retained for a period of no more than 35 days from the date of the decision of the

¹ Throughout this policy reference is made to 'taxi drivers' licence.' This generic term covers a hackney carriage drivers' licence, a private hire drivers' licence and a combined/dual licence.

² The appeal period is 21 days from the date on which the written notification of the decision was received by the applicant/licensee. An appeal must be lodged within that time period, and no extension of that period is permissible (see *Stockton-on-Tees Borough Council v Latif* [2009] LLR 374). However to ensure that the information is available if an appeal is lodged and there is a dispute over time periods, a period of 35 days is specified.

³ Any appeal by way of a case must be lodged within 21 days of the decision of either the Magistrates Court or the Crown Court (see The Criminal Procedure Rules R35.2). To ensure that the information is available if an appeal is lodged by way of case stated and there is a dispute over time periods, a period of 35 days is specified.

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Crown Court (if the decision was made by the magistrates' court, the retention period has already been addressed). If an appeal by way of case states (which will include potential appeals to the Court of Appeal and Supreme Court) have been determined.

The data will be held securely in accordance with this authority's general policy on the secure retention of personal data which is available at www.sevenoaks.gov.uk to the end of the retention period, the data will be erased and/or destroyed in accordance with this authority's general policy on the erasure and destruction which is available at www.sevenoaks.gov.uk

3 Making a request for further information regarding an entry in NR3

When an application is made to this authority for the grant of a new, or renewal of, a taxi drivers' licence this authority will check the NR3.

This authority will make and then retain a clear written record of every search that is made of the register. This will detail:

- the date of the search;
- the name or names searched;
- the reason for the search (new application or renewal);
- The results of the search; and
- The use made of the results of the search (this information will be entered to the register at a later date).

This record will not be combined with any other records (i.e. combined with a register of licences granted) and will be retained for the retention period of 25 years.

If this authority discovers any match (i.e. there is an entry in the register for the same name and identifying details) a request will be made to the authority that entered those details (the first authority) for further information about that entry. That request will also include details of this authority's data protection policy in relation to the use of any data that is obtained as a result of this process.

This request will be made in writing in accordance with the form at **Appendix 1** of this policy. It will be posted or emailed to the contact address of the authority that entered those details (the first authority) which will be detailed in the register.

1. Responding to a request for further information regarding an entry on NR3

When this authority receives a request for further information from another authority a clear written record will be made of the request having been received. This record will not be combined with any other records (i.e. a combined register of licences granted) and will be retained for the retention period of 25 years.

This authority will then determine how to respond to the request. It is not lawful to simply provide information as a blanket response to every request.

This authority has conducted a Data Protection Impact Assessment. This has considered how the other authority (the second authority) will use the data, how it will store that data to prevent unauthorised disclosure, the retention period for that data, and the mechanism for erasure or destruction of the data at the end of the period. It is expected that if the second authority has adopted a policy similar to this, that should be a reasonably straightforward process.

If this authority is satisfied that the other authority's (the 2nd authority) data protection procedures are satisfactory, consideration will then be given as to what information will be disclosed. This will be determined by an officer who has been trained to discharge this function.

Any disclosure must be considered and proportionate, taking into account the data subjects' rights and the position and responsibilities of a taxi driver. Data is held on the NR3 register for a period of 25 years, but this authority (the 1st authority) will not disclose information relating to every entry. Each application will be considered on its own merits.

We will disclose information relating to a revocation, **suspension** or refusal to grant a drivers' licence in accordance with the timescales contained within this authority's Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Policy (Relevance of Convictions and Cautions). Where the reason for **suspension**, refusal to grant or revocation relates to a conviction which is within the timescales determined in those guidelines, the information will be disclosed. Where the reason for **suspension**, refusal to grant or revocation relates to a conviction which is outside those guidelines, the information will not be disclosed. However, in every case, consideration will be given to the full circumstances of the decision and there may be occasions where information is provided other than in accordance with this policy.

Lawful basis for processing : It is necessary for the Council to process the personal data contained in the records in the exercise of official authority. To this end the lawful basis relied upon is 'Public Task'.

The public functions and powers in respect of applications for hackney Carriage Licensing are set out in law. In the light of government guidance the Council could not reasonable perform the task or exercise the powers in a less intrusive way.

Any information about convictions will be shared in accordance with this policy under part 2 of schedule 1 to the Data Protection Act (DPA) 2018; that is, the processing is necessary for reasons of substantial public interest in connection with the exercise of a function conferred on the authority by an enactment or rule of law.

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The officer will record what action was taken and why. This authority will make and then retain a clear written record of every decision that is made as a result of a request from another authority. This will detail:

- the date the request was received
- how the data protection impact assessment was conducted and its conclusions
- the name or names searched
- whether any information was provided
- if information was provided, why it was provided (and details of any further advice obtained before the decision was made)
- if information was not provided, why it was not provided (and details of any further advice obtained before the decision was made) and
- how and when the decision (and any information) was communicated to the requesting authority.

This record will not be combined with any other records (i.e. combined with a register of licences granted) and will be retained for the retention period of 25 years.

4 Using any information obtained as a result of a request to another authority

When this authority receives information as a result of a request that has been made to another authority, it will take that information into account when determining the application for the grant or renewal of a taxi drivers' licence. This will be in accordance with the usual process for determining applications.

This authority will make and then retain a clear written record of the use that is made of the results of the search (this information will be added to the register detailed above).

Information that is received may warrant significant weight being attached to it, but it will not be the sole basis for any decision that this authority will make in relation to the application.

APPENDIX 1

Information Disclosure Form

This form is submitted following a search of the National Register of Refusals and Revocations (NR3)

Name of licensing authority requesting information <i>(For completion by requestor authority)</i>	
Requestor authority reference number	
Name of licensing authority from which information is sought	
Name of individual in respect of whom the information is sought	
Decision in respect of which the request is made: a) Refusal b) Revocation c) Suspension	
Other details for this record: Address: Driving Licence Number National Insurance Number (NI) Reference Number	

DECLARATION BY REQUESTING AUTHORITY:

The authority hereby confirms that this information is being sought in connection with the exercising of its statutory function to ensure that holders of taxi/private hire vehicle licences are fit and proper persons, and that the processing of this data is therefore necessary in the performance of a task carried out in the public interest.

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The information provided below will only be processed, used and saved by the authority in connection with this particular application and in accordance with all relevant data and privacy requirements, as previously advised by the authority to applicants for and existing holders of taxi and private hire vehicles, and will be retained in accordance with the Authority's retention policy relating to the provision of such information.

To enable the authority to conduct a data protection impact assessment, details of this authority's policy in relation to the use of information obtained as a result of this request can be accessed at www.sevenoaks.gov.uk

Signed:

Name:

Position:

Date:

(For completion by providing authority)

Further information to support decision recorded on NR3 in respect of the above named individual

Declaration by providing authority

The authority hereby confirms that it has concluded a data protection impact assessment.

It also confirms that the information above is accurate and has been provided after thorough consideration by the authority as to the proportionality and lawfulness of making this disclosure. The information reflects the basis on which the decision recorded in the National Register of Refusals, Revocations **and Suspension** was made. In the event that the authority becomes aware that this information is no longer accurate, we will advise the above-named authority accordingly.

The authority also confirms that, as part of the basis for securing, retaining or applying for a tax/private hire drivers' licence the above named individual has been made aware

to the fact that this information will be shared, in accordance with all relevant data and privacy requirements.

Signed:

Name:

Position:

Date:

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Hackney carriage and private hire licensing policy

1 April 2021 to 31 March 2024

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Effective from 1 April 2021

The role of licensing: Policy justification

The aim of local authority licensing of Hackney Carriage and Private Hire trade is to protect the public by ensuring that all drivers, vehicles and operators are licensed in accordance with the Statutory Provisions and the Council's Policy. The Council is aware that the public should have reasonable access to Hackney Carriage (HC) and Private Hire Vehicle (PHV) services which are integral to local transport provisions.

Licensing requirements which are unduly stringent may prevent the supply of HC and PHV services, by increasing the cost of operation or restricting entry to the trade. Sevenoaks District Council recognises that an unduly restrictive approach may be detrimental to the public interest and could have adverse safety implications.

For example, it is important that a member of the public using a HC or PHV to travel alone late at night, can be confident the driver is "fit and proper" and the vehicle is safe. However, on the other hand if the supply of HC or PHVs has been unduly constrained by onerous licensing conditions, then that person's safety might be put at risk by having to wait on streets late at night for a HC or PHV to become available.

1 Introduction

The Licensing Authority at Sevenoaks District Council (“the Council”) is responsible for processing all applications for hackney carriage and private hire licences including drivers, vehicles and private hire operators. The team also deals with complaints and compliance in relation to hackney carriage and private hire matters.

The licensing of hackney carriage and private hire drivers, vehicles and operators aims to secure the following objectives:

- All licensed drivers and operators are “fit and proper” persons in accordance with the statutory legislation;
- All vehicles licensed by the Council are safe, comfortable, properly insured and available where and when required;
- To encourage the use of environmentally friendly vehicles; and
- To encourage the use of vehicles that are accessible to persons who have disabilities.

The Council will ensure that these aims are met by setting minimum requirements for the licensing of drivers, vehicles and operators. These requirements include:

- Up to three yearly licensing of drivers including medical checks, six monthly criminal record clearance, an appropriate level of driving ability and a sound knowledge of the area.
- DVLA checks of all drivers’ licences at first application and at renewal.
- Five yearly licensing of private hire operators, subject to the power to grant a licence for a shorter period of time should this be appropriate in the circumstances, with annual basic criminal checks.
- Routine inspections of records maintained by private hire operators.
- Annual licensing of vehicles will include inspections by authorised officers which will incorporate mechanical vehicle testing and confirmation of appropriate documentation such as insurance certificate;
- Investigation of complaints and enforcement of legislation and licence conditions with appropriate action taken in accordance with the Council’s Enforcement Policy statement.
- Ongoing training and development of the Council’s Licensing staff.
- Provision of information to the hackney carriage and private hire trades with members of the public through press releases and publications, the Council’s website and attendance at relevant forums.

2 Review of policy and procedures

2.1 Legislation

In undertaking its licensing function, the Council will have particular regard for:

- Town Police Clauses Act 1847 and 1889
- Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976
- Transport Act 1985 and 2000
- Crime and Disorder Act 1998
- Environmental Protection Act 1990
- Equalities Act 2010
- Road Traffic Acts
- Health Act 2006
- Human Rights Act 1998
- Regulators Code

2.2 Taxi and Private Hire Licensing: best practice guidance March 2010 & Statutory Taxi & Private Hire Vehicle Standards 2020

The Department for Transport (DfT) has national responsibility for hackney carriage and private hire legislation in England and Wales. Following widespread consultation, the DfT has produced Best Practice Guidance (superseded by the Statutory Taxi & Private Hire Vehicle Standards) for licensing authorities which sets out standards which can be considered good practice in this area of licensing, although it also recognises that individual licensing authorities should produce their own policies in relation to specific licensing matters. Both these Guidance documents have been taken into consideration in preparing this policy. Regard has also been given to the Licensing Partnership and this has been seen as an opportunity to have some consistency across the three authorities. The Licensing Partnership includes Maidstone Borough Council, Sevenoaks District Council and Tunbridge Wells Borough Council. This policy relates to Sevenoaks District Council.

2.3 Consultation

The Council is keen to hear the views of persons who may be affected by this policy and has identified people and organisations that may be interested in commenting on this document. The Council has consulted widely and invited comments from any interested party in particular those listed below.

- Representatives of Sevenoaks licensed hackney & private hire drivers
- Representatives and trade groups of Sevenoaks taxi proprietors and private hire vehicle licence holders.

- Representatives of the District's Operators
- All District Councillors
- Town and Parish Councils
- Neighbouring Authorities
- Community Safety Unit
- Sevenoaks Access Group
- Local businesses and residents
- The National Private Hire Association
- The National Taxi Association
- Members of the Public through the Council's website
- Public Health Kent
- Chamber of Commerce
- Kent Police
- Kent County Council Traffic & Road Safety
- Kent County Council (School Contracts)
- Citizens Advice Bureau
- Age Concern

Minor amendments to this Policy required, for example, by virtue of legislative change or administrative procedural change, may be made by the Head of Licensing following consultation with the chair of the Licensing Committee and the Cabinet Member with responsibility for Licensing. These will be reported back to the next full Licensing Committee.

2.4 Implementation

The Policy and associated documentation are available for inspection on the Council's website.

The Policy will remain in existence for a period of three years, during which time it shall be kept under review and revised as appropriate or after any significant legislative change.

Upon implementation of this Policy, the Authority expects licence-holders to comply with its terms immediately.

2.5 Online forms

The Licensing Partnership has introduced online forms to facilitate applications. The authority is committed to keeping the cost of providing the licensing service down and online forms assist with this aim.

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All **new** applications that are made online will require an applicant to meet with an officer to complete the application process. At this meeting **all original documents are required to be presented.**

The Council will accept scanned accompanying documents or photographic images with online **renewal** applications. However, if the submitted images do not match with the electronic images already held by the Licensing Partnership, we reserve the right to require the original documentation to be presented to the Licensing Authority.

3. Hackney Carriage and/or Private Hire Driver Licence – new and renewal applications

Sections 51 and 59 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 require that a district council shall not grant a driver's licence to drive a private hire vehicle or hackney carriage unless they are satisfied that an applicant is a fit and proper person.

In order for the Council to establish whether an applicant is fit and proper the applicant must provide evidence of:

- Honesty and trustworthiness
- Driving standard
- Medical fitness
- Criminal history
- Relevant knowledge of the district
- Understanding of English (spoken, written and reading)

All applicants must read the Council's Policy regarding convictions and cautions located at **Appendix 1** before considering whether to apply for a Hackney Carriage/ Private Hire Vehicle driver's licence.

Application forms must be completed in full. Any incomplete forms will be returned to the applicant as invalid. An email address provided by an applicant or licensed driver is deemed to be valid for all email correspondence sent by officers, and can only be updated by written notification of a change of email address.

Applications will only be accepted as valid if they include and/or are accompanied by the following:

- Application form provided by the Council, complete in its entirety and signed by the applicant.
- The appropriate fee. The current fees are available from the licensing department or our website.
- The applicant's original DVLA driving licence. Applicants must have held a full DVLA or EU licence for at least 1 year for a new application.
- A completed medical certificate
- Driving Standards Assessment practical taxi test and wheelchair test for all new hackney carriage/ private hire drivers, delivered by an external company; details available on our website
- Evidence of passing the Council's knowledge test (new applicants only);
- One recent, colour, passport sized photograph of the applicant (no sunglasses or hats. Hats may only be worn for religious beliefs while showing full facial features.)

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- Applicants must obtain and submit to the Council the 8 digit driving licence 'Check Code' from the DVLA. The 'Check Code' is only valid for 21 days from the date of issue.
- Application for a Disclosure and Barring Service Enhanced Check completed by the applicant with accompanying identification or a current valid disclosure certificate completed within 1 month and obtained via an approved body which will allow an update service check to be performed. This must include a check for 'adults and child workforce'. Applicants who are not signed up to the DBS update service will be expected to do so.
- For all applicants who have lived in the United Kingdom for less than 5 years continuously, a certificate of good conduct from the appropriate embassy is required (new applications only).
- For those applicants not holding an EU passport, evidence will need to be provided of the applicant's right to work in the United Kingdom, which will include a relevant VISA or letter from the appropriate Embassy/Authority. The Licensing Authority may also contact the Home Office to carry out immigration checks when it is appropriate to do so.
- All applicants must provide **original** documentary evidence confirming their right to live and work in the UK. Any licence granted to drivers whose leave to remain in the UK is time limited will only be valid for the period which they are entitled to work in the UK. In order for the licence to be extended, drivers must produce further evidence to prove they have the right to work in the UK.
- Two items confirming the applicant's address.
- Documentary proof of the applicants National Insurance number.

3.1 Fees

All applications must be accompanied by the appropriate fee as prescribed from time to time by the Council. Licensing fees are reviewed on an annual basis and approved by the Council.

No refunds are payable where applications are not pursued or completed or where applications are refused e.g. as a result of relevant criminal records, where relevant information has been withheld or where applicants fail to meet application requirements. The Licensing Officers can advise individual applicants who have queries in relation to this issue and any such information is strictly confidential.

Any outstanding application older than 12 months will be destroyed. Should the applicant wish to pursue the application after 12 months a new application will need to be submitted with a fee together with a new Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) and medical certificate.

3.2 Driving standards

It is a statutory requirement that a licence will not be issued to any person, who at the time of the application has not held a full driving licence for a continuous period of one year immediately prior to the date of receipt of a valid application to the Council.

Driving licences issued by EU/EEA States and Countries detailed in the Driving Licences (Exchangeable Licences) Orders are also permitted to count towards the 1 year period qualification requirement for the grant of a private hire and/or hackney carriage licence.

In order to establish that an applicant has reached an acceptable driving standard, new applicants will also be required to have successfully undertaken the driving standards practical taxi test delivered by one of the Council's nominated providers.

Existing drivers may also be required to undertake this test where serious concerns are raised about the standards of their driving.

All new applications for a driver's licence will be required to successfully complete a practical taxi test and wheelchair test without exception.

Drivers of a wheelchair accessible vehicle (WAV's) must have undertaken the enhanced practical taxi test which includes the wheelchair exercise. If a driver changes his vehicle to a wheelchair accessible one then they must undertake the element that includes the wheelchair exercise.

A first time driver applicant must demonstrate by means of an online test, an acceptable knowledge of the Council's district. The Council may also require the applicant to demonstrate their knowledge of any byelaws, rules and conditions that apply to certain licence types.

3.3 Age

All applicants for HC/PHV driver licences will be assessed on their individual merits. Sevenoaks District Council does not consider it necessary to set a maximum age limit for drivers provided that regular medical checks are made (see 3.4), nor does it consider a minimum age limit, beyond the statutory limitations, to be appropriate.

3.4 Medical fitness

There is a general recognition that it is appropriate for HC/PHV drivers to have more stringent medical standards than those applicable to normal car drivers because:

- they carry members of the public who have expectations of a safe journey;
- they are on the road for longer hours than most drivers; and
- they may have to assist disabled passengers and handle luggage.

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Sevenoaks District Council supports the widely held view that Group 2 medical standards should also be applied by local authorities to HC/PHV drivers.

All applicants will be required to obtain a Group 2 medical standards certificate signed by their own GP, or another practitioner (registered with the General Medical Council) who have accessed at least 2 years medical records.

Once licensed, a new medical will be required to be undertaken at renewal (every 3 years) or annually once the driver reaches the age of 65 years.

The Group 2 medical standards now include the licensing of drivers with insulin treated diabetes. It is the policy of Sevenoaks District Council to apply the standards to taxi and PHV drivers with insulin treated diabetes. The criteria is summarised in Appendix 3.

Should concerns arise regarding the health of a licensed driver, the Council at any time may request further information or a further medical examination to be carried out and submitted. The Council reserves the right to revoke or suspend a licence if requested information is not submitted within 4 weeks of the request and a satisfactory explanation is not given for the failure to provide such information, or where the information provided raises further concerns as to the applicant's fitness to carry out their duties as a licensed driver.

3.5 Criminal record

Prior to consideration of any application, the Council will obtain from the applicant a Disclosure & Barring Service Enhanced Certificate in respect of the applicant (and access to their online DBS update service account if they have one), to be assessed in accordance with the Council's statement of policy about relevant convictions. This must include a check for working with adults and children.

It is recognised that many vehicles are used for the carriage of children and vulnerable persons and the Enhanced Disclosure is most appropriate.

It will be a mandatory requirement for all drivers to sign up to the online Disclosure & Barring Service update service and to give Sevenoaks District Council authority to access records at any time. The licence holder will be responsible for paying the relevant fee. Six monthly DBS checks will be carried out throughout the duration of a licence or more frequently should this be necessary. Should the Authority not be able to access online records, a driver will still be required to undertake an Enhanced Check, at an additional cost to the driver. If no check is undertaken within 2 months of the 6 month requirement, the licence will be suspended.

Prior to consideration of any new application, overseas applicants who have lived in the United Kingdom for a continuous period of less than five years are required to provide a certificate of good conduct from their previous country or countries of residence

(within the previous five years) in addition to an Enhanced Certificate from the Disclosure & Barring Service which includes whether an applicant is barred from working with children or adults.

A licence will generally not be granted to any applicant who does not comply with the minimum requirements as set out in the Council's Statement of Policy about Relevant Convictions (see Appendix 2). Where several minor offences have been committed the Council will take into consideration any pattern of offending. The Council can also take into consideration spent convictions and cautions when determining an application for a driver's licence.

A licence may be suspended or revoked pending the outcome of any investigation or trial where an existing driver is found to be awaiting trial or has been charged with a serious crime relating to:

- Driving or being in charge of a vehicle whilst under the influence of drink or drugs
- A drug related offence
- Indecent exposure, indecent assault or any of the more serious sexual offences or,
- Grievous bodily harm, wounding or assault or,
- Dishonesty

A licence may also be suspended or revoked where information received raises grave doubts as to the fitness of a driver, regardless of whether criminal charges are brought.

Any application from a new applicant charged with a serious offence as outlined above will not be determined until the outcome of that matter has been determined.

Where an existing driver commits an offence and/or breaches the licence conditions/byelaws, the nature and number of incidents will be taken into consideration when considering if the driver continues to be considered "fit and proper".

Complaints in relation to existing drivers will generally be held on file and taken into consideration for a period of three years from receipt. Although where a further warning is issued during this period, the original warning will be kept on file from the date of the most recent warning. Where a licence is revoked for persistent breach of licence conditions a period of 3 to 5 years should generally elapse before a further application is favourably considered.

A licence holder or applicant shall immediately notify the Council of any charges/convictions/cautions (including motoring offences) imposed during the term of their current licence or application.

The licensing authority provides information to the National Register of Taxi Licence Refusals and Revocations (NR3), a mechanism for licensing authorities to share details

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of individuals who have had a Hackney Carriage or Private Hire drivers licence revoked, or an application for one refused.

Following a decision to refuse or revoke a licence by Sevenoaks District Council as the individual is thought to present a risk of harm to a child or vulnerable adult, the authority shall consider a referral to the DBS under the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006.

3.6 Renewal of licences

It is the driver's responsibility to ensure that their licence is renewed prior to the expiry of their current licence.

A licence may be renewed up to 6 weeks prior to the expiry date.

Any licence that is not renewed within 1 month following expiry will not be renewed and a new application in full will be required. A Driving Standards pass certificate will also need to be provided. Any licence that is renewed within the 1 month grace period may be subject to a late fee.

Where a licence holder will not be available at the time of renewal, for example due to an extended holiday, then they may apply in writing to the Licensing Office, prior to the expiry date, explaining their circumstances and request a waiver. If granted, this waiver will allow the licence holder to renew their licence after the expiry date or depending on the circumstances the licence can be renewed early. The date of renewal of the licence will start from the day after the expiry of the previous licence.

In any case, following expiry of a licence, the driver will not be considered licensed and will not be permitted to drive a licensed vehicle until such time as the licence has been renewed and a new licence has been issued.

The Council will endeavour to issue reminder letters at least six weeks prior to the expiry of a licence although there is no statutory duty for the Council to do so and the responsibility ultimately lies with the licensee to ensure that complete applications for renewal are submitted on time. Applicants are encouraged to submit their applications as soon as possible.

At each renewal a current driving licence must be in force, a renewal application must include a completed application form, fee, DBS enhanced check (if not part of the DBS update service), Medical and a generated DVLA check code will be required (and provided on the application form).

Applicants are encouraged to make their renewal application online.

3.7 Change of type of licence

Licensees wishing to change from holding a private hire licence to a hackney carriage licence will be required to undertake a knowledge test and the wheelchair element of the Driving Standards Assessment (or equivalent) before the licence is issued. The required fee will need to be paid with the application and no refund will be payable in respect of an existing licence.

3.8 Surrender/suspension/revocation of licence or failure to complete application

In the event of the surrender of a driver's licence before its expiry or failure to complete the application process, there shall be no refund of the licence fee.

In the event of a driver's licence being suspended or revoked there shall be no refund of the licence fee.

3.9 Driver's dress code

Sevenoaks District Council is committed to encouraging the professional image of the hackney carriage and private hire trade, and considers that drivers of licensed vehicles are vocational drivers. Therefore, the Council considers that drivers should conform to a minimum standard of dress, as set out in Appendix 4, in order to raise and maintain the profile of the licensed trade. The Authority does not impose such standards by way of conditions to any licence. However, it is expected that such standards will be maintained at all times.

3.10 Right of appeal

Where refusal, suspension or revocation of an application/licence has been advised by an Officer, the applicant/driver will be entitled to request the matter be referred to the Licensing Committee to discuss the concerns, unless the driver has lost his DVLA driving licence in which case revocation will be automatic. During this meeting the applicant/driver will be given every opportunity to state their case in relation to the issue(s) of concern. The Committee on hearing all the facts will decide whether to grant any licence or not.

Any applicant who is aggrieved by the Council's refusal to grant/suspend/revoke a driver's licence may appeal to a Magistrates Court within 21 days of being notified in writing of the decision.

In line with s61(2B) of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976, as amended by s.52 of the Road Safety Act 2006, where it appears to the Council that it is in the interests of public safety for any revocation to have immediate effect there will be no right to drive as a private hire or hackney carriage driver pending an appeal. This

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power will only generally be invoked where there are allegations of serious violence offences, offences of a sexual nature or where there is considered to be a serious risk to passengers or members of the public in allowing the driver to continue as a hackney carriage/private hire driver.

3.11 Duration of drivers' licences

A Hackney Carriage or Private Hire Driver's Licence shall be valid for a standard term of three years (unless, for administrative reasons, a shorter period is appropriate).

4. Hackney Carriage / Private Hire Vehicle Licences

Section 47(2) of the Town Police Clauses Act 1847 permits a Borough/District Council to require that a hackney carriage licensed by them under the Act of 1847 to be of such design or appearance or bear such distinguishing marks as shall clearly identify it as a hackney carriage.

4.1 Environmental considerations

The Best Practice Guidance asks licensing authorities to consider how far their vehicle licensing policies can and should support any local environmental policies that they have adopted, bearing in mind the need to ensure that the benefits outweigh costs (in whatever form). They suggest that authorities may, for example, wish to consider setting vehicle emissions standards, perhaps by promoting cleaner fuels.

It is considered that efforts should be made, through the licensing policy, to improve, as far as possible, the efficiency of vehicles licensed in the District by, in particular, reducing the levels of CO₂ emitted from petrol vehicles and the equivalent from diesel. There is a movement towards the use of alternative fuels and in many areas LPG conversions to vehicles are perfectly acceptable and encouraged. This will, however, be dependent on supplies of such fuel being made readily available. It may also be the case that the installation of storage tanks into vehicles may affect the ability to carry luggage.

Clearly, emissions from hackney carriages and private hire vehicles could be reduced further, by encouraging better maintenance of vehicles and by switching off engines when stationary or idling, particularly at hackney carriage ranks. It is proposed that this aspect be tackled through education and promotion.

In view of the above detail, unless more urgent measures are introduced by central government in the meantime, this Council will monitor any research published and Government guidelines with a view to specifying vehicle emissions standards and promoting cleaner vehicles.

4.2 Taximeters

The Authority requires every vehicle licensed as a Hackney Carriage to be fitted with a taximeter. The taximeter shall be of a type which is EU approved or specifically authorised by the Council.

A Private Hire vehicle may be fitted with a taximeter. If a taximeter is fitted it shall be of a type which is EU approved or specifically authorised by the Council.

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4.3 Roof signs

The Authority requires all Hackney Carriage vehicles to be fitted with working roof-mounted signs. If the illuminated roof lights have red in them, they must be fitted so that the red light is only visible from the rear. If the vehicle is available for hire the roof light must be illuminated.

The Authority requires that no Private Hire vehicle be fitted with a roof-mounted sign of any kind.

4.4 Numbers limit

At the moment there is no restriction on how many hackney carriage vehicles can be licensed, Sevenoaks District Council will seek to address this matter when the need arises and may carry out a demand survey to seek clarification whether there is unmet demand for Hackney carriage vehicles within the whole district.

Section 48 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 states that the Council shall grant a private hire vehicle licence provided the Council is satisfied that the vehicle is:

- Suitable in type, size and design for the use of a Private Hire Vehicle;
- Not of such a design and appearance as to lead any person to believe that the vehicle is a Hackney Carriage;
- In a suitable mechanical condition;
- Safe; and
- Comfortable;
- That there is in force in relation to the use of the vehicle a policy of insurance that complies with the Road Traffic Act 1988.

Once licensed, a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle remains a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle until the licence either expires, is suspended or revoked. A licensed vehicle can, subject to very limited exemptions, only ever be legally driven by a driver who holds the relevant hackney carriage or private hire drivers' licence and appropriate insurance.

Sevenoaks District Council will not permit dual plating, therefore once a vehicle is licensed by Sevenoaks District Council it cannot be licensed with any other authority or Transport for London.

4.5 Wheelchair accessible vehicles

From 1 September 2016 all additional hackney carriage vehicles requiring a new plate, must be wheelchair accessible. That is those that require the issue of a new Hackney Carriage plate number. (This does not apply to replacement vehicles, change of ownership of vehicles, vehicles that are replacing damaged vehicles and ultra-low-

emission vehicles (ULEV) that is vehicles that emit less than 75g/km of CO₂ under the WLTP). This exemption will be kept under regular review and may be time limited or removed in future reviews of the policy. From 1st January 2018 all vehicles that reach the end of their life with respect to being eligible for licensing as a licensed vehicle (i.e. 10 years since the date of its first registration) must be replaced by a wheelchair accessible vehicle. (This does not apply to change of ownership of vehicles or vehicles that are replacing damaged vehicles or a total loss.).

Wheelchair accessible vehicles may be either rear or side loading.

4.6 Applications

All applications submitted for the initial grant of a licence are advised to apply **at least 12 working days before** the licence is required to allow time for the vehicle to be tested and the licence to be processed.

Application forms must be completed in full, accompanied by all required documents and signed by the applicant and the operator where relevant. Any incomplete forms will be deemed invalid and returned immediately to the applicant.

Applications will only be acceptable as valid if they include and/or are accompanied by the following:

Application form provided by the Council completed in its entirety and signed by the applicant and operator where relevant.

- Original vehicle registration document showing the applicant to be the registered keeper or other acceptable proof of ownership (the V5 New Keeper Supplement completed by the applicant or an official receipt from a registered company in the case of newly manufactured vehicles).
- When a renewal application is made online the authority will accept scanned documentation or a photograph of the documentation.
- Original documentation will only be required for new vehicles or if there is a discrepancy between the scanned copy held on file by the authority and the scanned/photograph submitted with an online renewal application.
- Certificate of insurance for the vehicle which covers the activity required (i.e. public or private hire - para.4.2) and which is valid on the date that the licence is due to come into force. With online applications we will accept emails from the insurance company sent to licensing@sevenoaks.gov.uk

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4.7 Licence fee

All applications must be accompanied by the appropriate fee as prescribed by the Council; the current scale of fees is available from the Council or on our website.

Licensing fees are reviewed on an annual basis and adopted by the Council following advertisement by a notice in a local newspaper. The notice will also be displayed at the Council Offices to allow for any comments to be made.

In the event of the surrender of a vehicle licence before its expiry there is no refund made.

4.8 Insurance

All hackney carriage and private hire vehicles must be insured for public hire and reward, such insurance to provide cover for fully comprehensive.

The Council considers vehicle insurance to be a high priority and, therefore, requires all proprietors to provide evidence of continuous insurance cover throughout the period of the licence. Failure to provide evidence of insurance will result in the vehicle licence being suspended.

4.9 Testing of vehicles

In addition to the MOT testing requirements, all licensed vehicles are required to be tested at the Council's nominated testing station for compliance with the Council's policy.

Where concerns arise during the period of the licence regarding the mechanical fitness of a licensed vehicle the Council may request a further test to be undertaken. However, the Licensing Authority cannot require a vehicle to have more than 3 tests per year.

Where an application for a vehicle renewal is made 28 days after the expiry of the licence the application will be considered as a new application and any age restrictions will apply.

Any vehicle failing its examination test will be required to undertake and pass a further examination test before it can be licensed or, in the case of an existing licensed vehicle, before it can continue to be used as a licensed vehicle. This further examination is known as a retest. The proprietor is responsible for the cost of the retest and it must be paid in full prior to further testing taking place.

The Council will suspend a vehicle licence if the vehicle is not presented for its interim test (6 month) by the due date.

4.10 Re-allocation of Expired Hackney Carriage Vehicle Plates

If, when a hackney carriage licence expires, the vehicle is not re-licensed within twenty-eight days and the owner does not take steps to inform the Council of their intentions, then the plate will be re-allocated. A letter will be sent to the owner of the vehicle advising them that the licence has expired.

4.11 Type of vehicle

In order to assess vehicle suitability, the Council will take into account passenger safety, comfort and the design of the vehicle.

In order to be considered suitable to be licensed as a Hackney Carriage the vehicle must comply with the basic specification set out in Appendix 5A and 5B and pass the Council's vehicle inspection test.

Any vehicle complying with the basic specification set out in Appendix 5 and 5B will be considered suitable to be licensed as a Private Hire Vehicle subject to it complying with the conditions listed in Appendix 5C and passing the Council's vehicle inspection test.

4.12 Vehicles powered by Liquid Petroleum Gas (LPG)

An applicant for a licence involving a vehicle which has been converted to run on LPG is required to produce, prior to a licence being issued, a certificate issued by a member of the LPG Association confirming that the LPG installation conforms with the Association's Code of Practice and is, therefore, considered safe.

If an LPG conversion involves installation of an LPG fuel tank in a vehicle's boot space (and possible relocation of the spare wheel) it shall be a requirement that an amount of space shall remain free for the stowage of a reasonable amount of luggage, and any spare wheel displaced as a result must be stowed in a location that does not impinge on the passenger carrying area of a vehicle. Where relocation of the spare wheel is not possible an acceptable alternative, as supplied by the conversion company, will be permitted.

In exceptional circumstances the Council's basic requirements for vehicles may be waived to facilitate the licensing of Novelty Vehicles although confirmation should be sought from the Licensing Office prior to any application being made. All applications for Novelty Vehicles will be considered on their own merits.

In addition to meeting the relevant vehicle specifications all Private Hire Vehicles, including Novelty Vehicles, will have to comply with the private hire vehicle conditions (Appendix 5C). In the case of novelty vehicles further specific conditions may be applied to the licence.

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4.13 Seating capacity

No vehicle capable of carrying more than 8 passengers can be licensed by the Council.

In order to facilitate the licensing of a wide variety of vehicle types and to encourage more environmentally friendly vehicles the Council has not set a limit on the minimum number of seats but instead requires a minimum space standard per passenger as detailed in the basic specifications for vehicles.

It is the proprietor's and operator's responsibility to ensure that they establish the number of passengers at the time of booking. This is particularly important for those proprietors and operators who choose to utilise smaller vehicles.

4.14 Seating dimensions

Passenger seats must be at least 400mm wide for each passenger measured along the front of each seat. This criteria also applies where there are folding arms. The front seat of the vehicle next to the driver will be regarded as a seat for one passenger only.

Suitable means must be provided to assist persons to rise from the rear seat with particular attention to the needs of the elderly and disabled.

4.15 Tinted windows

All windows must meet the requirements as prescribed by the Road Vehicles (Construction and Use) Regulations.

5. Private Hire Operators Licence

The objective of licensing Private Hire Vehicle Operators is, again, the safety of the public, who will be using operator premises, vehicles and drivers arranged through them. The Council will grant a private hire operator licence provided the Council is satisfied that the applicant is a fit and proper person to hold such a licence.

In order for an operator to prove that they are fit and proper they must provide evidence that they:

- Are of good repute;
- Have adequate arrangements for monitoring drivers, vehicles and the keeping of records;
- Are capable of ensuring that both themselves and their staff/drivers obey all the rules.
- Have sight of Basic DBS checks on all individuals listed on a register of booking and dispatch staff
- Have a policy in place on employing ex-offenders listed on the register of booking and dispatch staff

All applicants for initial grant of a licence should allow at least four weeks before the licence is required to enable the local authority to undertake the necessary vetting procedures as detailed in this document.

Planning consent may be required and all applicants must ensure that they obtain all the correct and necessary permissions before trading.

Any application for the renewal of a licence which is not made before the expiry of the previous licence will be treated as an application for a new licence.

Applications will only be acceptable if they include the following:

- Application form completed in its entirety and signed by the applicant along with all the information prescribed.
- Application for a Disclosure and Barring Service Basic Check, which can be obtained from DBS or Disclosure Scotland, completed by the applicant with accompanying identification or a current valid disclosure certificate completed within 1 month and obtained via an approved body which will allow an update service check to be performed.
- The appropriate fee. The current fees are available online on our website.
- A policy on employing ex-offenders listed on the register of booking and dispatch staff

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5.1 Criminal Records checks

Private Hire Vehicle operators are not exceptions to the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974. However, private hire operators that are not licensed drivers, cannot be required to produce an enhanced DBS disclosure. A Basic Disclosure from the DBS or Scottish Disclosure, or a certificate of good conduct from the relevant embassy for overseas applicants, is however, considered appropriate in promoting the objective of public safety.

Before an application for a private hire operator's licence will be considered, the applicant must provide a current (less than one months old) Basic DBS or Scottish Disclosure of Criminal Convictions (issued specifically for Sevenoaks District Council), or a Certificate of Good Conduct from the relevant embassy in the case of an overseas applicant. Applicants that hold a current Driver's Licence with the Council will be exempt from this requirement.

Prior to consideration of any new application, overseas applicants who have lived in the United Kingdom for a continuous period of less than five years are required to provide a certificate of good conduct from their previous country or countries of residence (within the previous five years) in addition to a Basic Disclosure Certificate. A certificate of good conduct authenticated by the relevant embassy will satisfy this requirement.

5.2 Record keeping

It is a requirement for operators to keep comprehensive records of each booking. All bookings will be kept for a period of 6 months.

It is also a requirement for operators to keep a register of all booking and dispatch staff and to keep records of sight of basic DBS checks for these staff.

5.3 Licence Duration

The Department of Transport considers that annual licence renewal is not necessary or appropriate for private hire operators. They recommend, as good practice, that a licence period of five years would be reasonable.

The Council will, therefore, issue a successful applicant for a Private Hire Operator's Licence with a five-year licence from the date of grant; subject to the power to grant a licence for a shorter period of time should this be appropriate in the circumstances.

5.4 Fees

On receipt of the appropriate fee, the permitted number of vehicles can be increased at any time during the period of the licence.

5.5 Operation

A private hire operator must ensure that every private hire vehicle is driven by a person who holds a private hire driver's licence.

All three licences:

- private hire operator's licence,
- private hire driver's licence and
- private hire vehicle licence

must be issued by the same Licensing Authority.

5.6 Conditions

The Council has power to impose such conditions on a private hire operator's licence as it considers reasonable, necessary and proportionate.

The Council consider the conditions detailed in Appendix 7 to be reasonable, necessary and proportionate. All private hire operator's licences will be issued with these conditions attached.

5.7 Insurance

It is considered appropriate for a Licensing Authority to check that appropriate public liability insurance has been taken out for premises that are open to the public.

Before an application for a private hire operator's licence is granted, the applicant must produce evidence that they have taken out appropriate public liability insurance for the premises to be licensed.

The conditions applicable to Private Hire Operator's Licences, as detailed in Appendix 7 require that the operator produces an appropriate certificate of motor insurance which covers every private hire vehicle they operate as well as appropriate public liability insurance for their premises.

5.8 Address from which an Operator may operate

Upon the grant of an operator's licence, the Council will specify on the licence the address from which the operator may operate. This address will be the address stated on the application form. The operator must notify the Council in writing of any change of address during the period of the licence, whether this is a home address or the operating address, within seven days of such a change taking place.

The Council will not grant a licence to an operator whose premises are located outside the district of Sevenoaks. This is to ensure that proper regulation and

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enforcement measures may be taken by the Council and is in no way intended to be a restraint of trade.

Operators based outside the district who have been granted a licence prior to the adoption of this amendment to policy (2018/19) will retain 'grandfather rights' providing the conditions of the licence are fully met.

5.9 Gaming machines

Operators that provide a waiting facility for members of the public and/or drivers should be aware that they cannot make gaming machines available for use. This action would be a criminal offence under the Gambling Act 2005.

6. Penalty Points Scheme

Any vehicle that is approached by an Authorised Officer of Sevenoaks District Council in order to carry out a vehicle inspection/driver check must remain until the inspection has been carried out. An exemption to this is if a fare arrives, which the driver is obliged to take or the driver informs the officer of a pre-booked fare prior to the inspection taking place.

Alternatively an Authorised Officer of Sevenoaks District Council may request that you attend the Council offices with the licensed vehicle in order to carry out an inspection.

Sevenoaks District Council has implemented a Penalty points system in order to regulate enforcement and any action required.

This scheme is used to enforce current legislation and any future bye laws in respect of Hackney Carriage Drivers and will be operated as follows:

- The Council's Taxi Licensing and Enforcement Policy will be fully considered by an authorised officer when determining the manner on which any breach of legislation or the requirements of this Policy are dealt with.
- Where it is decided that the use of the penalty points system is appropriate, the points are issued in accordance with the appendix. If the appendix allows a range of points for a particular incident, the authorised officer will determine the appropriate number of points proportionate to the offence.
- Penalty points will only be imposed where the licensee agrees the breach or offence has taken place. Where the licensee does not agree that the breach or offence has taken place, the matter will be referred in the first instance to the Licensing Manager for consideration regarding further action. The Licensee may be required to appear before the Licensing Committee.
- The imposition of penalty points against a driver who is an employee will not necessarily result in additional imposition of points to their employer or operator. However the Council retains the discretion to issue penalty points to drivers,

driver/proprietors and operators for a single contravention if the circumstances warrant it i.e. the breach is one against all these licences and it is considered joint responsibility is held.

- Points issued to either a proprietor or driver will be confirmed in writing within ten working days from the discovery of the contravention.
- When issued, the penalty points will remain “live” for a period of one year from the date they are imposed so that only points accumulated in a rolling twelve month period will be taken into account.
- There is no financial penalty associated with the system and the licensee may continue to work. However, the licensee may be asked to attend either a meeting with the Licensing Manager or attend a hearing of the Licensing Committee if 12 penalty points are imposed on an individual licence in any one 12 month period, where appropriate action will be taken in accordance with this policy.
- Where a driver, proprietor or operator attains more than 12 penalty points, disciplinary options available to the Licensing Committee will include suspension or revocation of the driver’s licence, where appropriate.
- If it is felt that the matter does not warrant suspension or revocation of the licence, the period for which the points are to remain “live” may be extended or a written warning may be issued to the driver as to his future conduct.
- Periods of suspension of a licence will be dependent on the nature of the breaches of the legislation or the requirements of this Policy and the compliance history of the licence holder.
- A driver will always have the right to be represented at any meeting, either legally or otherwise, and to state any mitigating circumstances they deem necessary.
- Any driver or vehicle proprietor or operator subject to suspension or revocation has the right of appeal to the Magistrates Court against the suspension or revocation. All suspensions will therefore be subject to a 21-day appeals period prior to implementation to allow for the formal appeals process.
- The penalty points system will operate without prejudice to the Council’s ability to take other action under appropriate legislation or as provided for by this policy.
- The penalty points system outlined in Appendix 10 identifies a number of breaches of conditions, byelaws and/or statutory provisions. It then indicates the number of points to be invoked should the breach be proven.

7. Taxi ranks

7.1. Appointed Stands

Comments are welcomed from either the trade or the public on the need for additional bays in specific locations, the potential for re-locating or extending existing bays or indeed arguments for the removal of bays which no longer fulfil a useful purpose.

7.2 Waiting on stands

It is an offence for any person to cause or permit any vehicle other than a hackney carriage to wait on any rank or stand for hackney carriages. Drivers of hackney carriages may only wait on a rank or stand whilst plying for hire or waiting for a fare; drivers who park on a rank or stand and leave their vehicle unattended are committing an offence.

8. Plying for hire

For the avoidance of doubt, the Council does not have a byelaw requiring hackney carriages to return to a taxi rank between fares. Hackney carriages can, therefore, park and be available for hire in any position where an ordinary member of the public can lawfully park. Hackney carriages are, however, subject to road traffic regulations and should not park in any position that obstructs the highway, the highway being both the road and the footway.

9. Taxi/Private hire meetings

The Council wishes to encourage discussions between the trade and the Licensing Authority, in order to promote a successful working relationship taxi/private hire liaison meetings will take place.

10. Departure from the Policy

There may be instances whereby the Council may need to consider applications outside the policy. Where it is necessary to depart substantially from this policy, clear and compelling reasons for doing so will be given. Any such decision may be referred to the Licensing Committee.

11. Amendments to the Policy

All changes to the Policy are agreed by the Licensing Committee and then considered by Full Council.

Appendix 1 - Statement of policy about relevant convictions

When submitting an application for a licence to drive a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle you are required to declare any motoring offences and any non-motoring convictions or cautions you may have in addition to completing a Disclosure & Barring Service check. The information received will be treated in confidence.

The disclosure of a criminal record or other information will not debar you from gaining a licence unless the Authority considers that the conviction(s) renders you unsuitable. In making this decision the authority will consider the nature of the offence, how long ago and what age you were when it was committed, and any other factors which may be relevant. To facilitate a consistent approach the licensing authority has devised guidelines relating to the relevance of convictions and cautions. Any applicant refused a driver's licence on the ground that they are not a fit and proper person to hold such a licence has a right of appeal to Magistrates Court.

If you would like to discuss what effect a conviction might have on your application you may telephone the Licensing Department, in confidence, on 01732 227000 for advice.

General

Notwithstanding the existence of this Policy, each application will be determined on its own merits. Where it is necessary for the Council to depart substantially from this Policy, clear and compelling reasons will be given for doing so. The purpose of this appendix is to formulate guidelines, consistent with national guidance, which detail the Council's current stance on the relevance of convictions and cautions in respect of applications for the grant of new licences, and the renewal of existing licences, for hackney carriage and private vehicle, driver and operator licences.

If a court has found an applicant guilty of an offence, that person cannot subsequently claim to the Council that they did not commit the offence. If they seek to do so, their representation will not be considered as this is entirely a matter for the courts. The applicant can, however, offer any mitigating circumstances relating to the offence that they wish the Council to consider.

For the purpose of this Policy, the acceptance of a fixed penalty notice will be treated as a conviction depending on the individual merits and mitigating circumstances of each case.

"Fit and proper" person

The legislation clearly states that the Council may grant a licence only if it is satisfied that the applicant is a "fit and proper" person.

The onus is on the applicant to demonstrate that they meet this requirement, not on the Council to demonstrate that the applicant does not.

In the absence of a judicially approved definition of “fit and proper”, the Council use the test of:

Would the Officer charged with the ability to grant a licence allow their son or daughter, spouse or partner, mother or father, grandson or granddaughter, or any other person for whom they care, to get into a licensed vehicle with the applicant alone?

The wording of this test originates from Mr J T H Button BA, Solicitor, MIL, MClarb, a well-known and respected solicitor widely acknowledged as an authority in licensing legislation, particularly that of hackney carriages and private hire.

In order to further assist in understanding the interpretation of this definition, the Council will be considering issues that assist them in determining whether or not applicants are safe drivers with a good driving record, are mentally and physically fit, are honest, and that they are persons who would not take advantage of their position to abuse, assault or defraud members of the public.

It should be borne in mind that drivers may carry vulnerable members of the public such as elderly persons, unaccompanied children, disabled persons, persons who are incapacitated from alcohol, lone women and foreign visitors. Some examples of areas of concern that the Council will consider include, but are not limited to:

Honesty and trustworthiness

Drivers often have knowledge that a customer is leaving a property empty; they have opportunities to defraud drunken, vulnerable or foreign person; or they have opportunities to abuse their position of trust. For example, all passengers would expect to be charged the correct fare of the journey and be given the correct change; they would expect any lost property to be handed in to the Licensing Authority; and they would expect confidentiality to be maintained between themselves and the driver.

Professionalism

Drivers are often subject to unpleasant, abusive or dishonest behaviour, albeit from a small minority of passengers. Although this is clearly unacceptable behaviour by passengers, it does not excuse in any way aggressive or abusive conduct by drivers. Confrontation should be avoided and all disputes should be resolved through the formal legal channels. Under no circumstances must drivers take the law into their own hands.

Good and safe driving ability

Passengers are paying for a service whereby they expect to reach their chosen destination promptly and safely. Drivers must be fully conversant with all road traffic legislation and this Policy and drive in a professional, lawful and safe manner at all times.

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Protecting the Public

The overriding consideration for the Council in its determination of applications is the promotion of the licensing objectives detailed within this policy, in particular the protection of public safety.

History

The Council may take into account an applicant's history as a licence holder with this, or any other Council. In considering whether or not a person is "fit and proper the Council may consider such matters as the applicant's complaint history, their compliance with this Policy, their cooperation with Licensing Officer's requests and any other reasonable matters.

Driving offences

Hackney carriage and private hire drivers should provide a professional service to the public and must be aware of the safety of passengers and other road users at all times. Any traffic offence shows a lack of responsibility whilst driving either in terms of vehicle maintenance or the level of driving standards.

Convictions or cautions for traffic offences will not automatically preclude any applicant from obtaining a licence, however, the number, nature and frequency of such offences will be considered. In some circumstances it may be appropriate to issue a licence together with a written warning as to future driving standards detailing the likely effect of further offences. Where there is a significant history of driving offences, an application is likely to be refused.

In cases of six penalty points or less on an applicant's DVLA driving licence, an application will be granted.

A licence granted under these circumstances is likely to be issued together with a verbal warning as to future driving standards detailing the likely effect of further offences.

In cases of seven penalty points or more on an applicant's DVLA driving licence, an application may be referred to the Licensing Committee for decision.

Major traffic offences

For the purposes of this section, major traffic offences includes, but is not limited to, dangerous driving, driving whilst disqualified, failure to stop after an accident, driving with no/invalid insurance, careless driving, and driving a vehicle with mechanical defectives (such as brakes, steering, tyres, etc..).

The driving offences of causing death by dangerous or careless driving, due to their nature, will be considered by the Council to be violent offences and should be considered in conjunction with the section of this appendix relating to violent offences.

If the applicant has been convicted of more than one major traffic offence then a licence application will normally be refused until the applicant has completed a period of at least five years free from conviction. Where the combination of offences are considered to be of increased risk to the public, a period longer than five years may be substituted by the Council dependent on the extent of the risk to the public.

“Totting Up” under section 35 of the Road Traffic Offenders Act 1988

Where an applicant has been disqualified from driving by the courts under the “totting up” procedure, the Council will normally refuse an application until there has been a period of three years free of relevant convictions.

If the applicant has demonstrated to the court “exceptional hardship” and avoided a driving disqualification, applications will still normally be refused until there has been a period of three years free of relevant convictions. The Council believe that the risk to the public is sufficient to maintain this consistent stance.

Motor insurance offences

An isolated motor insurance offence will not automatically preclude an application form being granted, however the Council deem such offences to be serious given the risk to the public.

More than one conviction for motor insurance offences will be considered to raise serious doubts as to an applicant’s suitability to hold a hackney carriage/private hire driver’s licence. Ordinarily in these circumstances, an application will be refused until such time as a period of three years has elapsed since the restoration of the applicant’s DVLA driving licence.

Failure to declare motoring offences

Where an applicant fails to disclose motoring offences on their application form, even if they have been declared on previous applications or are spent, the Council will normally deal with this by way of issuing penalty points.

If, however, the Council determines that there was a premeditated intention to deceive, the matter will be considered as an offence of dishonesty and dealt with in accordance with that section of this Policy.

Drunkenness

Separate consideration will be given to convictions for drunkenness whilst in charge of a vehicle as opposed to drunkenness whilst not in charge of a vehicle, due to the differing risk to the public.

In charge of a motor vehicle

The Council considers driving or being in charge of a vehicle whilst under the influence of alcohol as a serious offence causing a high element of risk to the public.

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A single conviction for any alcohol-related driving offence will normally preclude an application from being granted for a period of five years from the restoration of the DVLA driving licence.

If there is a suggestion that the applicant is an alcoholic, a special medical examination is likely to be required before the application is considered and a referral may be made to the Council's Safeguarding Group. If the applicant is confirmed as an alcoholic, a period of three years must elapse after treatment is complete before an application can be considered.

More than one conviction for any alcohol-related driving offence represents an unacceptable risk to the public and an application will normally be refused.

Not in charge of a motor vehicle

An isolated conviction for drunkenness not associated with driving or being in charge of a motor vehicle will not automatically preclude an application.

Where there is an isolated conviction for disorder and/or drunkenness, a licence will normally be granted together with a written warning as to future driving standards detailing the likely effect of further offences.

More than two convictions for disorder and/or drunkenness will normally lead to refusal of an application until such time as a period of three years free of convictions has elapsed.

Drug offences

The Council considers all offences related to controlled substances as a serious risk to the public.

An applicant with a conviction of any Class A or Class B drug related offence, including supplying or trafficking, will be required to show a period of five to ten years free of convictions before an application is considered. The length of period over and above the minimum five years will be dependent on factors such as the nature and severity of the offence, and the length of any custodial sentence.

An applicant with a conviction of any Class C drug related offence will be required to show a period of at least three years free of conviction

In all cases, where an applicant has been medically classed as an addict, an application will be precluded until such time as a period of five years has elapsed since the completion of a recognised detoxification programme.

Sexual or indecency offences

As hackney carriage and private hire drivers often carry unaccompanied and/or vulnerable people, any applicant with a conviction or caution for any sexual or indecency offence will normally be refused a licence until they have been free of

convictions for a period of at least ten years. The length of period over and above the minimum ten years will be dependent on factors such as the nature and severity of the offence, and the length of any custodial sentence.

Existing licence holders should be aware that if the Council receives notification from the police that the driver is being investigated for a sexual or indecency offence, their licence will normally be revoked with immediate effect pending the outcome of the investigation.

Major sexual or indecency offences

For the purpose of the Policy, the following offences will be considered as major sexual or indecency offences with the highest of risk to the public.

- rape
- indecent assault
- gross indecency
- possession of child pornography
- buggery
- indecent assault of a child

Any applicant with a conviction for a major sexual or indecency offence will be considered an unacceptable risk to the public and any application will be refused, save for exceptional circumstances.

Violent offences

The Council considers all violence related offences as a serious risk to the public.

An application will normally be refused where the applicant has been convicted of murder, manslaughter or causing death by careless or dangerous driving.

An application will normally be refused where the applicant has a conviction for a violent offence, other than those listed above, unless there has been a period of five to ten years free of convictions. The length of period over and above the minimum five years will be dependent on factors such as the nature and severity of the offence, and the length of any custodial sentence.

Offences of criminal damage and public order will be treated as violent offences for the purposes of this Policy.

Whilst an isolated conviction for a violent offence, other than those listed above will not necessarily permanently preclude an application, the Council will have grave concern for public safety if an applicant has committed multiple violent offences.

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Multiple offences

In all cases where an applicant has more than two convictions for violent offences, as application will normally be refused. In the case of an existing driver, their licence will normally be revoked.

Possession of a weapon

If an applicant has been convicted of an offence involving the possession of a weapon, or any other weapon-related offence, the Council considers this to be an unacceptable risk to members of the public and the application will normally be refused. In the case of an existing driver, their licence will normally be revoked.

Dishonesty

Hackney carriage and private hire drivers are expected to be persons of trust. It is comparatively easy for dishonest drivers to defraud the public, for example, by demanding more than the legal fare or giving incorrect change. Overseas visitors can be confused by the change in currency and become vulnerable to an unscrupulous driver. Equally, any customers can be defrauded by a driver taking them by any other than the shortest route or by them retaining lost property left in the vehicle.

As members of the public entrust themselves to the care of licensed drivers, the Council consider offences involving dishonesty as a serious risk to public safety.

An applicant that has been convicted of an offence related to dishonesty will normally be refused a licence until such time as they have been free of convictions for a period of five to ten years. The length of period over and above the minimum five years will be dependent of factors such as the nature and severity of the offence, and the length of any custodial sentence.

Other offences

If the applicant has declared any other offences not specifically covered by this policy on the relevance of convictions, the application may be referred to the Licensing Committee for determination in line with the Policy Objectives.

Receipt of any of the following may result in the licence holder being required to provide annual DBS disclosures until a period of five years has expired.

- criminal conviction
- final warning letter from the Council
- period of suspension of an existing licence.

Outstanding charges or summonses

If the individual is the subject of an outstanding charge or summons their application can continue to be processed, but the application will need to be reviewed at the conclusion of proceedings. Where information is received through the Notifiable Occupations Scheme on existing licence holders, consideration may be made at committee.

If the outstanding charge or summons involves a serious offence and the individual's conviction history indicates a possible pattern of unlawful behaviour or character trait, then in the interests of public safety the application may be put on hold until proceedings are concluded or the licence may be refused.

A suspension or revocation of the licence of a driver takes effect at the end of the period of 21 days beginning with the day on which notice is given to the driver. If it appears that the interests of public safety require the suspension or revocation of the licence to have immediate effect, and the notice given to the driver includes a statement that is so and an explanation why, the suspension or revocation takes effect when the notice is given to the driver. [Road Safety Act 2006, s 52, 2A&2B]

Non-conviction information

If an applicant has, on more than one occasion, been arrested or charged, but not convicted, for a serious offence which suggests they could be a danger to the public, consideration should be given to refusing the application. Such offences would include serious violent offences and serious sex offences.

In assessing the action to take, the safety of the travelling public must be the paramount concern.

Cautions

Admission of guilt is required before a caution can be issued. Every case will be considered on its own merits including the details and nature of the offence.

Summary

Except in the most serious of circumstances, an applicant having a previous or current conviction will not normally be permanently precluded from obtaining a hackney carriage/private hire driver's licence.

The Council believe that a person convicted of an offence, who is required to wait for the expiry of a rehabilitation period prior to their application being considered, is more likely to value their licence and ensure that future convictions are avoided.

The Council consider that there are, however, certain offences that are so serious in nature or frequency that an applicant should be precluded from obtaining or retaining a licence. The Council's over-riding policy objective is to safeguard the safety of the

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general public by ensuring that all licensed drivers are safe, competent, and are able to maintain their vehicles to an acceptable standard.

By producing clear and transparent guidelines on the relevance of convictions, the Council is seeking to maintain the high standard of hackney carriage and private hire drivers, proprietors and operators within Sevenoaks.

Existing licence holders

Any existing licence holder convicted of an offence during the period of their current licence will be subject to the above policy relating to the relevance of convictions. In circumstances where a new applicant would normally have their application refused, an existing licence holder would normally have their licence revoked.

Principles of the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (“the 1974 Act”)

Under the 1974 Act, criminal convictions can become spent after a certain period of time, and once spent, for many purposes, can be disregarded completely. The possibility of rehabilitation, and the length of time before the rehabilitation occurs, depends on the sentence imposed and not the offence committed. Where a person is sentenced to imprisonment for a period exceeding thirty months, the convictions can never be spent.

Despite the above general principles, the Act does not apply to applicants for hackney carriage and private hire driver’s licences. This is because the driving of these vehicles is listed as a “regulated occupation” in relation to which questions may be asked as to the suitability of individuals to be granted a licence.

Although the 1974 Act does not prevent any judicial authority, including the Council acting as the licensing authority, from taking spent convictions into account, such convictions are only admissible in so far as they are relevant to the issue as to whether the applicant is a “fit and proper” person to hold a licence.

National Register of Taxi Licence Refusals and Revocations (NR3)

The licensing authority provides information to the National Register of Taxi Licence Refusals and Revocations (NR3), a mechanism for licensing authorities to share details of individuals who have had a Hackney Carriage, Private Hire, or Dual drivers licence revoked, or an application for one refused. This is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the licensing authority – that is, assessing whether an individual is a fit and proper person to hold a Hackney Carriage/ PHV drivers licence. This authority issues Hackney Carriage, Private Hire and Dual driver licences.

On this basis:

- Where a Hackney Carriage, Private Hire, or Dual drivers licence is revoked, or an application for one refused, the authority will record this decision on NR3;
- All applications for a new licence or licence renewal will be checked on NR3. If a search of NR3 indicates a match with an applicant, the authority will seek further

information about the entry on the register from the authority which recorded it. Any information received as a result of an NR3 search will only be used in respect of the specific licence application and will not be retained beyond the determination of that application.

Information will be retained on NR3 for a period of 25 years.

This is a mandatory part of applying for/being granted, a Hackney Carriage, Private Hire, or Dual drivers licence. The authority has a published policy on the approach it will take to requests by other authorities for further information about entries on NR3, and about the use it will make of any further information provided to it.

Information will be processed in accordance with the Data Protection Act (DPA) and General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) or any subsequent legislation. Any searches, provision or receipt of information of or under NR3 are necessary to the authority's statutory licensing functions of ensuring that all drivers are fit and proper to hold the applicable licence. It is not intended that any NR3 data will be transferred out of the United Kingdom. If you wish to raise any issue related to the data protection legislation, including by relying on any of the rights afforded to data subjects under the GDPR, you can do so to the authority's Data Protection Officer.

Appendix 2 - Vehicle test standards

Sevenoaks District Council will not licence any vehicle that is classed as a Category S insurance write off.

Licence Plates - currently licensed vehicles

Where vehicles are presented with licence plates affixed such licence plates in the case of both Hackney Carriages and Private Hire vehicles shall be securely affixed as follows;

External Plate

External Plates should be fixed under the rear number plate. Elsewhere on the rear exterior bodywork is acceptable (i.e. bumper, boot) subject to the agreement of the Council, provided always that the plate is fixed in the vertical plane; the external plate should never be displayed inside the rear window of the vehicle.

Internal Plate

Internal Plates should be inside the vehicle on the left hand side of the front windscreen and in plain view of the passengers but avoiding the windscreen wiper area.

Fare Chart

The Fare Chart should be securely affixed inside the vehicle in such a position that it is clearly visible to passengers and shall contain a copy of the current maximum Hackney Carriage Fare Tariff as currently adopted by the Council (or, if vehicle is Private Hire, the Operator's fares if they are displayed). The vehicle plate number will be shown on the fare chart together with details of how the passenger(s) can make a complaint regarding the vehicle or driver.

Insurance

A valid copy of the insurance certificate appertaining to the tested vehicle shall be available inside the vehicle.

The standard of the Test

Any vehicle tested must reach the standards specified within this appendix and be certified roadworthy to MOT standards.

Vehicles of a class that are not subject to EU Type approval, and are being tested for the first time will be additionally tested to ensure tyres, weight limits and any other aspect of the vehicle are safe and mechanically sound as possible for the safety of the passenger. Costs of such additional testing must be paid by the person wishing to licence the vehicle. In addition the history of the vehicle will be taken into consideration when determining whether the vehicle should be licensed.

Exterior bodywork and wheel trims

The bodywork of the vehicle shall be in good condition and shall be as originally fitted by the manufacturer. Minor paint chipping, scuffmarks or very small dents may be

accepted, provided that their extent does not impinge materially on the overall appearance of the vehicle. Wheel trims must be fitted to all road wheels where part of a manufacturer's original

Upholstery

All upholstery shall be clean and in a well maintained condition. No tear, crack, hole or burn will be acceptable if greater than 25 mm in any dimension. Upholstery includes seats, headrests, armrests, carpets and other trim.

Fittings

All fittings shall be properly maintained and in good working order. Fittings include clocks, interior lights, sun blinds, door surrounds, grab handles, other equipment provided for passenger comfort and any equipment in, on or forming part of the vehicle including wheelchair ramps and securing fittings where the vehicle is to be licensed to carry wheelchair bound passengers.

'No Smoking' signs

In accordance with legislative requirements a 'No Smoking' sign(s) will be exhibited within the vehicle and such sign(s) will be of the approved type.

Roof and floor coverings

Shall be clean and in good condition. No tear or other damage shall exceed 25 mm in length.

Number of passengers allowed (the term 'passenger' or "person" includes a child or young person)

At the time of testing a vehicle, the number of passengers which may be carried, (up to a maximum of 8 persons), will be calculated as follows subject to there being one seat belt provided per passenger:

- a) where separate seats for each person are provided, one person for each seat;
- b) where continuous seats are fitted, one person for each complete length of 400mm measured along the front of each seat, and this criterion also applies where there are folding arms;
- c) where there is no separate seat for the driver, i.e. there is a continuous seat, for a right hand drive vehicle, the driver's seat shall comprise so much of the seat as extends from the right hand edge of the seat to a point 450 mm left of the point on the seat directly in front of the centre of the steering column.

Taximeters (and Fare Tables for Private Hire Vehicles)

All Hackney Carriage vehicles licensed or to be licensed shall have a taximeter fitted. Private Hire vehicles, licensed or to be licensed, may have a taximeter fitted. Any vehicle fitted with a meter shall be tested on the road by reference to a measured

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distance to establish that the taximeter is accurate. In relation to Hackney Carriages the test shall be to establish that the meter does not produce a fare in excess of the maximums prescribed the current Hackney Carriage Fare Tariff approved by the Council. In relation to Private Hire vehicles the test shall be to establish that the meter does not produce a fare in excess of the operator's current fares. Where a Private Hire Vehicle is fitted with a taximeter a table showing the current fares of the operator shall be displayed inside the vehicle in such a position that it is clearly visible to passengers. In all cases taximeters shall be fitted in such way that they are visible to passengers.

Taximeters fitted to Hackney Carriages (and Private Hire vehicles, if provided with one), must be EU approved or specifically approved by the Council.

Disabled person's facilities

Where a vehicle is fitted with any facilities to assist disabled persons in entering or exiting the vehicle (i.e. swivel seats or similar or wheelchair facilities) such facilities shall be checked for proper operation. Wheelchair lifting equipment must comply with the Lifting Operations Lifting Equipment Regulations 1998 B.

Roof signs

A Hackney Carriage must have a roof "TAXI" sign. Such wording shall be displayed conspicuously in either the front or the rear of the roof mounted display facing either the front or the rear. The sign may be in any position on the roof. The sign shall be illuminated and capable of being turned on and off (preferably via the meter but manual off/on is acceptable). No "TAXI" sign is allowed inside a vehicle. In addition to the word "TAXI" the sign may also contain the words "for Hire" and a taxi firm's telephone number and name. If the vehicle is available for hire the roof light must be illuminated.

A Private Hire vehicle shall not have any roof-mounted sign, or any similar sign inside the vehicle, or any other "thing" which may be mistaken/construed as a Hackney Carriage sign.

Doors

A vehicle shall have four side opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior) - any lift-up tailgate shall not be included;

or

A vehicle shall have three side opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior) and two rear opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior)

Windows

All windows must meet the requirements as prescribed by the Road Vehicles (Construction and Use) Regulations.

Company advertising

For saloons and estate cars all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area between the centres of the wheels (wheel base).

For transit and people carrier type vehicles all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area to the rear of the centre of the front wheels and the rear light cluster.

Subject to the above a proprietor may have simple lettering and numbers on a vehicle in order to display a company name, address, telephone/fax number, E-mail/social media address or web site, or advisory notices to do with smoking, but lettering height must be a minimum of 75mm and maximum of 150mm.

No graphics/art works or slogans or other displays of any kind are permitted except with the consent of the Council.

In the case of Private Hire vehicles company advertising is subject to the specific exclusion of the words "taxi" or "cab" the use of which is not permitted.

Advertising, not relating to a hackney carriage vehicle's proprietor or company, is allowed under certain circumstances and will have been approved by the Council in writing. The written approval must be carried in the vehicle. No such advertising is permitted on a private hire vehicle

Luggage space - vehicle boots (and spare wheel in LPG powered vehicles)

The space provided in the vehicle for luggage stowing whether or not the vehicle has a separate luggage boot shall be clean and tidy with space available for luggage to be stowed.

If the vehicle is powered by Liquid Petroleum Gas and the LPG fuel tank has been installed in the boot space there shall remain free an amount of space for the stowage of a reasonable amount of luggage and any spare wheel displaced as a result of the tank installation must be stowed in a location that does not impinge on the passenger carrying area of a vehicle. Where relocation of the spare wheel is not possible an acceptable alternative, as supplied by the conversion company, will be permitted.

Any vehicle adapted or constructed for the use of liquid petroleum gas must be examined to ensure such adaptation or construction complies with the guide lines as laid down by the L P Gas Association and the appropriate certificate(s) and window display is shown.

Driving position

The vehicle must be right hand drive unless the vehicle is a 'stretched limousine'.

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Mechanical person lift

If a mechanical person lift is fitted to the vehicle a current test certificate showing compliance with the Lifting Operations Lifting Equipment Regulations 1998 B must be produced at the time of the vehicle compliance test.

Taximeters for Private hire vehicles

A Private Hire vehicle may be fitted with a taximeter. If a taximeter is fitted it shall be of a type which is EU approved or specifically authorised by the Council.

Roof signs

The Authority requires that no Private Hire vehicle be fitted with a roof-mounted sign of any kind.

Appendix 3 - Assessing applicants and existing drivers for a Hackney Carriage/Private Hire Driver

Assessing applicants and existing drivers for a Hackney Carriage Private Hire Vehicle driver licence in accordance with group 2 standards.

The following arrangements mean that those with good diabetic control and who have no significant complications can be treated as “exceptional cases” and are not therefore precluded from being licensed as HC/PHV drivers.

The criteria are:

- To have been taking insulin for at least 4 weeks
- Not to have suffered an episode of hypoglycaemia requiring the assistance of another person whilst driving in the last 12 months;
- To attend an examination by a hospital consultant specialising in the treatment of diabetes at intervals of not more than 12 months and to provide a report from such a consultant in support of the application which confirms a history of responsible diabetic control with a minimal risk of incapacity due to hypoglycaemia;
- To provide evidence of at least twice daily blood glucose monitoring at times when driving either a hackney carriage or PHV vehicle;
- To have no other condition which would render the driver a danger when driving a hackney carriage or PHV; and to sign an undertaking to comply with the directions of the doctor(s) treating the diabetes and to report immediately to the Licensing Authority any significant change in condition.

Appendix 4 - Drivers voluntary dress code

In order to raise and maintain the profile of the licensed trade Sevenoaks District Council is committed to encouraging the professional image of the trade and it considers that drivers should conform to a minimum standard of dress, as set out below. Whilst the Authority does not wish to impose such standards by way of conditions to any licence it expects, however, that such standards will be maintained at all times.

Acceptable standards of dress

- Shirts, blouses, T-shirts or sweat tops should cover the shoulders and be capable of being worn inside trousers or shorts.
- Shirts or blouses may be worn with a tie or open necked.
- Shorts of knee length or trousers / jeans may be worn.
- Footwear for all drivers shall fit around the heel of the foot.

Unacceptable standard of dress

The following are deemed unacceptable:

- Clothing not kept in a clean condition, must be free from holes, rips or odours.
- Words or graphics on any clothing that is of an offensive or suggestive nature or which might offend.
- Sportswear (e.g. football/rugby kits, track suits) or beach wear etc.)
- Sandals with no heel straps, flip flops or any other form of footwear not secured around the heel.
- Drivers not having either the top or bottom half of their bodies suitably clothed (see above).

Appendix 5 - Specifications relating to Hackney Carriage Vehicles

No vehicle shall be licensed as a hackney carriage unless it is fit for public service and complies with the specifications set out below.

Licences

All Vehicle Licences shall be valid for a standard term of one year (unless for administrative reasons a shorter period is appropriate).

Age

Subject to the exceptions below;

- The Authority will not license a vehicle, for the first time, if it is more than 6 years old and/or has travelled greater than 100,000 miles (apart from in exceptional circumstances at the discretion of an authorised officer)
- The Authority will not re-license a vehicle if it is more than 10 years old (15 years for wheelchair accessible vehicles) - apart from in exceptional circumstances at the discretion of an authorised officer.

Exceptions

Subject to a vehicle being considered mechanically fit for a further year of service the following types of vehicle are exempt:

- Purpose built taxis
- Wheelchair accessible vehicles (these vehicles will be licensed until they are 15 years old but not older than 15 years old)
- Limousines, which must have a minimum engine capacity over 3,000 cc/Specialist Vehicles

Type limitations

The Authority will not license a vehicle unless it meets the following criteria:-

- a) The vehicle shall have four side opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior) - any lift-up tailgate shall not be included; or a vehicle shall have three side opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior) and two rear opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior). Any vehicle's suitability for licensing will also be determined by the positioning of its seating, fittings and fixtures for the ingress and egress of passengers and their safety.
- b) The vehicle is right-hand drive unless the vehicle is one known as a 'stretched limousine' licensed for private hire use and paragraphs (a), (c) and (d) of this part of the policy will be construed accordingly.
- c) The vehicle must have E.U Type Approval

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- d) if (c) cannot be satisfied then a Department of Transport Certificate of Single Vehicle Approval must be produced.

The Authority will allow advertisements to be placed upon a vehicle subject to the following conditions:

- For saloons and estate cars all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area between the centres of the wheels (wheel base).
- For transit and people carrier type vehicles all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area to the rear of the centre of the front wheels and the rear light cluster.
- Subject to the above, a proprietor may have simple lettering and numbers on a vehicle in order to display a company name, address, telephone/fax number, E-mail/social media address or web site but lettering height must be a minimum of 75mm and maximum of 150mm.
- No graphics/art works or slogans or other displays of any kind are permitted except with the consent of the Council.
- In the case of Private Hire Vehicles advertising is subject to the specific exclusion of the words "taxi", "cab" or "hire" the use of which is not permitted.
- Advertising, not relating to the vehicle's proprietor or company, may, under certain circumstances, be allowed on a hackney carriage vehicle on submission of a written request and details of the advertisement to the Council. Each request will be considered entirely on its own merits and, if approved, the written authority must be carried in the vehicle. No such advertising is permitted on a private hire vehicle.

Licence plate content

The external and internal licence plate issued by the Authority will include the following information;

- Licence No.
- Registration No.
- Vehicle make/Type.
- Licence expiry date.
- No. of passengers.

Minimum number of passengers to be carried

No vehicle capable of carrying more than 8 passengers can be licensed by the Council.

In order to facilitate the licensing of a wide variety of vehicle types and to encourage more environmentally friendly vehicles the Council has not set a limit on the minimum number of seats but instead requires a minimum space standard per passenger as

detailed in the basic specifications for vehicles.

Vehicle test standards

The Authority will not license a vehicle unless the person examining it (for the Authority) has confirmed that it meets the standards specified in Appendix 1 and, at the same time, the vehicle has been certified roadworthy to MOT standard.

Vehicles of a class that are not subject to 'EU Type approval' and are being tested for the first time will be additionally tested to ensure tyres, weight limits and any other aspect of the vehicle are safe and mechanically sound as possible for the passenger. Costs of such testing must be paid by the person wishing to licence the vehicle. In addition, the history of the vehicle will be taken into consideration when determining whether the vehicle should be licensed.

A vehicle is required to be re-examined, when the licence has been in force for six months, to ensure that it continues to meet the standards referred to above.

Vehicles powered by Liquid Petroleum Gas (LPG)

An applicant for a licence involving a vehicle which has been converted to run on LPG is required to produce, prior to a licence being issued, a certificate issued by a member of the LPG Association confirming that the LPG installation conforms with the Association's Code of Practice and is, therefore, considered safe.

If an LPG conversion involves installation of an LPG fuel tank in a vehicle's boot space (and possible relocation of the spare wheel) it shall be a requirement that an amount of space shall remain free for the stowage of a reasonable amount of luggage, and any spare wheel displaced as a result must be stowed in a location that does not impinge on the passenger carrying area of a vehicle. Where relocation of the spare wheel is not possible an acceptable alternative, as supplied by the conversion company, will be permitted.

Tinted windows (without prejudice to the Road Vehicles (Construction & Use) Regulations 1986)

All windows must meet the requirements as prescribed by the Road Vehicles (Construction and Use) Regulations.

Matters relating to Hackney Carriage vehicles only

Accessibility

This section of the policy also takes into account the 2007 report published by the European Conference of Ministers of Transport and the International Road Transport Union which recognised that it is impossible to provide for 100% of wheelchair users without reducing the operational viability of the vehicle for the taxi operator and other passengers. There will be a small proportion of people who, because of the size of their wheelchair or the nature of their disability, are unable to access taxis or indeed other forms of mainstream public transport. They will continue to need specialist door-to-door services.

Sevenoaks District Council is committed to promoting inclusive and accessible environments and ensuring a wide range of opportunities are available to residents with disabilities to enjoy a high quality of life. Without the ability to travel, people with disabilities are denied access to life opportunities. Their access to education, shopping, employment, healthcare as well as social and family life is significantly improved when journeys become accessible. For this reason, Sevenoaks District Council considers it important that people with disabilities have access to all forms of public transportation. Accessibility is an important consideration in respect of vehicles licensed as hackney carriages. This Authority will therefore keep this section of the policy constantly under review.

Sevenoaks District Council is aware of the Government's proposals to implement the provisions of the Equality Act 2010 in relation to hackney carriages. The Government announced its proposals for taxis in 2003 and since that time has been consulting and gathering further information.

The Government is now considering how best to bring forward requirements for accessible taxis, and this includes evaluation of all options, both regulatory and non-regulatory approaches are being considered.

The ECMT-IRU recommendations for taxi vehicle accessibility are based on two design levels:

- Type One: Wheelchair Accessible Taxis: accessible vehicles capable of carrying the majority, but not all, passengers who travel in their wheelchair as well as people with other disabilities;
- Type Two: Standard Accessible Taxis: vehicles with features designed to make use by disabled people easier, but which would only be able to carry a wheelchair user who can transfer to a taxi seat.

Restriction on numbers of Licensed Vehicles

Although at the moment there is no restriction on how many hackney carriage vehicles can be licensed, Sevenoaks District Council will seek to address this matter when the need arises and may carry out a demand survey to seek clarification whether there is unmet demand for Hackney carriage vehicles within the whole district.

Re-allocation of expired Hackney Carriage Vehicle Plates

If, when a hackney carriage licence expires, the vehicle is not re-licensed within twenty-eight days and the owner does not take steps to inform the Council of his/her intentions, then the plate will be re-allocated. A letter will be sent to the owner of the vehicle advising them that the licence has expired.

Taximeters

The Authority requires every vehicle licensed as a Hackney Carriage to be fitted with a taximeter. The taximeter shall be of a type which is EU approved or specifically authorised by the Council.

The Authority requires all Hackney Carriage vehicles to be fitted with working roof-mounted signs. If the illuminated roof lights have red in them, they must be fitted so that the red light is only visible from the rear. If the vehicle is available for hire the roof light must be illuminated.

Appendix 5A - Hackney carriage vehicle conditions

Meanings

In these conditions, unless otherwise indicated,

“the Council” means the Sevenoaks District Council; and

“the district” means the area of the Sevenoaks District Council

“proprietor” means a person who is the holder of a licence issued by the Council under section 37 of the Town Police Clauses Act 1847 and Part II of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976

“vehicle” means the vehicle that is specified on that licence.

Fixing of vehicle plates

The proprietor must ensure that the identification plate and fare chart, which have been supplied by the Council, are fixed and maintained in the positions specified and are kept in a clean and legible condition.

External Plate

Under the rear registration number plate or, in exceptional circumstances, another position near that location subject to the Council's prior approval.

Internal Plate

Inside the vehicle on the left hand side of the front windscreen and in plain view of the passengers but avoiding the windscreen wiper area.

Fare Chart

In a conspicuous position inside the passenger compartment of the vehicle so that it can be read by passengers.

Roof signs

The Authority requires all Hackney Carriage vehicles to be fitted with working roof-mounted signs. The proprietor must fix a sign on the roof of the vehicle of a design acceptable to the Council. The sign must have the word TAXI printed on it. It may also have printed upon it the words FOR HIRE and the name and/or telephone number of the proprietor's taxi firm. If the illuminated roof lights have red in them, they must be fitted so that the red light is only visible from the rear. If the vehicle is available for hire the roof light must be illuminated.

Advertising and other signs

The proprietor must not permit any advertising on or in the vehicle which is not advertising their taxi firm unless authorised to do so by the Council in writing.

The proprietor must not permit any sign or mark other than those required or allowed in paragraphs 1 and 2 except with the express consent of the Council.

Advertisement of the proprietor's taxi firm must be in accordance with the following criteria:

- For saloons and estate cars all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area between the centres of the wheels (wheel base).
- For transit and people carrier type vehicles all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area to the rear of the centre of the front wheels and the rear light cluster.
- Subject to (1) and (2) the above a proprietor may have simple lettering and numbers on a vehicle in order to display a company name, address, telephone/fax number, E-mail address or Web site, or advisory notices to do with smoking, but lettering height must be a minimum of 75mm and maximum of 150mm.
- No graphics/art works or slogans or other displays of any kind are permitted except with the consent of the Council.

No smoking

In accordance with legislative requirements a 'No Smoking' sign(s) will be exhibited within the vehicle and such sign(s) will be of the approved type.

Spoilage of the interior of the vehicle by passengers

Where a passenger has spoiled the interior of the vehicle any dispute in this respect including any claim for damages shall be a matter between the proprietor and the passenger.

The above wording shall be reproduced in plainly visible lettering on the fare chart.

Wheelchair signs

Subject to the provisions of paragraph 2 above the proprietor may affix a sign on the outside of the vehicle indicating that it is able to convey passengers in wheelchairs provided the vehicle has been manufactured or properly adapted for that purpose.

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Carriage of animals other than guide/hearing/assistance dogs

The proprietor has discretion as to whether the vehicle is used to convey an animal other than a guide or hearing dog within the meaning of Section 173 of the Equality Act 2010. When a guide/hearing/assistance dog etc. is conveyed, no extra charge shall be made. Conveyance of a guide or hearing dog etc. may only be declined if the driver of the vehicle has been granted a statutory exemption on medical grounds.

Production of certain documents

The proprietor must at any time by demand of an officer of the Council produce for inspection any or all of the following documents;

- A current, valid, certificate of motor insurance, or cover note valid for at least 28 days for the vehicle that provides insurance cover for it as a Hackney Carriage;
- A current, valid, MOT test certificate for the vehicle as required by S47 of the Road Traffic Act 1988;
- The current proprietor's Hackney Carriage Vehicle licence for the vehicle; and
- The vehicle's V5 Registration Document.

Motor insurance certificate

The proprietor must at all times ensure that the vehicle is properly insured for use as a Hackney Carriage and a copy of the insurance certificate should be available inside the vehicle whilst it is licensed as a Hackney Carriage.

Damage to the vehicle

The proprietor must, in the event of any damage to the vehicle materially affecting its safety, performance, appearance or comfort or convenience of passengers, report the occurrence to the Council with 72 hours in accordance with Section 50(3) of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 and the vehicle must not be used for hire again without the approval of the Council.

Taximeter

The proprietor must ensure that the vehicle is fitted with an EU or Council approved taximeter and the taximeter:

- Is calibrated at all times with a tariff not higher than the current Hackney Carriage Fare Tariff approved by the Council.
- Is not tampered with in any way so as to effect the production of a fare that exceeds the maximum fare laid down by the current Hackney Carriage Fare Tariff approved by the Council.
- When its machinery is in action, records on its face, in figures clearly legible and free from ambiguity, the fare which the driver is entitled to demand and take for the hiring of the carriage.
- Has the word 'fare' printed on its face in plain letters so that the word clearly applies to the fare recorded thereon.

- Is positioned so that all letters and figures on its face are plainly visible to any passengers and for that purpose the letters and figures are suitably illuminated during any period of hiring.

Maximum fare

When the vehicle is hired the proprietor must not in any circumstances require or cause to be charged a fare which is greater than that authorised by the Council's current Hackney Carriage Fare Tariff.

Drivers

The proprietor must ensure that each person who drives the vehicle;

- holds a current and valid Hackney Carriage Drivers Licence issued by the Council.
- is acquainted with and understands their licence conditions and related statutory provisions.
- observes Council Byelaws and related statutory provisions.

Breakdowns etc.

If, whilst hired, the vehicle breaks down or otherwise becomes unfit or unable to carry the hirer to his/her destination, the proprietor must; secure, without delay, suitable alternative transport to carry the hirer to their destination, (unless the hirer voluntarily elects to wait until the vehicle is repaired or is otherwise able to continue the journey) and report the occurrence to the Council within 24 hours.

Lost property

In relation to property which has been left, or may have been left, in the vehicle by passengers the proprietor must;

- search the vehicle daily to establish whether or not there is any such property;
- if any such property is found, notify the Council within 72 hours and provide a description of the property;
- take reasonable steps to secure the return of the property to its owner.

Presentation of the vehicle for inspection

The proprietor must present the vehicle for inspection at any time and at any place required by the Council. If the vehicle is not presented at the place and time required by the Council then it may not be used as a Hackney Carriage without the Council's approval.

Disclosure of convictions/cautions

The proprietor must notify the Council in writing of any convictions or cautions imposed on him/her whilst the licence is in force. Such notification must occur within 21 days of the imposition of a conviction/caution.

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Transfer of hackney carriage interest in the vehicle.

If the proprietor, or part proprietor, transfers their Hackney Carriage interest in the vehicle to another person or persons the proprietor, or part proprietor, must notify the Council within 14 days of the date of the transfer and specify the name and address of each person to whom the interest has been transferred. (The Council may, with reasonable cause, revoke, suspend or review the licence if it considers any transferee is not a suitable person to hold a Hackney Carriage Vehicle Licence).

A fee and change of ownership form must also be submitted to the Council with a valid insurance document, V5 registration document and a current MOT test certificate whenever a vehicle is sold to another licensed driver.

Complaints by hirers

The proprietor of the vehicle must ensure that, should any complaint be made regarding the vehicle or its driver, then sufficient information must be given to the complainant for that person to be able to identify the driver and/or the vehicle and the means of pursuing such complaint with the Council if necessary by giving the details of the Officer Licensing 'Taxis' their office address, name and telephone number.

Use of trailers

The vehicle may tow a trailer only when one is required in order to convey a hirer's luggage. If a trailer is towed it shall;

- comply with the towing weights specified by the vehicles' manufacturer;
- provide secure and weatherproof stowage for the luggage; and
- have displayed, upon its rear, the vehicle's licence plate.

The vehicle is not permitted to have a trailer in tow whilst it is standing on a taxi rank.

Other matters

The proprietor must ensure that;

- the vehicle is provided with sufficient means by which passengers may communicate with the driver and such means of communication are maintained.
- the vehicle is maintained in a clean, comfortable, safe, watertight, mechanically sound and roadworthy condition.
- at all times windows that are designed to open shall do so in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.
- at all times, the area designed for the stowage of luggage is kept clear and available for the purpose.

Tinted windows

All windows must meet the requirements as prescribed by the Road Vehicles (Construction and Use) Regulations.

Appendix 5B - Specifications relating to Private Hire Vehicles

Licences

All Vehicle Licences shall be valid for a standard term of one year (unless for administrative reasons a shorter period is appropriate).

Age

Subject to the exceptions below;

- The Authority will not license a vehicle, for the first time, if it is more than 6 years old and/or has travelled greater than 100,000 miles - apart from in exceptional circumstances at the discretion of an authorised officer.
- The Authority will not re-license a vehicle if it is more than 10 years old (15 years for wheelchair accessible vehicles) - apart from in exceptional circumstances at the discretion of an authorised officer.

Exceptions

Subject to a vehicle being considered mechanically fit for a further year of service the following types of vehicle are exempt:

- Purpose built taxis
- Wheelchair accessible vehicles (these vehicles will be licensed until they are 15 years old but not older than 15 years old)
- Limousines, which must have a minimum engine capacity over 3,000 cc/Specialist Vehicles.

Type Limitations

The Authority will not license a vehicle unless it meets the following criteria:-

- a) The vehicle shall have four side opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior) - any lift-up tailgate shall not be included; or a vehicle shall have three side opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior) and two rear opening doors (designed for the purpose of permitting persons access to/from the interior). Any vehicle's suitability for licensing will also be determined by the positioning of its seating, fittings and fixtures for the ingress and egress of passengers and their safety.
- b) The vehicle is right-hand drive unless the vehicle is one known as a 'stretched limousine' licensed for private hire use and paragraphs (a), (c) and (d) of this part of the policy will be construed accordingly.
- c) The vehicle must have E.U Type Approval

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- d) If (c) cannot be satisfied then a Department of Transport Certificate of Single Vehicle Approval must be produced.

Environmental considerations

The Best Practice Guidance asks licensing authorities to consider how far their vehicle licensing policies can and should support any local environmental policies that they have adopted, bearing in mind the need to ensure that the benefits outweigh costs (in whatever form). They suggest that authorities may, for example, wish to consider setting vehicle emissions standards, perhaps by promoting cleaner fuels.

It is considered that efforts should be made, through the licensing policy, to improve, as far as possible, the efficiency of vehicles licensed in the District by, in particular, reducing the levels of CO₂ emitted from petrol vehicles and the equivalent from diesel. There is a movement towards the use of alternative fuels and in many areas LPG conversions to vehicles are perfectly acceptable and encouraged. This will, however, be dependent on supplies of such fuel being made readily available. It may also be the case that the installation of storage tanks into vehicles may affect the ability to carry luggage.

Clearly, emissions from hackney carriages and private hire vehicles could be reduced further, by encouraging better maintenance of vehicles and by switching off engines when stationary or idling, particularly at hackney carriage ranks. It is proposed that this aspect be tackled through education and promotion.

In view of the above detail, unless more urgent measures are introduced by central government in the meantime, this Council will monitor any research published and Government guidelines with a view to specifying vehicle emissions standards and promoting cleaner vehicles.

Advertising

The Authority will allow advertisements to be placed upon a vehicle subject to the following conditions:

- a) For saloons and estate cars all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area between the centres of the wheels (wheel base).
- b) For transit and people carrier type vehicles all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area to the rear of the centre of the front wheels and the rear light cluster.

- c) Subject to the above, a proprietor may have simple lettering and numbers on a vehicle in order to display a company name, address, telephone/fax number, E-mail address or Web site, but lettering height must be a minimum of 75mm and maximum of 150mm.
- d) No graphics/art works or slogans or other displays of any kind are permitted except with the consent of the Council.
- e) In the case of Private Hire Vehicles advertising is subject to the specific exclusion of the words "taxi", "cab" or "hire" the use of which is not permitted.
- f) Advertising, not relating to the vehicle's proprietor or company, may, under certain circumstances, be allowed on a hackney carriage vehicle on submission of a written request and details of the advertisement to the Council. Each request will be considered entirely on its own merits and, if approved, the written authority must be carried in the vehicle. No such advertising is permitted on a private hire vehicle.

Licence Plate Content

The external and internal licence plate issued by the Authority will include the following information;

- Licence No.
- Registration No.
- Vehicle make/Type.
- Licence expiry date.
- No. of passengers.

Minimum number of passengers to be carried

No vehicle capable of carrying more than 8 passengers can be licensed by the Council.

In order to facilitate the licensing of a wide variety of vehicle types and to encourage more environmentally friendly vehicles the Council has not set a limit on the minimum number of seats but instead requires a minimum space standard per passenger as detailed in the basic specifications for vehicles.

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Vehicle Test Standards

The Authority will not license a vehicle unless the person examining it (for the Authority) has confirmed that it meets the standards specified in Appendix 1 and, at the same time, the vehicle has been certified roadworthy to MOT standard.

Vehicles of a class that are not subject to 'EU Type approval' and are being tested for the first time will be additionally tested to ensure tyres, weight limits and any other aspect of the vehicle are safe and mechanically sound as possible for the passenger. Costs of such testing must be paid by the person wishing to licence the vehicle. In addition, the history of the vehicle will be taken into consideration when determining whether the vehicle should be licensed.

A vehicle is required to be re-examined, when the licence has been in force for six months, to ensure that it continues to meet the standards referred to in (a) above.

Vehicles powered by Liquid Petroleum Gas (LPG)

An applicant for a licence involving a vehicle which has been converted to run on LPG is required to produce, prior to a licence being issued, a certificate issued by a member of the LPG Association confirming that the LPG installation conforms with the Association's Code of Practice and is, therefore, considered safe.

If an LPG conversion involves installation of an LPG fuel tank in a vehicle's boot space (and possible relocation of the spare wheel) it shall be a requirement that an amount of space shall remain free for the stowage of a reasonable amount of luggage, and any spare wheel displaced as a result must be stowed in a location that does not impinge on the passenger carrying area of a vehicle. Where relocation of the spare wheel is not possible an acceptable alternative, as supplied by the conversion company, will be permitted.

Tinted windows

All windows must meet the requirements as prescribed by the Road Vehicles (Construction and Use) Regulations.

Appendix 5C: Private Hire Vehicle Conditions

Meanings

In these conditions, unless otherwise indicated,

“the Council” means the Sevenoaks District Council; and

“the district” means the area of the Sevenoaks District Council

“proprietor” means a person who is the holder of a licence issued by the Council under section 48 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976

“vehicle “ means the vehicle that is specified on that licence

Fixing of licence plates etc.

The proprietor must ensure that the following plates etc. have been supplied by the Council and is responsible for their fixing and maintenance in the positions specified and keeping them in a clean and legible condition.

External plate

Under the rear registration number plate or, in exceptional circumstances, another position near that location subject to the Council's prior approval.

Internal plate

Inside the vehicle on the left hand side of the front windscreen and in plain view of the passengers but avoiding the windscreen wiper area.

Fare chart

In a conspicuous position inside the passenger compartment of the vehicle so that it can be read by passengers.

Advertising and other signs

- a) the proprietor must not permit any advertising on or in the vehicle which is not advertising his/her taxi firm;
- b) the proprietor must not permit any sign or mark other than those required or allowed in paragraph 1 except with the express consent of the Council;
- c) advertisement of the proprietors taxi firm must be in accordance with the following criteria:
 - For saloons and estate cars all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area between the centres of the wheels (wheel base).

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- For transit and people carrier type vehicles all advertising/graphics etc. must be confined to the side, rear or bonnet. Where advertising appears on the side of such a vehicle it must be contained within the area to the rear of the centre of front the wheels and the rear light cluster.
- Subject to (i) and (ii) the above a proprietor may have simple lettering and numbers on a vehicle in order to display a company name, address, telephone/fax number, E-mail/social media address or web site, or advisory notices to do with smoking, but lettering height must be a minimum of 75mm and maximum of 150mm.
- No graphics/art works or slogans or other displays of any kind are permitted except with the consent of the Council.

No smoking

'No Smoking' signs will be fixed inside the vehicle in accordance with current legislative requirements.

Spoilage of the interior of the vehicle by passengers

- a) Where a passenger has spoiled the interior of the vehicle any dispute in this respect including any claim for damages shall be a matter between the proprietor and the passenger.
- b) The wording in (a) above shall be reproduced in plainly visible lettering within the vehicle (on or next to the fare chart if fitted).

Wheelchair signs

Subject to the provisions of paragraph 2 the proprietor may affix a sign on the outside of the vehicle indicating that it is able to convey passengers in wheelchairs provided the vehicle has been manufactured or properly adapted for that purpose.

Carriage of animals other than guide/hearing/assistance dogs

The proprietor has discretion as to whether the vehicle is used to convey an animal other than a guide/hearing or assistance dog within the meaning of Section 173 of the Equality Act 2010. When a guide or hearing dog etc. is conveyed no extra charge shall be made. Conveyance of a guide/hearing or assistance dog etc. may only be declined if the driver of the vehicle has been granted a statutory exemption on medical grounds.

Production of certain documents

The proprietor must at any time by demand of an officer of the Council produce for inspection any or all of the following documents;

- a) a current, valid, certificate of motor insurance or cover note valid for at least 28 days for the vehicle that provides insurance cover for it as a Private Hire Vehicle;
- b) a current, valid, MOT test certificate for the vehicle as required by S47 of the Road Traffic Act 1988;

- c) the current proprietor's Private Hire Vehicle licence for the vehicle; and
- d) the vehicle's V5 Registration Document.

Insurance certificate

The proprietor must at all times ensure that the vehicle is properly insured for use as a Private Hire Vehicle and a copy of the insurance certificate should be available inside the vehicle whilst it is licensed as a Private Hire Vehicle.

Damage to vehicle

The proprietor must, in the event of any damage to the vehicle materially affecting its safety, performance, appearance or comfort or convenience of passengers, report the occurrence to the Council with 72 hours in accordance with Section 50(3) of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 and the vehicle must not be used for hire again without the approval of the Council.

Taximeter

If a taximeter is fitted to the vehicle;

The proprietor must ensure that the taximeter is EU type approved or specifically authorised by the Council and the taximeter;

- is calibrated at all times to include the current fare tariff of the Operator;
- is not tampered with in any way so as to effect the production of a fare that exceeds the maximum fare laid down by the current fare tariff of the Operator;
- when its machinery is in action, records on its face, in figures clearly legible and free from ambiguity, the fare which the driver is entitled to demand and take for the hiring of the carriage;
- has the word ' fare' printed on its face in plain letters so that the word clearly applies to the fare recorded thereon;
- is positioned so that all letters and figures on its face are plainly visible to any passengers and for that purpose the letters and figures are suitably illuminated during any period of hiring.

Drivers

The proprietor must ensure that each person who drives the vehicle;

- a) holds a current and valid Private Hire Driver's Licence issued by the Council;
- b) is acquainted with and understands their licence conditions and related statutory provisions;
- c) observes their licence conditions and related statutory provisions.

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Breakdowns etc.

If, whilst hired, the vehicle breaks down or otherwise becomes unfit or unable to carry the hirer to his/her destination the proprietor must;

- secure, without delay, suitable alternative transport to carry the hirer to their destination unless the hirer voluntarily elects to wait until the vehicle is repaired or is otherwise able to continue the journey.
- report the occurrence to the Council within 24 hours.

Lost property

In relation to property which has been left, or may have been left, in the vehicle by passengers the proprietor must;

- search the vehicle daily to establish whether or not there is any such property.
- if any such property is found, notify the Council within 72 hours and provide a description of the property.
- take reasonable steps to secure the return of the property to its owner.

Presentation of vehicle for inspection

The proprietor must present the vehicle for inspection at any time and at any place required by the Council. If the vehicle is not presented at the place and time required by the Council then it may not be used as a Private Hire Vehicle without the Council's approval.

Disclosure of convictions or cautions

The proprietor must notify the Council in writing of any convictions or cautions imposed on them whilst the licence is in force. Such notification must occur within 21 days of the imposition of a conviction/caution.

Transfer of private hire interest in the vehicle

If the proprietor, or part proprietor, transfers his/her Private Hire interest in the vehicle to another person or persons the proprietor, or part proprietor, must notify the Council within 14 days of the date of the transfer and specify the name and address of each person to whom the interest has been transferred. (The Council may, with reasonable cause, revoke, suspend or review the licence if it considers any transferee is not a suitable person to hold a Private Hire Vehicle Licence).

Complaints by hirers

The proprietor of the vehicle must ensure that, should any complaint be made regarding the vehicle or its driver, then sufficient information must be given to the complainant for that person to be able to identify the driver and/or the vehicle and the means of pursuing such complaint with the Council, if necessary, by giving also the details of the Officer licensing private hire vehicles, their office address, name and telephone number.

Use of trailers

The vehicle may tow a trailer only when one is required in order to convey a hirer's luggage. If a trailer is towed it shall;

- comply with the towing weights specified by the vehicle's manufacturer;
- provide secure and weatherproof stowage for the luggage; and
- have displayed, upon its rear, the vehicle's licence plate.

Other matters

The proprietor must ensure that;

- the vehicle is provided with sufficient means by which passengers may communicate with the driver and such means of communication are maintained;
- the vehicle is maintained in a clean, comfortable, safe, watertight, mechanically sound and roadworthy condition;
- at all times windows that are designed to open shall do so in accordance with manufacturers specifications;
- at all times, the area designed for the stowage of luggage is kept clear and available for the purpose.

Tinted windows

All windows must meet the requirements as prescribed by the Road Vehicles (Construction and Use) Regulations.

Appendix 6

Private Hire driver conditions

In these conditions, unless otherwise indicated,

“the Council” means the Sevenoaks District Council; and

“the district” means the area of the Sevenoaks District Council

“driver of a private hire vehicle “ means a person who has been granted a licence by the Council under section 51 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976.

A driver of a private hire vehicle shall:

- not wilfully or negligently cause or suffer the licence plate of the vehicle to be concealed from public view while the vehicle is licensed; and
- not cause or permit the vehicle to be used, whilst licensed, with any such plate so defaced that any figure or material particular is illegible.

The driver of a private hire vehicle provided with a taximeter shall:

- when not hired, keep the machinery of the taximeter inactive so that no fare is recorded on the face of the taximeter;
- before beginning a journey for which a fare is charged bring the machinery of the taximeter into action and keep the machinery of the taximeter in action until the termination of the hiring; and
- cause the dial of the taximeter to be kept properly illuminated throughout any part of a hiring which is between half-an-hour after sunset and half-an-hour before sunrise, and also at any other time at the request of the hirer.

A driver of a private hire vehicle shall not tamper with or permit any person to tamper with any taximeter with which the vehicle is provided, with the fittings thereof, or with the seals affixed thereto.

Where a vehicle is equipped with a taximeter and where such taximeter is to be used to record the fare for a hiring, the driver shall -

- ensure, during the continuance of such hiring, that the dial of the taximeter is not concealed in any manner or by any means and that such dial is distinctly and plainly visible and legible to any person hiring or being conveyed in the vehicle;
- cause the dial of the taximeter to be kept properly illuminated throughout the hiring;
- report immediately to the Council and to the Operator any failure of the taximeter;
- not wilfully or negligently cause or suffer the table of the Operator’s fares to be inverted or detached or altered or the letters or figures on such table to be in

any manner or by any means concealed at any time.

The driver of a private hire vehicle shall behave in a civil and orderly manner and shall take all reasonable precautions to ensure the safety of persons conveyed in or entering or alighting from the vehicle.

1. A driver of a private hire vehicle who has agreed or has been hired to be in attendance with the vehicle at an appointed time and place shall, unless delayed or prevented by some sufficient cause, punctually attend with such carriage at such appointed time and place.
2. A driver of a private hire vehicle shall not convey or permit to be conveyed in such vehicle any greater number of persons than the number of persons specified on the licence plate affixed to the vehicle.
3. If a badge has been provided by the Council and delivered to the driver of a private hire vehicle he shall, when working as such and when hired, wear that badge in such position and manner as to be plainly visible.
4. The driver of a private hire vehicle so constructed as to carry luggage shall, when requested by any person hiring or seeking to hire the vehicle:
 - convey a reasonable quantity of luggage;
 - afford reasonable assistance in loading and unloading; and
 - afford reasonable assistance in removing it to or from the entrance of any building, station or place at which he may take up or set down such person.

The driver of a private hire vehicle shall be entitled to demand and take for the hire of the vehicle only;

- such fare as may be shown on the face of any taximeter provided in the vehicle (where the fare for the hiring is charged by reference to the Operator's table of fares) save for any extra charges authorised by the Operator which it may not be possible to record on the face of the taximeter; or
- such other fare as may have been agreed with the hirer prior to the commencement of the hiring

The driver of a private hire vehicle bearing a table of the Operator's fares shall not wilfully or negligently cause or suffer the letters or figures in that table to be concealed or rendered illegible at any time while the vehicle is licensed.

1. The driver of a private hire vehicle shall immediately after the termination of any hiring or as soon as practicable thereafter carefully search the carriage for any property which may have been accidentally left therein.

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2. The driver of a private hire vehicle shall, if any property accidentally left therein by any person who may have been conveyed in the carriage be found by or handed to him:
 - carry it as soon as possible and in any event within 48 hours if not sooner claimed by or on behalf of its owner, to the office of the Council and leave it in the custody of the officer in charge of the office on his giving a receipt for it; and
 - be entitled to receive from any person to whom the property shall be re-delivered an amount equal to ten pence in the pound of its estimated value (or the fare for the distance from the place of finding to the office of the Council, whichever be the greater) but not more than twenty five pounds.

Private Hire Driver must comply at all times with the current legislation relating to no smoking in the vehicle whether it is used for the conveyance of the public or not.

Informative

If you accept bookings for the private hire vehicle, which you are driving, direct from a hirer you must ensure that you have a Private Hire Operator's Licence, as it is unlawful for you to accept bookings without such licence.

Appendix 7

Private Hire operator conditions

In these conditions, unless otherwise indicated

"the Council" means the " Sevenoaks District Council",

"the Operator" means the holder of a licence and

"Licence" means a licence granted by the Council under section 55 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 to operate private hire vehicles.

Record keeping

The operator shall keep (in a non-erasable form) comprehensive records as follows:

A. Drivers

The Operator must keep up to date records of the names and addresses of all licensed drivers who are used and shall notify the Council;

- when any new driver begins service,
- when any driver's service ceases; and
- of any change of address of any driver in service,
- if they become aware that any driver is suffering from any illness, disability or condition which may affect the driver's ability to safely carry out their duties.

B. Vehicles

- of all vehicles operated and the dates and times during which they are operated;
- the maintenance history of each vehicle, including details of all repairs carried out;

C. Bookings

All bookings made for private hire vehicles shall be recorded the same calendar day and kept for 6 months. The record of each booking must include;

- the source from which the booking came and the time it was received
- pick-up point and the time the journey commenced;
- destination point and the time the journey ended;
- the vehicle used;
- the driver employed;
- by whom the entry was made in the record
- the fare quoted (if quoted) at the time of booking
- the fare actually charged

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- the reason(s) why the fare actually charged was different if it was different
- any other relevant information.

D. Staff

A register of all staff that will take bookings or dispatch vehicles under the authority of the Private Hire Operator will be kept.

The Private Hire Operator will evidence they have had sight of a Basic DBS check on all individuals listed on that register and ensure that Basic DBS checks are undertaken on any individuals added to the register.

The Private Hire Operator will evidence comparable protections are applied by other companies to which they outsource booking and dispatch functions

The Private Hire Operator must provide to the Licensing Authority their Policy on employing ex-offenders in roles that would be on the staff register.

Disclosure of convictions

The operator shall immediately disclose to the Council in writing details of any convictions imposed on them during the currency of this licence.

Taximeters

Where a taximeter is used to record the fare for hiring, the Operator shall ensure that a table showing his/her current fare scale is displayed inside the vehicle in a position so that it is plainly and easily visible to any person being conveyed in the vehicle and that the table is kept in clean and legible condition.

Advertisement of business

The operator must not use in any advertisement of his/her business the words "Hackney Carriage", "Taxi" or "Cab" if licensed Hackney Carriages cannot be supplied.

Surrender of licence

If at any time during the period of the licence the operator for any reason does not wish to retain the licence (which is not transferable) or if at any time during the period of the licence it is suspended or revoked he must immediately surrender and return the licence to the Council.

Notification of accidents

If any vehicle (licensed by the Council) which is used by the Operator is involved in an accident the Operator must notify the Council within 72 hours.

Running of a business

The Operator shall:

- provide a prompt, reliable and efficient service to the public at all reasonable times and in particular ensure that the premises to which the public have access for the purpose of making bookings or waiting for cars etc. are kept clean and provided with adequate seating facilities;
- ensure that the use of the premises which is used for the running of his/her business has no detrimental effect on the neighbourhood.
- notify the Council within 21 days of any change of business address or change of company or trading name.

Public Service Vehicles

Where a private hire vehicle is unsuitable, for example where a larger vehicle is needed because more than 8 passenger seats are required or to accommodate luggage, the booker should be informed that a Public Service Vehicle (PSV) is necessary, and that a PSV licensed driver will be used who is subject to different checks and not required to have an enhanced DBS check.

Public liability insurance

If the Operator has premises to which the public have access, in connection with the hiring of vehicles, he shall ensure that there is public liability insurance in force which indemnifies him against any claim for loss, damage or personal injury by any person using those premises.

Driver – Medical fitness

The Operator must not knowingly permit a driver to drive a licensed vehicle if they are aware that the person is suffering from any illness, disability or condition which may affect their ability to safely carry out their duties.

Vehicle with tinted windows

All windows must meet the requirements as prescribed by the Road Vehicles (Construction and Use) Regulations.

Informative

The Operator shall be aware that a booking accepted by telephone, or otherwise verbally, is a lawful agreement and he/she may be liable for breach of contract if a booking is not honoured. The accurate recording of booking details is a means of protecting yourself if such circumstances arise.

Appendix 8

Hackney Carriage Byelaws

Made under section 68 of the Town Police Clauses Act 1847, and section 171 of the Public Health Act 1875, by the District Council of Sevenoaks with respect to hackney carriages in the District of Sevenoaks.

Interpretation

1. Throughout these byelaws “the Council” means the District Council of Sevenoaks and “the district” means the District of Sevenoaks.

Provisions regulating the manner in which the number of each hackney carriage, corresponding with the number of its licence, shall be displayed

2. The proprietor of a hackney carriage shall cause the number of the licence granted to him in respect of the carriage to be legibly painted or marked on the outside and inside of the carriage, or on plates affixed thereto.

A proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage shall:

- not wilfully or negligently cause or suffer any such number to be concealed from public view while the carriage is standing or plying for hire;
- not cause or permit the carriage to stand or ply for hire with any such painting, marking or plate so defaced that any figure or material particular is illegible.

Provisions regulating how hackney carriages are to be furnished or provided

3. The proprietor of a hackney carriage shall:
 - provide sufficient means by which any person in the carriage may communicate with the driver;
 - cause the roof or covering to be kept water-tight;
 - provide any necessary windows and means of opening and closing not less than one window on each side;
 - cause the seats to be properly cushioned or covered;
 - cause the floor to be provided with a proper carpet, mat or other suitable covering;
 - cause the fittings and furniture generally to be kept in a clean condition, well maintained and in every way fit for public service;
 - provide means for securing luggage if the hackney carriage is so constructed as to carry luggage;
 - provide at least two doors for the use of persons conveyed in such carriage and a separate means of ingress and egress for the driver.

4. The proprietor of a hackney carriage shall cause the same to be provided with a taximeter so constructed, attached and maintained as to comply with the following requirements, that is to say:
 - a) the taximeter shall be fitted with a key, flag or other device the turning of which will bring the machinery of the taximeter into action and cause the word "HIRED" to appear on the face of the taximeter;
 - b) such key, flag or other device shall be capable of being locked in such a position that the machinery of the taximeter is not in action and that no fare is recorded on the face of the taximeter;
 - c) when the machinery of the taximeter is in action there shall be recorded on the face of the taximeter in clearly legible figures a fare not exceeding the rate or fare which the proprietor or driver is entitled to demand and take for the hire of the carriage by distance and time in pursuance of the tariff fixed by the Council;
 - d) the word "FARE" shall be printed on the face of the taximeter in plain letters so as clearly to apply to the fare recorded thereon;
 - e) the taximeter shall be so placed that all letters and figures on the face thereof are at all times plainly visible to any person being conveyed in the carriage, and for that purpose the letters and figures shall be capable of being suitably illuminated during any period of hiring; and
 - f) the taximeter and all the fittings thereof shall be so affixed to the carriage with seals or other appliances that it shall not be practicable for any person to tamper with them except by breaking, damaging or permanently displacing the seals or other appliances.

Provisions regulating the conduct of the proprietors and drivers of hackney carriages plying within the district in their several employments, and determining whether such drivers shall wear any and what badges

5. The driver of a hackney carriage provided with a taximeter shall: -
 - a) when standing or plying for hire, keep the key, flag or other device fitted in pursuance of the byelaw in that behalf locked in the position in which no fare is recorded on the face of the taximeter;
 - b) before beginning a journey for which a fare is charged for distance and time, bring the machinery of the taximeter into action by moving the said key, flag or other device, so that the word "HIRED" is legible on the face of the taximeter and keep the machinery of the taximeter in action until the termination of the hiring; and
 - c) cause the dial of the taximeter to be kept properly illuminated throughout any part of a hiring which is between half an hour after sunset and half an hour before sunrise, and also at any other time at the request of the hirer.

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6. A proprietor or driver of a carriage shall not tamper with or permit any person to tamper with any taximeter with which the carriage is provided, with the fittings thereof, or with the seals affixed thereto.
7. The driver of a hackney carriage shall, when plying for hire in any street and not actually hired:
 - a) proceed with reasonable speed to one of the stands appointed by the Council;
 - b) if a stand, at the time of his arrival, is occupied by the full number of carriages authorised to occupy it, proceed to another stand;
 - c) on arriving at a stand not already occupied by the full number of carriages authorised to occupy it, station the carriage immediately behind the carriage or carriages on the stand and so as to face in the same direction; and
 - d) from time to time, when any other carriage immediately in front is driven off or moved forward, cause his carriage to be moved forward so as to fill the place previously occupied by the carriage driven off or moved forward.
8. At no time is smoking permitted in any Hackney Carriage or Private Hire Vehicle.
9. A proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage, when standing or plying for hire shall not make use of the services of any other person for the purpose of importuning any person to hire such carriage.
10. The driver of a hackney carriage shall behave in a civil and orderly manner and shall take all reasonable precautions to ensure the safety of persons conveyed in or entering or alighting from the vehicle.
11. The proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage who has agreed or has been hired to be in attendance with the carriage at an appointed time and place shall, unless delayed or prevented by some sufficient cause, punctually attend with such carriage at such appointed time and place.
12. A proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage shall not convey or permit to be conveyed in such carriage any greater number of persons than the number of persons specified on the plate affixed to the outside of the carriage.
13. If a badge has been provided by the Council and delivered to the driver of a hackney carriage he shall, when standing or plying for hire, and when hired, wear that badge in such position and manner as to be plainly visible.
14. The driver of a hackney carriage so constructed as to carry luggage shall, when requested by any person hiring or seeking to hire the carriage:
 - a) convey a reasonable quantity of luggage;
 - b) afford reasonable assistance in loading and unloading; and

- c) afford reasonable assistance in removing it to or from the entrance of any building, station or place at which he may take up or set down such person.

Provisions fixing the rates or fares to be paid for hackney carriages within the District, and securing the due publication of such fares.

- 15. The proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage shall be entitled to demand and take for the hire of the carriage the rate or fare prescribed by the Council, the rate or fare being calculated by distance and time unless the hirer expresses at the commencement of the hiring his desire to engage by time.

Provided always that, where a hackney carriage furnished with a taximeter shall be hired by distance and time, the proprietor or driver thereof shall not be entitled to demand and take a fare greater than that recorded on the face of the taximeter, save for any extra charges authorised by the Council which it may not be possible to record on the face of the taximeter.

- 16. (a) The proprietor of a hackney carriage shall cause a statement of the fares fixed by Council resolution to be exhibited inside the carriage, in clearly distinguishable letters and figures.

(b) The proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage bearing a statement of fares in accordance with this byelaw shall not wilfully or negligently cause or suffer the letters or figures in the statement to be concealed or rendered illegible at any time while the carriage is plying or being used for hire.

Provisions securing the safe custody and redelivery of any property accidentally left in hackney carriages, and fixing the charges to be made in respect thereof

- 17. The proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage shall, immediately after the termination of any hiring or as soon as practicable thereafter, carefully search the carriage for any property which may have been accidentally left therein.
- 18. The proprietor or driver of a hackney carriage shall, if any property accidentally left therein by any person who may have been conveyed in the carriage be found by or handed to him:
 - a) carry it as soon as possible and in any event within 48 hours, if not sooner claimed by or on behalf of its owner, to the office of the Council, and leave it in the custody of the officer in charge on his giving a receipt for it; and
 - b) be entitled to receive from any person to whom the property shall be redelivered an amount equal to ten pence in the pound of its estimated value (or the fare for the distance from the place of finding to the office of the Council, whichever is the greater) but not more than twenty five pounds.

Penalties

- 19. Every person who shall offend against any of these byelaws shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding Level 2 on the Standard Scale and in

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the case of a continuing offence to a further fine not exceeding two pounds for each day during which the offence continues after conviction therefore.

Repeal of byelaws

The byelaws relating to hackney carriages referred to in the following schedule are hereby repealed.

Appendix 9

Penalty points system - list of offences/breach of licence conditions

Town Police Clauses Act 1847

Section	Offence	Penalty points
40	Giving false information on application for HC proprietor's licence.	12
44	Failure to notify change of address of HC proprietor.	2
45	Plying for hire without HC proprietor's licence.	8-12
47	Driving a HC without HC driver's licence.	8-12
47	Lending or parting with HC driver's licence.	4
47	HC proprietor employing unlicensed driver.	12
48	Failure by HC proprietor to hold HC driver's licence for person driving the vehicle.	6
48	Failure by HC proprietor to produce HC driver's licence.	3
52	Failure to display HC plate.	4
53	Refusal to take a fare without reasonable excuse	6-12
54	Charging more than the agreed fare.	6-12
55	Obtaining more than the legal fare. (Failure to refund)	6-12
56	Travelling less than the lawful distance for an agreed fare.	6-12
57	Failure to wait after a deposit to wait has been paid.	6-12
58	Charging more than the legal fare.	12
59	Carrying other person than the hirer without consent of hirer	8
60	Driving HC without proprietor's consent.	6-12
60	Allowing another to drive HC without proprietor's consent.	6-12
62	Driver leaving HC unattended.	2
64	HC driver obstructing other HC's.	3

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Local Government (Miscellaneous Provision) Act 1976

Section	Offence	Points
46(1)(a)	Using an unlicensed private hire vehicle	12
46(1)(b)	Driving a private hire vehicle without a private hire drivers" licence	12
46(1)(c)	Proprietor of a private hire vehicle using an unlicensed driver	8-12
46(1)(d)	Operating a private hire vehicle without a private hire operator's licence	8-12
46(1)(e)	Operating a vehicle as a private hire vehicle when the vehicle is not licensed as a private hire vehicle.	12
46(1)(e)	Operating a private hire vehicle when the driver is not licensed as a private hire operator.	8-12
48(6)	Failure to display a private hire vehicle plate	4
49	Failure to notify the transfer of a HC proprietor's licence.	3
50 (1)	Failure to present a HC for inspection, as required.	6-12
50 (2)	Failure to inform the Authority where the HC is stored.	3
50 (3)	Failure to report an accident to the Authority within 72hours.	6
50 (4)	Failure to produce the HC proprietor's licence and insurance cert	4
53 (3)	Failure to produce HC driver's licence.	3-4
54(2)	Failure to wear a private hire driver's badge	3-4
56(2)	Failure of a private hire operator to keep proper records of all bookings, or failure to produce them on request of an Authorised Officer of the Council or a Police Officer	6
56(3)	Failure of a private hire operator to keep records of all private hire vehicles, or failure to produce them on request of an Authorised Officer of the Council or a Police Officer	6
56(4)	Failure of a private hire operator to produce his licence on request	4
57	Making a false statement or withholding information to obtain a HC driver's licence.	12

Section	Offence	Points
58 (2)	Failure to return a plate after notice given following expiry, revocation or suspension of a HC proprietor's licence.	6
61 (2)	Failure to surrender a driver's licence after suspension, revocation or refusal to renew.	6
64	Permitting any vehicle other than a HC to wait on a HC stand.	6
66	Charging more than the meter fare for a journey ending outside the district, without prior agreement.	6-12
67	Charging more than the meter fare when HC used as PH vehicle.	6-12
69	Unnecessarily prolonging a journey.	6-12
71	Interfering with a taximeter with intent to mislead.	12
73(1)(a)	Obstruction of an authorised Officer or Constable.	12
73(1)(b)	Failure to comply with a requirement of an authorised Officer or Constable.	6-12
73(1)(c)	Failure to give information or assistance to an authorised Officer or Constable.	6-12

Equality Act 2010

Section	Offence	Points
165	Failure of a driver of a designated hackney carriage to comply with duties relating to passengers in wheelchairs, or another person who wishes to be accompanied by a disabled person who is in a wheelchair	12
165	Failure of a driver of a designated private hire vehicle to comply with duties relating to passengers in wheelchairs, or another person who wishes to be accompanied by a disabled person who is in a wheelchair	12
168	Refusal to carry a guide, hearing, or other assistance dog in a hackney carriage without a valid certificate of exemption	12
168	Charging an additional cost for the carrying of an assistance dog in a hackney carriage	12
170	Refusal to carry a guide, hearing, or other assistance dog in a private hire vehicle without a valid certificate of exemption	12
170	Charging an additional cost for the carrying of an assistance dog in a private hire vehicle	12

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Transport Act 1980

Section	Offence	Points
64(2)(a)	Driving a vehicle with a sign above its roof which consists or includes the word "taxi" or "cab" whether alone or part of another word	10
64(2)(b)	Causes or permits a vehicle to have a sign above its roof which consists of or includes the word "taxi" or "cab" whether alone or part of another word	10

Policy: Private Hire Driver's Licence Conditions

Offence	Points
Not being respectably dressed and clean & tidy in appearance	2
Failure to wear a badge.	4-6
Failure to behave in a civil, polite and orderly manner.	3
Failure to ensure the safety of passengers.	4
Concealing or defacing a licence plate.	4
Failure to attend on time for pre-arranged booking without sufficient cause.	3
Conveying a greater number of passengers than permitted.	6
Failure to give assistance with passenger's luggage.	3
Soliciting for hire or accepting a fare that is not pre-booked.	6 -12
Operating a vehicle that is not clean and tidy	2-6
Driving without the consent of the proprietor.	5- 6
Drinking or eating in the vehicle without permission of passenger.	2-3
Causing excessive noise from any radio or sound-reproducing instrument, which annoys anyone in or outside the vehicle.	2
Operating the horn as a means of signalling that the vehicle has arrived.	3

Offence	Points
Allowing the vehicle to stand in such a position as to suggest that it is plying for hire, or using a hackney carriage stand.	6
Using a non-hands free mobile phone whilst driving	8
Failure to provide medical certificate or note notifying a medical condition	6-12
Failure to provide a receipt when requested.	2
Failure to operate the meter from commencement of the journey and charging more than the fixed charge for hire of Hackney Carriages.	4-12
Failing to notify changes within 14 days.	3
Failure to produce a copy of the licence.	4
Failure to notify within 7 days of starting or terminating employment, the name and address of the proprietor and the date when the employment either started or ended.	3
Failure to show the private hire driver's licence to the proprietor at the beginning of an employment.	2
Failure to surrender a driver's licence, badge or plate on cessation of employment.	6
Failing to notify of change of address of any amendment to the details of a licence within 14 days	3
Failing to disclose convictions within 7 days.	8 -12
Failure to search vehicle daily or failure to take found property to the Council Offices within 72 hours of finding it.	3
Failure to report an accident within 72 hours	3
Carrying an animal other than one with passenger.	2
Carrying an animal not safely restrained.	3
Failure to carry assistance dog without an exemption certificate.	5-6
Failure to comply with wheelchair carriage requirements.	5-6

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Policy: Vehicle Specifications & Conditions of Licence

Offence	Points
Operating a vehicle which does not comply with the Councils Vehicle Specification where such offence is not otherwise specified below	2 - 6
Operating a vehicle, which is not maintained in a sound and roadworthy condition.	6
Operating a vehicle, which is not maintained in a clean and safe condition inside and out.	3
Modifying a vehicle without the consent of the Council	4
Failure to display or maintain external licence plates which indicate the maximum number of passengers who may be conveyed.	4
Hackney vehicle signage not in accordance with council requirements.	4
Affixing or displaying on a private hire vehicle any roof sign.	6
Displaying on a private hire vehicle any sign or notice which consists of or includes the word TAXI or CAB or FOR HIRE	4
Displaying a sign or advertisement that does not comply with Council requirements or is not authorised by the Council.	3
Taximeter which does not comply with the Council's Vehicle Specification.	5
Trailer which does not comply the Council's Vehicle Specification	3
Operating a vehicle which does not comply with the Council's policy requirements	6
Operating a vehicle, which does not comply the Council's Vehicle Specification in respect of window tint.	4
No insurance or inappropriate insurance for the vehicle.	12
Failing to notify vehicle change or transfer within 14 days.	3
Failing to make the vehicle licence available for inspection.	3
Allowing a vehicle to be used for hire by a person who does not hold a current private hire or hackney driver's licence	8
Failure to properly report an accident to the Authority.	3
Permitting the vehicle to be used for any illegal or immoral purposes.	12

Policy: Breach of Conditions attached to Operator's Licence

Offence	Points
Failure to provide a prompt, efficient and reliable service at all reasonable times.	3
Failure to ensure that office staff employed by operator act in a civil and orderly manner at all times.	3
Failure to ensure that a vehicle attends punctually at the appointed time and place unless prevented by some sufficient cause.	4
Failure to keep the premises clean, adequately heated, ventilated, lit, and in accordance with the requirements of licence conditions.	3
Failure to properly keep or produce records of private hire bookings, vehicles, drivers or other documents required to be kept or produced. (see LGMP s56(2) & (3) above)	6
Failure to act properly upon the receipt of a complaint or to notify immediately the Licensing Officer.	4
Failure to notify the Council of any changes, including change of address from where the business operates within 14 days.	3
Failure to disclose in writing within 7 days details of any conviction or police caution imposed on him to the licensing section.	12
Failure to ensure that an appropriate certificate of motor insurance covers every vehicle operated by him under the licence.	6
Failure to obtain appropriate public liability insurance for the premises or to produce the same.	4
Failure to ensure that every driver has a private hire licence and badge.	4
Failure to keep a copy of the conditions at the premises or to make the same available for inspection by passengers.	4
Failure to make the Operator's licence available for inspection. (see LGMP s56 (4) above.	6

Appendix 10

**POLICY IN RESPECT OF REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION, DISCLOSURE
OF INFORMATION, AND USE OF INFORMATION AS A RESULT OF AN
ENTRY ON NR3**



Introduction

Licensing Authorities are required to satisfy themselves that those holding a Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Vehicle (PHV) drivers licences are 'fit & proper' to do so. This is done firstly during the determination of an application for a licence, and then at any time during the period of holding a licence.

The process of assessing whether an applicant or licensee is 'fit & proper' may vary between authorities but there is widespread consensus on the need to increase consistency and set national standards for the fit and proper test at a suitably high level. This would help prevent individuals who have had a licence revoked by one authority from simply going to another area and securing a licence – assuming the second authority was aware of the earlier revocation.

Currently if drivers do not disclose information about a previous revocation or refusal of a licence, there is often no way for a licensing authority to find this information out. This means that vital intelligence about an applicants' past behaviour is being missed and an individual might be able to obtain a new licence in another area, despite having their licence revoked elsewhere. High profile instances of this happening have undermined public confidence in the safety of hackney carriage and PHVs, and left licensing authorities open to criticism for something that is currently very difficult for them to control.

In response to this issue this council has subscribed to the national register of hackney carriage and PHV driver licence refusals and revocations, the National Register of Refusals and Revocations' or NR3. The register will allow licensing authorities to record details of where a hackney carriage or PHV driver's licence has been refused or revoked, and allow licensing authorities to check new applicants against the register. This should help to prevent people found to be not fit and proper in one area from securing a licence somewhere else through deception and non-disclosure. For the avoidance of doubt, the NR3 does not extend to vehicle or operator licensing decisions.

1 Policy

In this policy, the 'first authority' refers to a licensing authority which made a specific entry onto the National Register of Refusals and Revocations; the 'second authority' refers to a licensing authority which is seeking more detailed information about the entry.

2 Overarching principles

This policy covers the use that this authority will make of the ability to access and use information contained on the National Register of Taxi Licence Revocations and Refusals (NR3). The NR3 contains information relating to any refusal to grant, or

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revocation of a taxi drivers' licence¹. This information is important in the context of a subsequent application to another authority for a drivers' licence by a person who has had their licence refused or revoked in the past.

This authority has signed up to the NR3. This means that when an application for a taxi drivers' licence is refused, or when an existing taxi drivers' licence is revoked, that information will be placed upon the register.

When an application for a new drivers' licence, or renewal of an existing drivers' licence is received, this authority will make a search of the NR3. The search will only be made by an officer who has been trained in the use of the NR3 and who is acting in accordance with this policy. If details are found that appear to relate to the applicant, a request will be made to the authority that entered that information for further details.

Any information that is received from any other authority in relation to an application will only be used in relation to that application, and the determination of it, and will not be used for any other purpose. Any data that is received will only be kept for as long as is necessary in relation to the determination of that application. This will include the period of processing that application, making a decision, notifying the applicant of the outcome of that decision, and the appeal processes.

For the avoidance of doubt, any such data will be kept for a period of no more than 35 days from the date of the service of the written notification of the determination of the application².

Where an appeal to the magistrates' court is made, the data will be retained until that appeal is determined or abandoned. Where the appeal is determined by the magistrates' court, there is a further right of appeal to the Crown Court. In these circumstances, the data will be retained for a further period of no more than 35 days from the date of the decision of the magistrates' court. If an appeal is made to the Crown Court, the data will be retained until that appeal is determined or abandoned. Where the appeal is determined by the magistrates' court or the Crown Court, it is possible to appeal the decision by way of case stated³. Accordingly, the data will be retained for a period of no more than 35 days from the date of the decision of the

¹ Throughout this policy reference is made to 'taxi drivers' licence.' This generic term covers a hackney carriage drivers' licence, a private hire drivers' licence and a combined/dual licence.

² The appeal period is 21 days from the date on which the written notification of the decision was received by the applicant/licensee. An appeal must be lodged within that time period, and no extension of that period is permissible (see *Stockton-on-Tees Borough Council v Latif* [2009] LLR 374). However to ensure that the information is available if an appeal is lodged and there is a dispute over time periods, a period of 35 days is specified.

³ Any appeal by way of a case must be lodged within 21 days of the decision of either the Magistrates Court or the Crown Court (see The Criminal Procedure Rules R35.2). To ensure that the information is available if an appeal is lodged by way of case stated and there is a dispute over time periods, a period of 35 days is specified.

Crown Court (if the decision was made by the magistrates' court, the retention period has already been addressed). If an appeal by way of case states (which will include potential appeals to the Court of Appeal and Supreme Court) have been determined.

The data will be held securely in accordance with this authority's general policy on the secure retention of personal data which is available at www.sevenoaks.gov.uk to the end of the retention period, the data will be erased and/or destroyed in accordance with this authority's general policy on the erasure and destruction which is available at www.sevenoaks.gov.uk

3 Making a request for further information regarding an entry in NR3

When an application is made to this authority for the grant of a new, or renewal of, a taxi drivers' licence this authority will check the NR3.

This authority will make and then retain a clear written record of every search that is made of the register. This will detail:

- the date of the search;
- the name or names searched;
- the reason for the search (new application or renewal);
- The results of the search; and
- The use made of the results of the search (this information will be entered to the register at a later date).

This record will not be combined with any other records (i.e. combined with a register of licences granted) and will be retained for the retention period of 25 years.

If this authority discovers any match (i.e. there is an entry in the register for the same name and identifying details) a request will be made to the authority that entered those details (the first authority) for further information about that entry. That request will also include details of this authority's data protection policy in relation to the use of any data that is obtained as a result of this process.

This request will be made in writing in accordance with the form at **Appendix 1** of this policy. It will be posted or emailed to the contact address of the authority that entered those details (the first authority) which will be detailed in the register.

1. Responding to a request for further information regarding an entry on NR3

When this authority receives a request for further information from another authority a clear written record will be made of the request having been received. This record will not be combined with any other records (i.e. a combined register of licences granted) and will be retained for the retention period of 25 years.

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This authority will then determine how to respond to the request. It is not lawful to simply provide information as a blanket response to every request.

This authority has conducted a Data Protection Impact Assessment. This has considered how the other authority (the second authority) will use the data, how it will store that data to prevent unauthorised disclosure, the retention period for that data, and the mechanism for erasure or destruction of the data at the end of the period. It is expected that if the second authority has adopted a policy similar to this, that should be a reasonably straightforward process.

If this authority is satisfied that the other authority's (the 2nd authority) data protection procedures are satisfactory, consideration will then be given as to what information will be disclosed. This will be determined by an officer who has been trained to discharge this function.

Any disclosure must be considered and proportionate, taking into account the data subjects' rights and the position and responsibilities of a taxi driver. Data is held on the NR3 register for a period of 25 years, but this authority (the 1st authority) will not disclose information relating to every entry. Each application will be considered on its own merits.

We will disclose information relating to a revocation or refusal to grant a drivers' licence in accordance with the timescales contained within this authority's Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Policy (Relevance of Convictions and Cautions). Where the reason for refusal to grant or revocation relates to a conviction which is within the timescales determined in those guidelines, the information will be disclosed. Where the reason for refusal to grant or revocation relates to a conviction which is outside those guidelines, the information will not be disclosed. However, in every case, consideration will be given to the full circumstances of the decision and there may be occasions where information is provided other than in accordance with this policy.

Lawful basis for processing : It is necessary for the Council to process the personal data contained in the records in the exercise of official authority. To this end the lawful basis relied upon is 'Public Task'.

The public functions and powers in respect of applications for hackney Carriage Licensing are set out in law. In the light of government guidance the Council could not reasonably perform the task or exercise the powers in a less intrusive way.

Any information about convictions will be shared in accordance with this policy under part 2 of schedule 1 to the Data Protection Act (DPA) 2018; that is, the processing is necessary for reasons of substantial public interest in connection with the exercise of a function conferred on the authority by an enactment or rule of law.

The officer will record what action was taken and why. This authority will make and then retain a clear written record of every decision that is made as a result of a request from another authority. This will detail:

- the date the request was received
- how the data protection impact assessment was conducted and its conclusions
- the name or names searched
- whether any information was provided
- if information was provided, why it was provided (and details of any further advice obtained before the decision was made)
- if information was not provided, why it was not provided (and details of any further advice obtained before the decision was made) and
- how and when the decision (and any information) was communicated to the requesting authority.

This record will not be combined with any other records (i.e. combined with a register of licences granted) and will be retained for the retention period of 25 years.

4 Using any information obtained as a result of a request to another authority

When this authority receives information as a result of a request that has been made to another authority, it will take that information into account when determining the application for the grant or renewal of a taxi drivers' licence. This will be in accordance with the usual process for determining applications.

This authority will make and then retain a clear written record of the use that is made of the results of the search (this information will be added to the register detailed above).

Information that is received may warrant significant weight being attached to it, but it will not be the sole basis for any decision that this authority will make in relation to the application.

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APPENDIX 1

Information Disclosure Form

This form is submitted following a search of the National Register of Refusals and Revocations (NR3)

Name of licensing authority requesting information (<i>For completion by requestor authority</i>)	
Requestor authority reference number	
Name of licensing authority from which information is sought	
Name of individual in respect of whom the information is sought	
Decision in respect of which the request is made: a) Refusal b) Revocation	
Other details for this record: Address: Driving Licence Number National Insurance Number (NI) Reference Number	

DECLARATION BY REQUESTING AUTHORITY:

The authority hereby confirms that this information is being sought in connection with the exercising of its statutory function to ensure that holders of taxi/private hire vehicle licences are fit and proper persons, and that the processing of this data is therefore necessary in the performance of a task carried out in the public interest.

The information provided below will only be processed, used and saved by the authority in connection with this particular application and in accordance with all relevant data and privacy requirements, as previously advised by the authority to applicants for and existing holders of taxi and private hire vehicles, and will be retained in accordance with the Authority's retention policy relating to the provision of such information.

To enable the authority to conduct a data protection impact assessment, details of this authority's policy in relation to the use of information obtained as a result of this request can be accessed at www.sevenoaks.gov.uk

Signed:

Name:

Position:

Date:

(For completion by providing authority)

Further information to support decision recorded on NR3 in respect of the above named individual

Declaration by providing authority

The authority hereby confirms that it has concluded a data protection impact assessment.

It also confirms that the information above is accurate and has been provided after thorough consideration by the authority as to the proportionality and lawfulness of making this disclosure. The information reflects the basis on which the decision recorded in the National Register of Refusals and Revocations was made. In the event that the authority becomes aware that this information is no longer accurate, we will advise the above-named authority accordingly.

The authority also confirms that, as part of the basis for securing, retaining or applying for a tax/private hire drivers' licence the above named individual has been made aware

Agenda Item 5

to the fact that this information will be shared, in accordance with all relevant data and privacy requirements.

Signed:

Name:

Position:

Date:

Kent taxi & private hire survey

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Presentation of survey results & discussion
of their implications

Abby McDougall

21.04.23



Agenda Item 5

Overview

- Live for 3 weeks (27 January – 17 February)
- Circulated to all licensed drivers and operators via individual licensing teams
- **636 responses** received
- Estimated **15% response rate** (based on 4,345 vehicle and operator licences in total)

Sample survey questions

5) Who owns this vehicle?

- I do (the driver)
- My employer or operator
- I lease or rent (not from my operator)
- Other (please specify)

6) Is this a shared vehicle?

Is this vehicle used by another driver, either for use as a taxi or private hire vehicle or otherwise?

- Yes
- No
- Other (please specify)

7) In a typical week, how many days do you work as a taxi or private hire driver?

- 7 days

Fleet profile

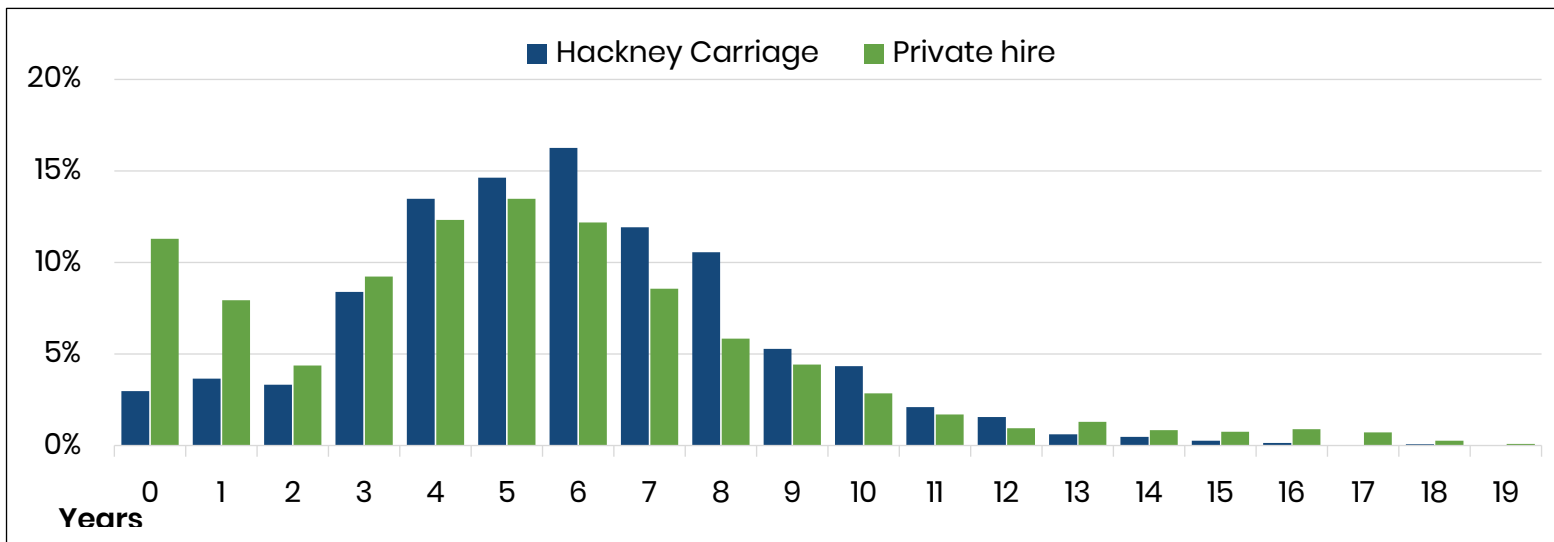
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Kent-wide analysis of all licensed vehicles



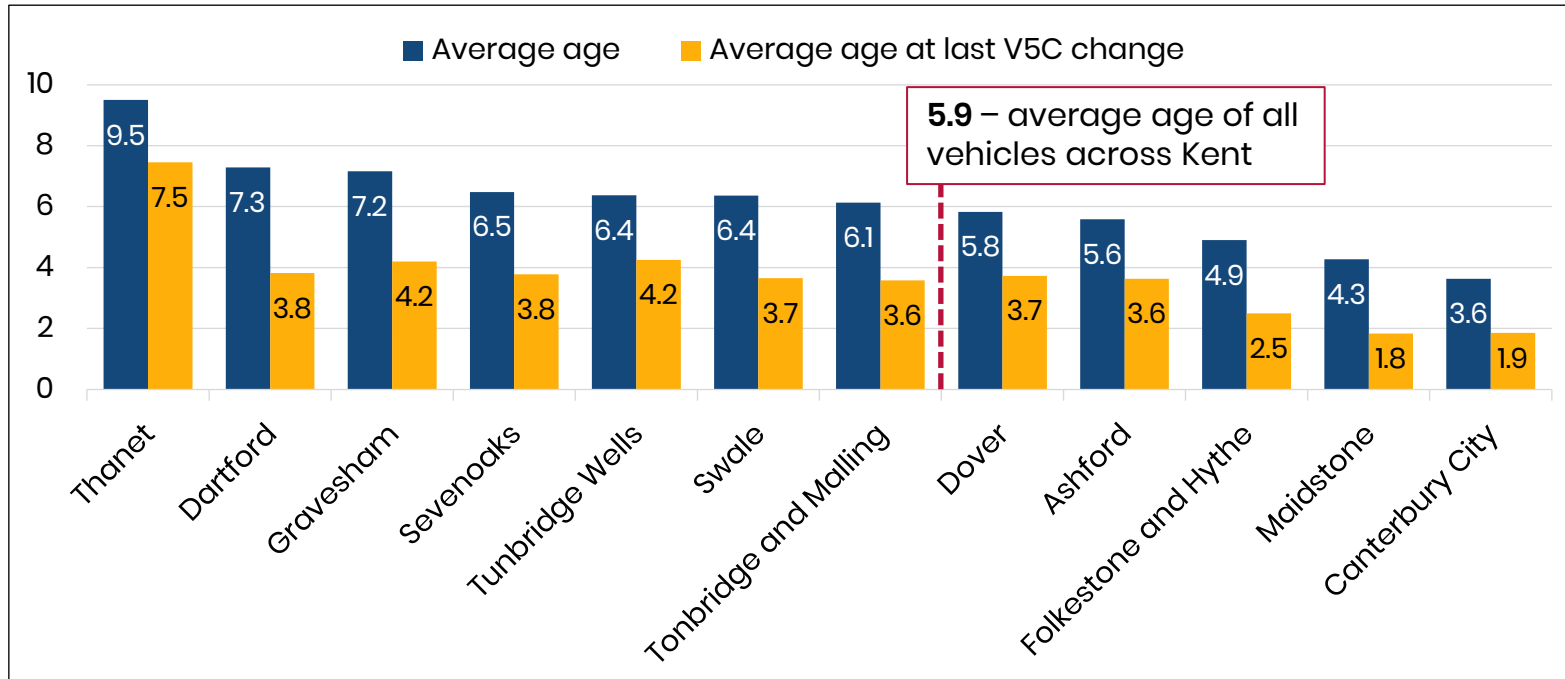
Vehicle age profile

- Nearly one in four private hire vehicles are less than 3 years old, compared to just one in ten hackney carriage vehicles.
- The average private hire and hackney carriage vehicle is 5.6 years and 6.3 years old respectively.



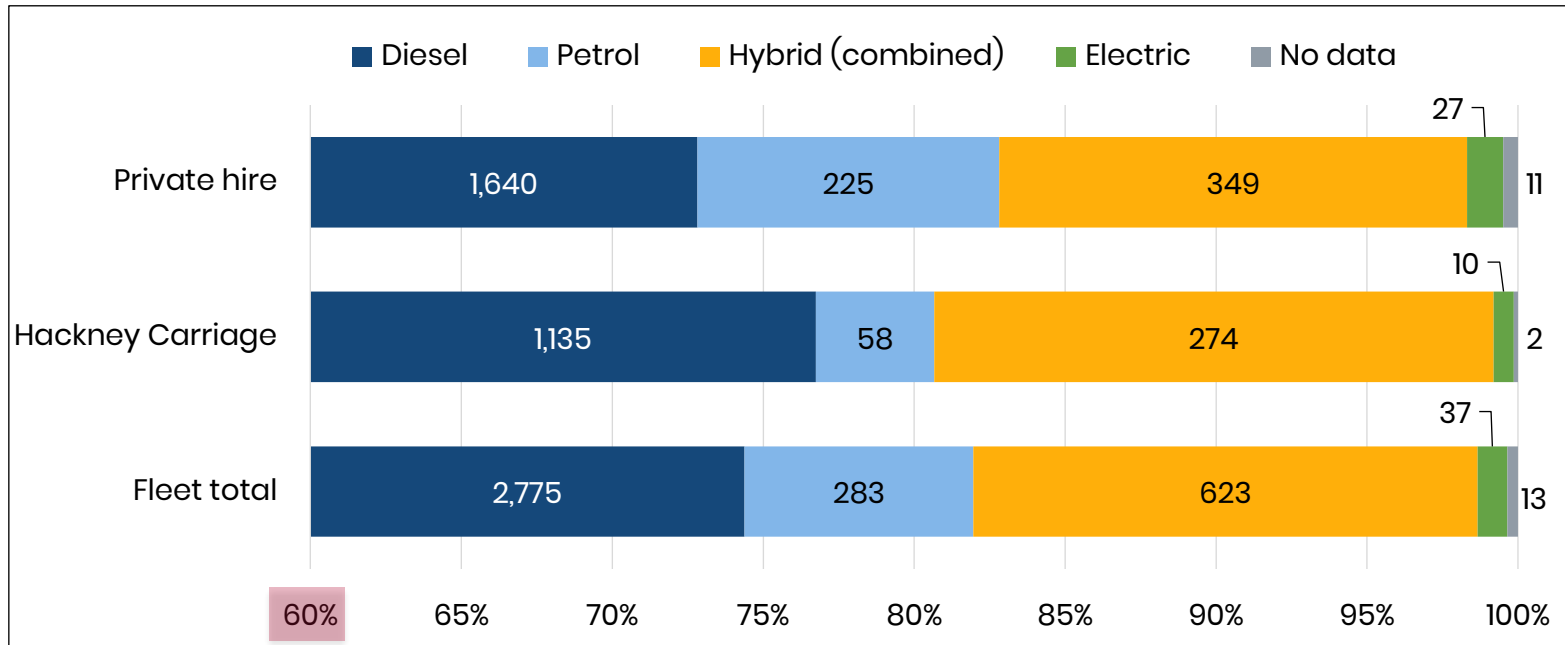
Average age by district

- V5C refers to the vehicle registration document with the DVLA. A change to the V5C is typically required when a vehicle is sold on.

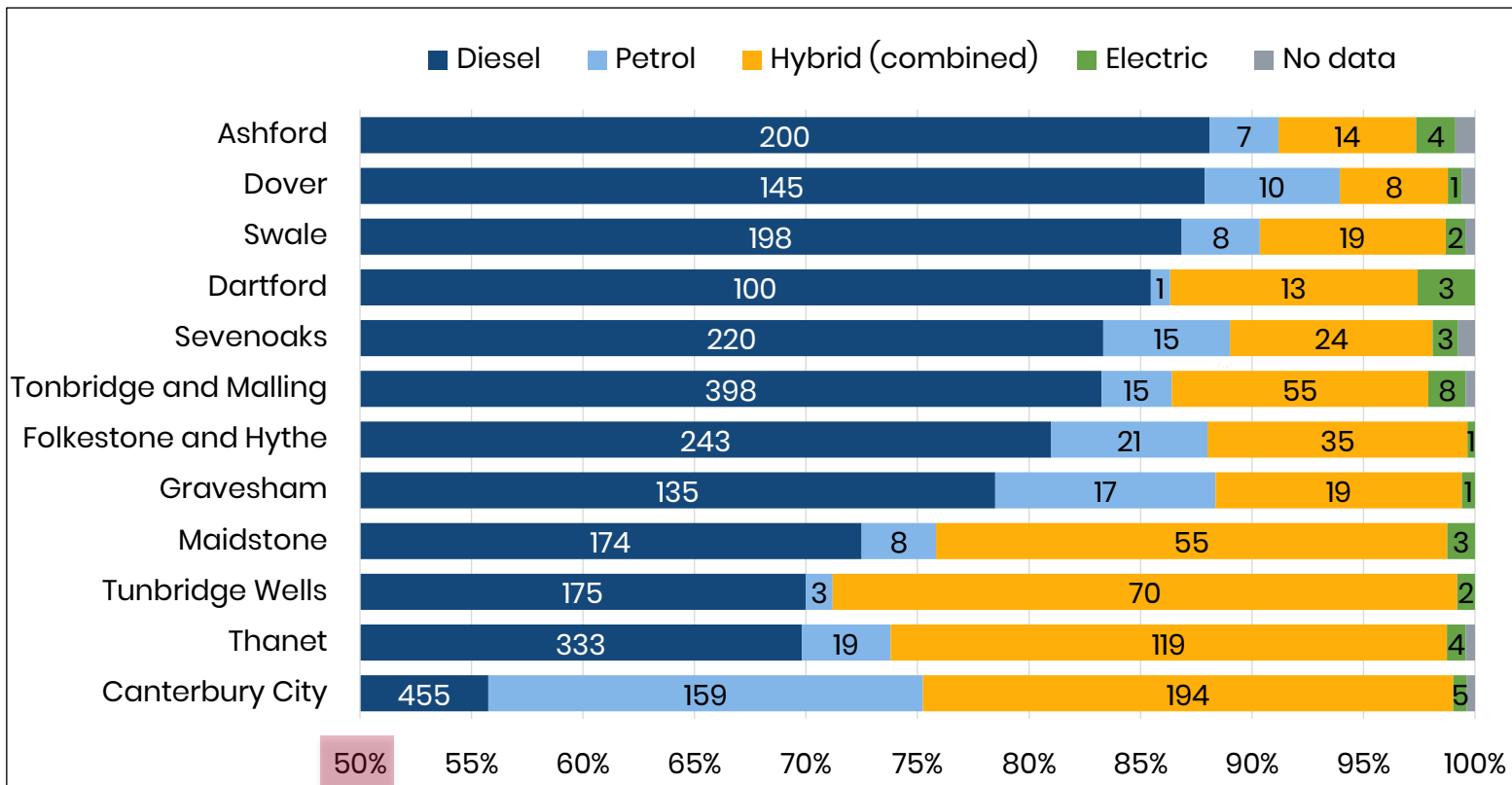


Fuel type

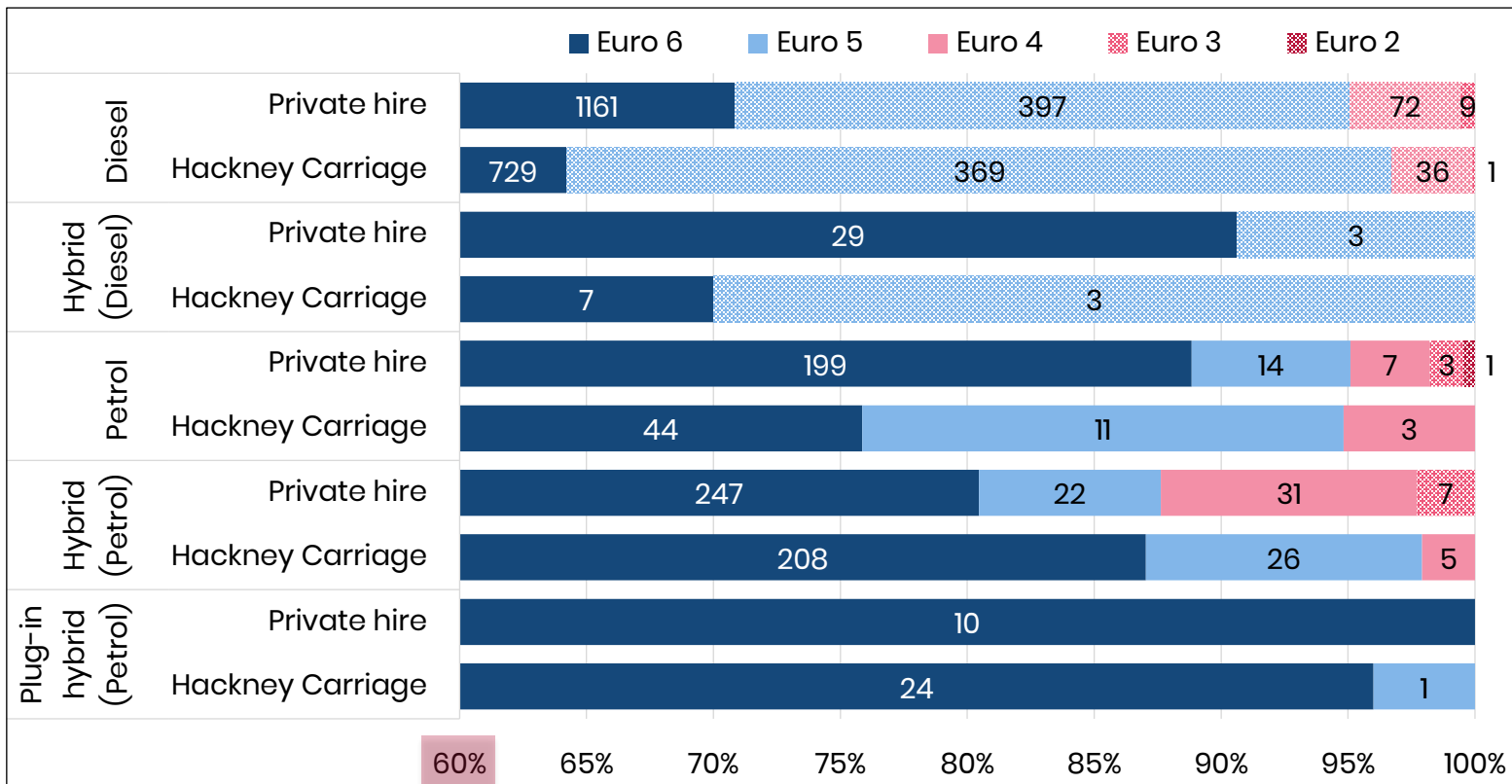
- Diesel is the dominant fuel type across both licence types.
- There are currently over 600 hybrid vehicles, but just 37 fully electric vehicles.



Fuel type by district



Euro status by licence type



Popular models

- Looking at existing vehicles helps understand the size and style of vehicles that are popular.
- Along with survey results, this will help to indicate alternative electric models that may be suitable for these drivers.

Vehicle model	Number across Kent
Skoda Octavia	414
Mercedes E-Class	226
Skoda Superb	222
Ford Transit / Tourneo (various)	190
Volkswagen Passat	154
Toyota Prius	137

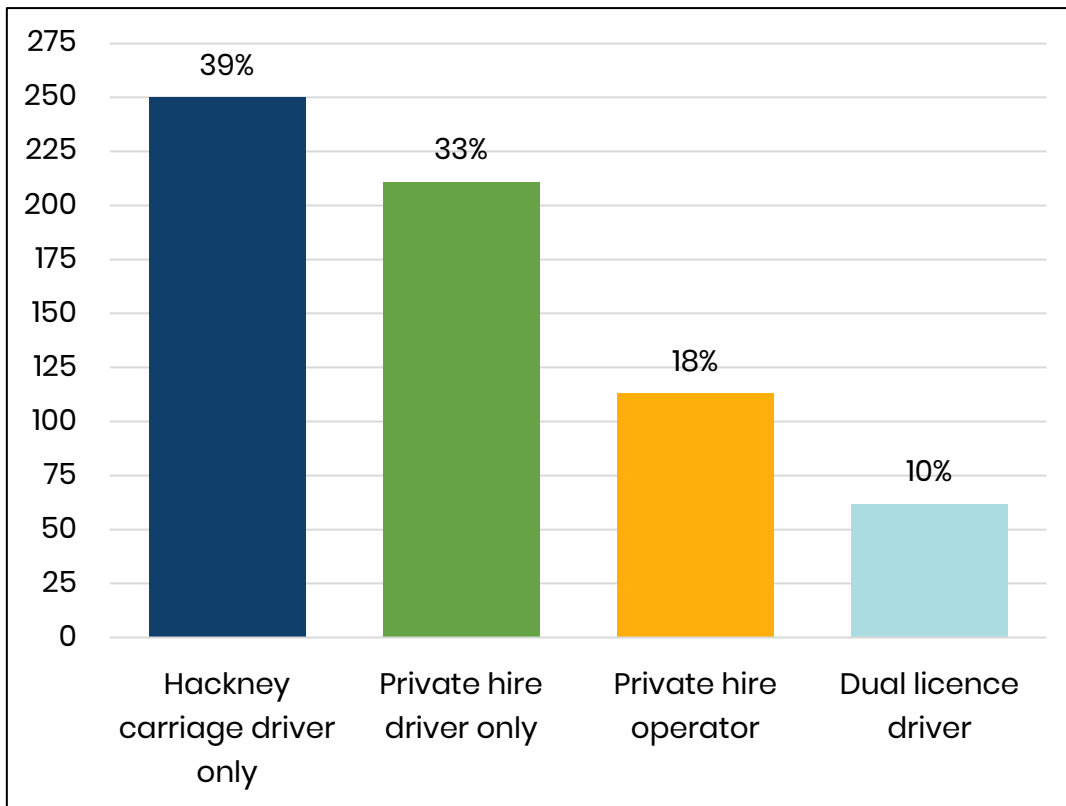
Characteristics

Who responded to the survey?

What vehicles do they drive or operate?



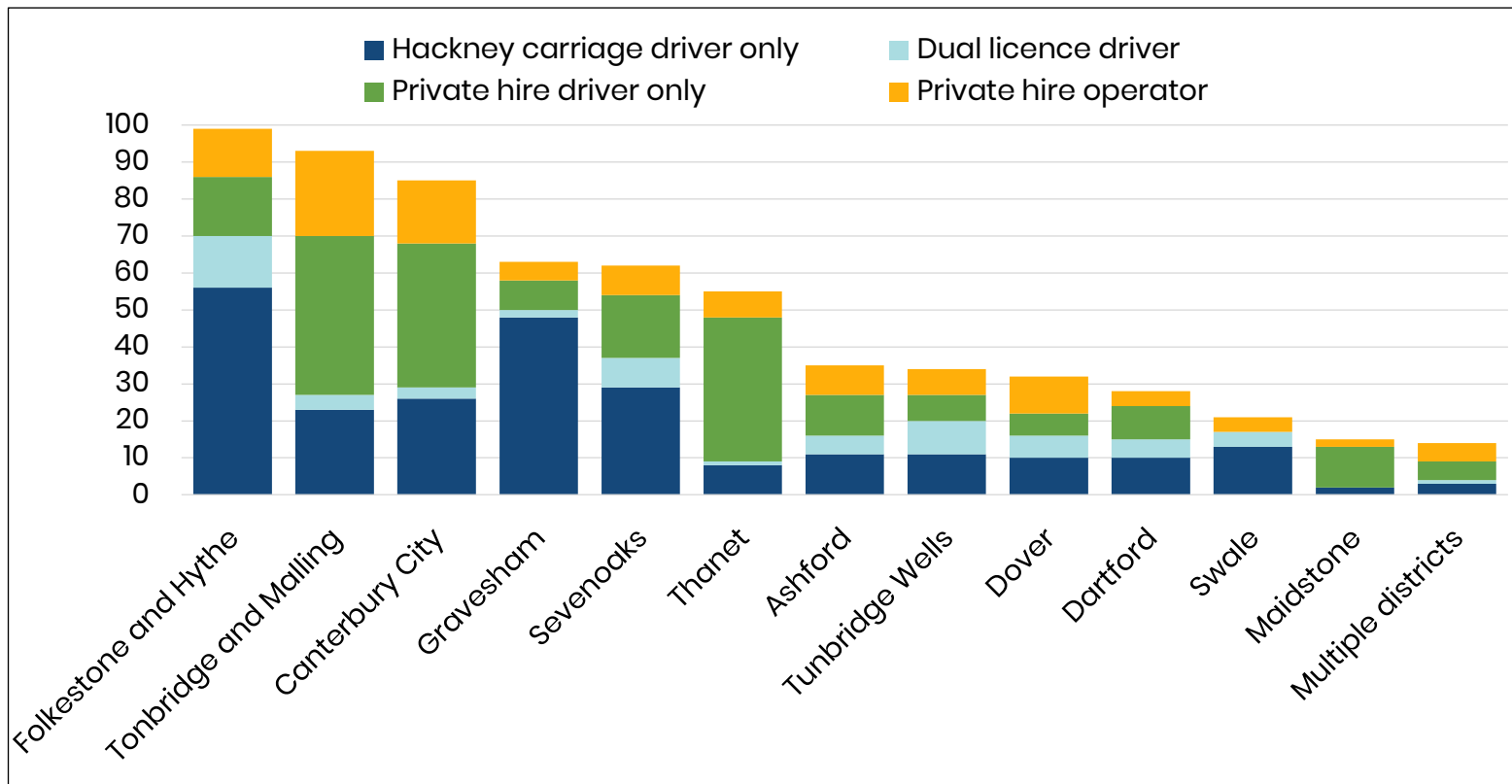
Licence types



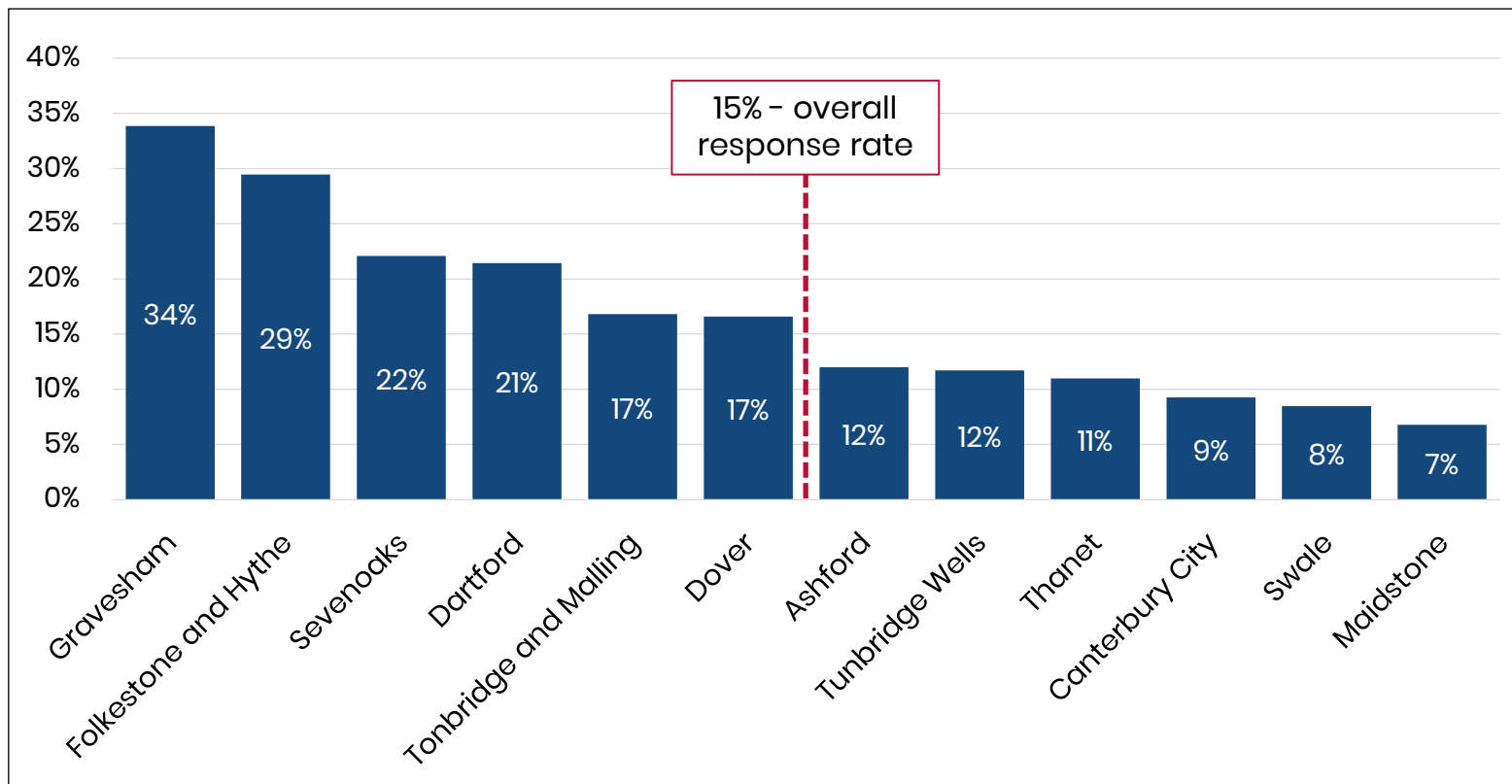
- 636 responses received
- Estimated 15% response rate*
- Four in five responses (82%) were from drivers
- Three in four operators (77%) also selected they have a driver licence

* Based on 4,345 vehicle and operator licences in total.

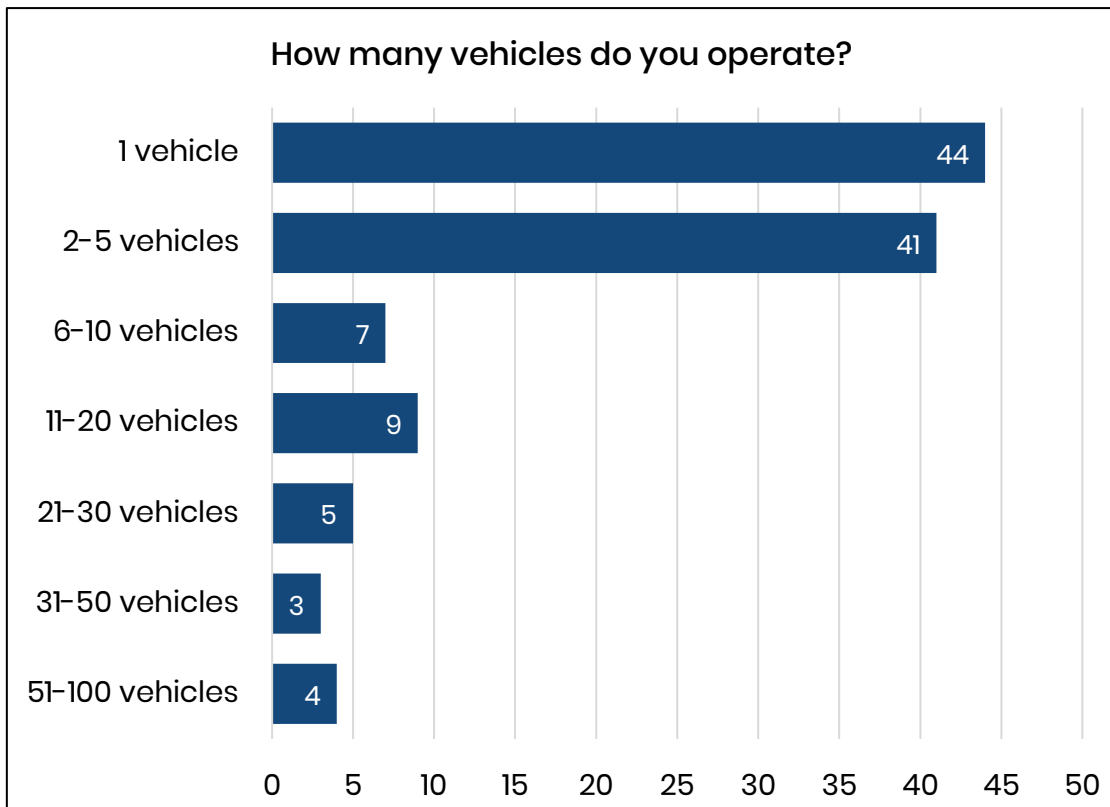
Where are you licensed?



Response rates



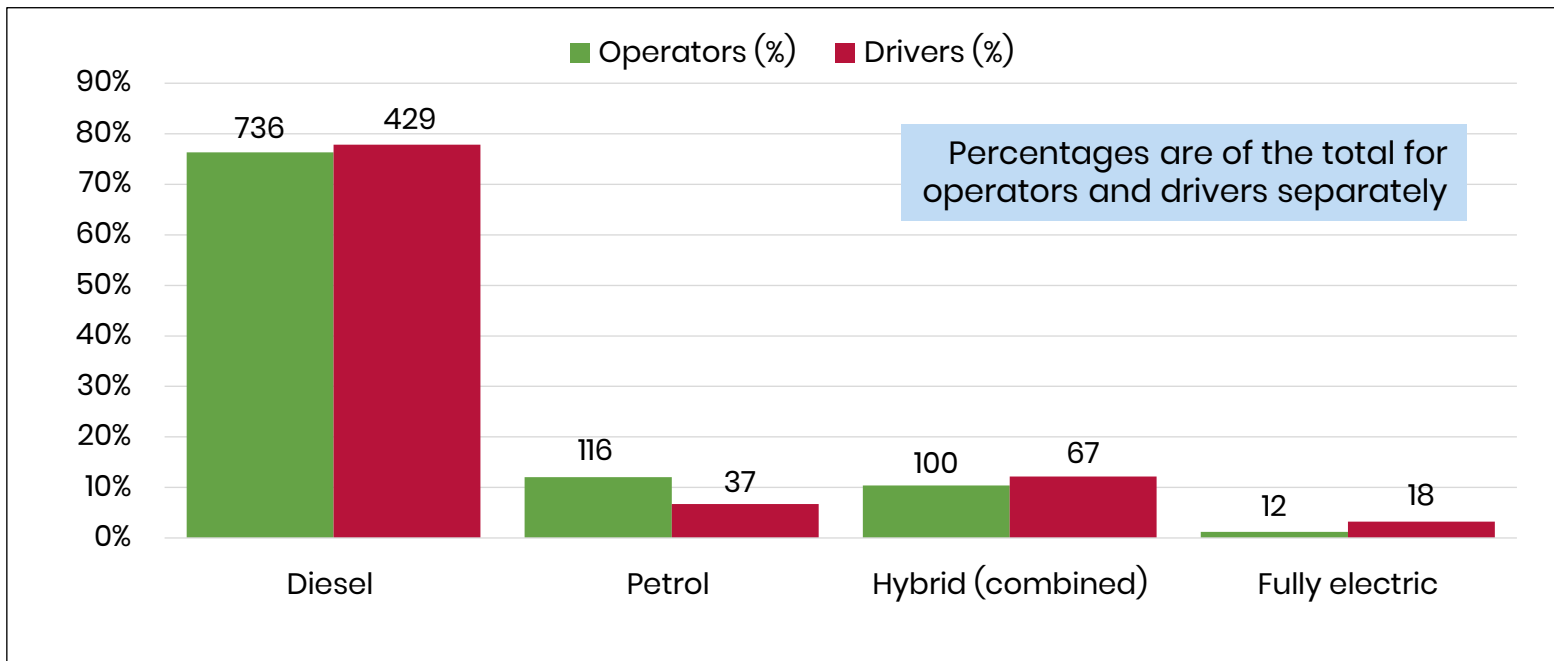
Operators – fleet size



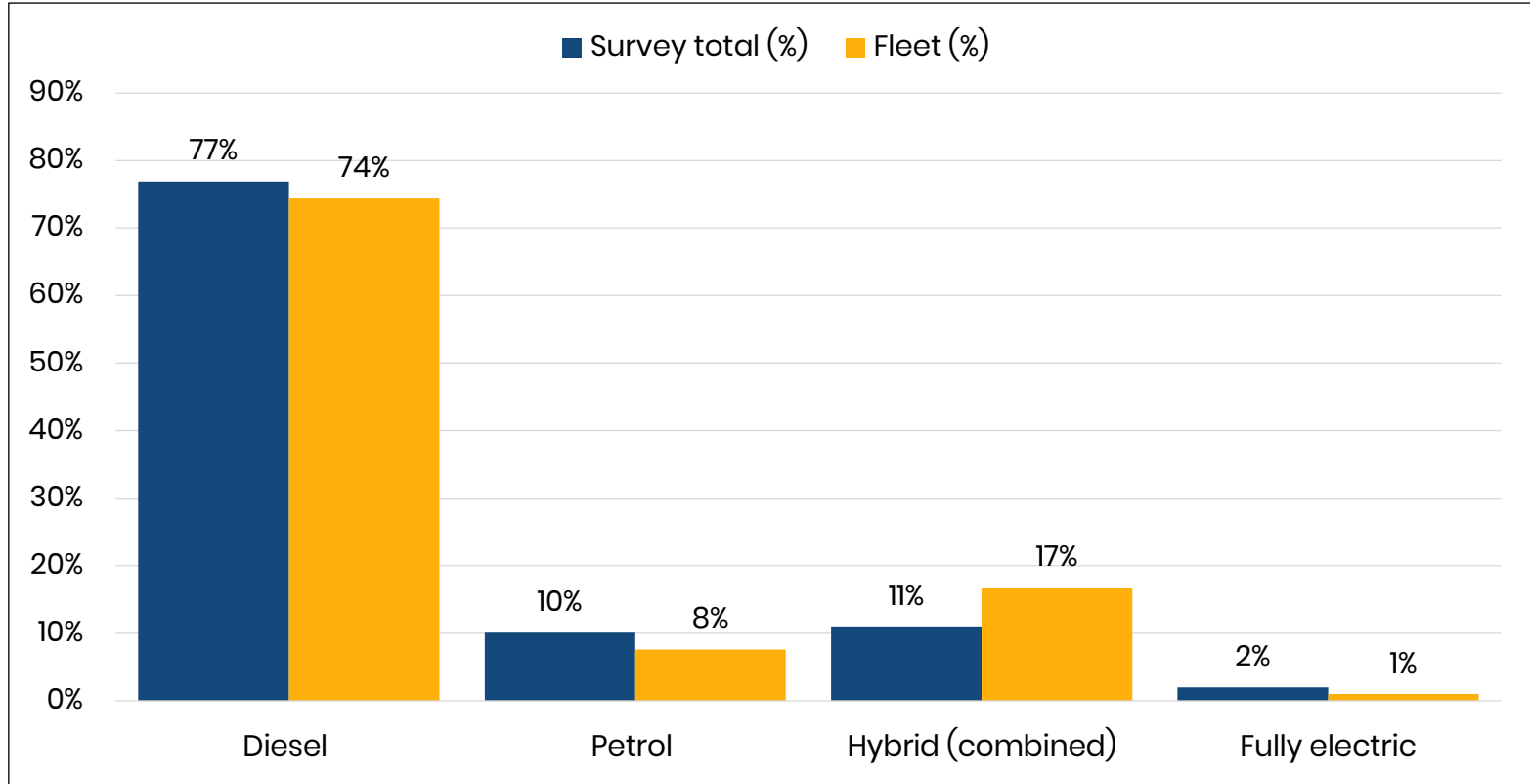
- 44 single vehicle operators
- 12 operators had fleets with more than 20 vehicles
- Collectively, those who responded to the survey are operating over 960 vehicles

Fuel types – drivers & operators

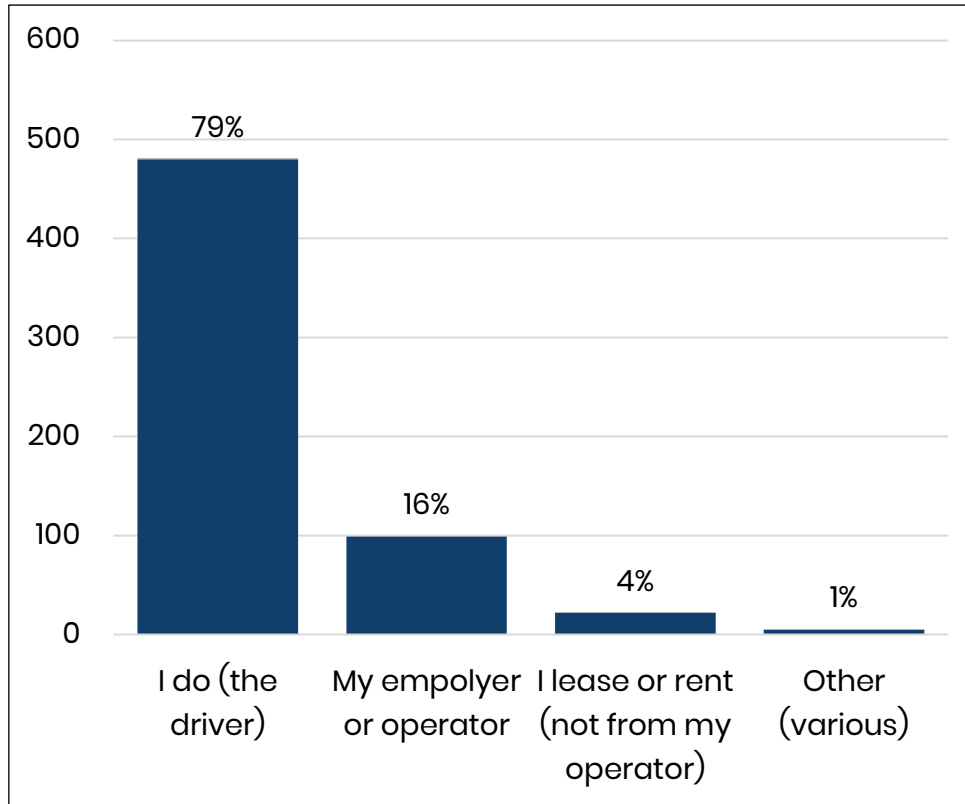
- Fuel type information received for **1,515 vehicles**: 551 driver vehicles and 964 operator vehicles.



Fuel types – survey vs. total fleet



Who owns your vehicle(s)?



- **Vehicle ownership** impacts who will be responsible for, or able to make, decisions about switching a vehicle to an electric vehicle (EV).
- High driver ownership (79%) shows that understanding drivers' opinions and barriers will be key to transitioning the trade to cleaner vehicles.

Driving patterns

How far are vehicles travelling?

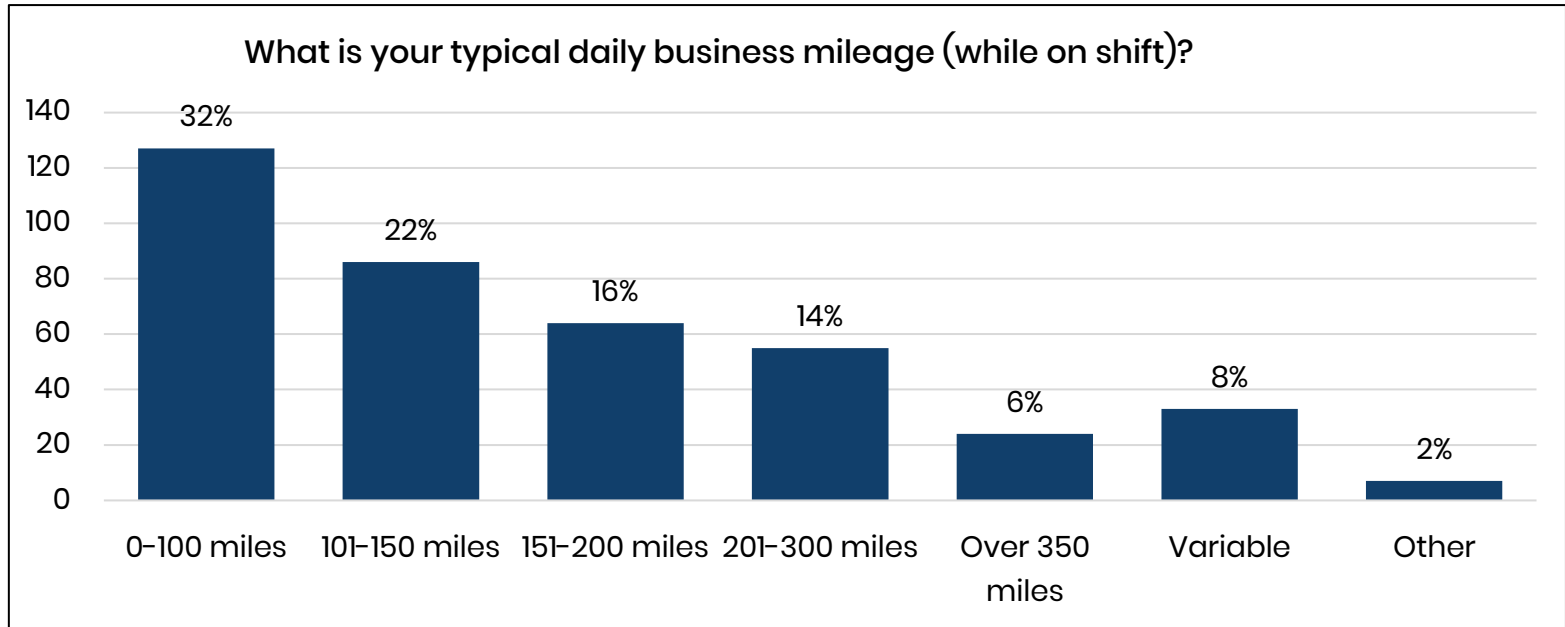
Where are vehicles travelling to?

How much downtime do vehicles have?

Where are vehicles kept while not on shift?



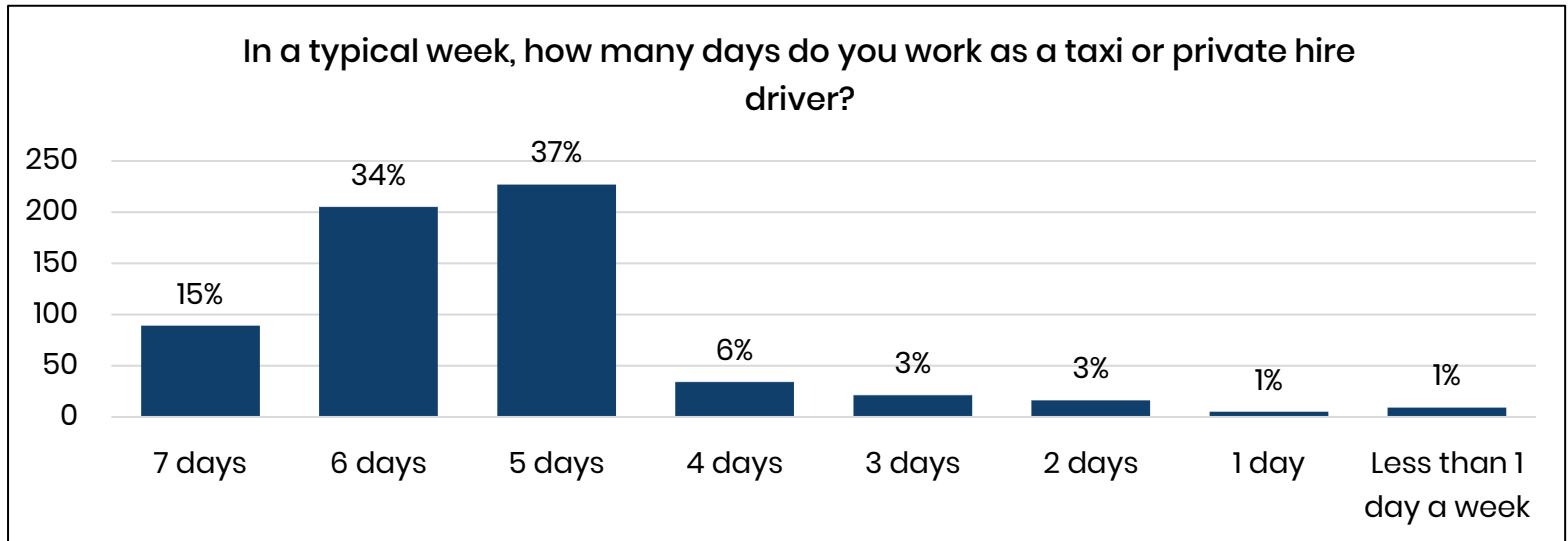
Daily mileage – drivers



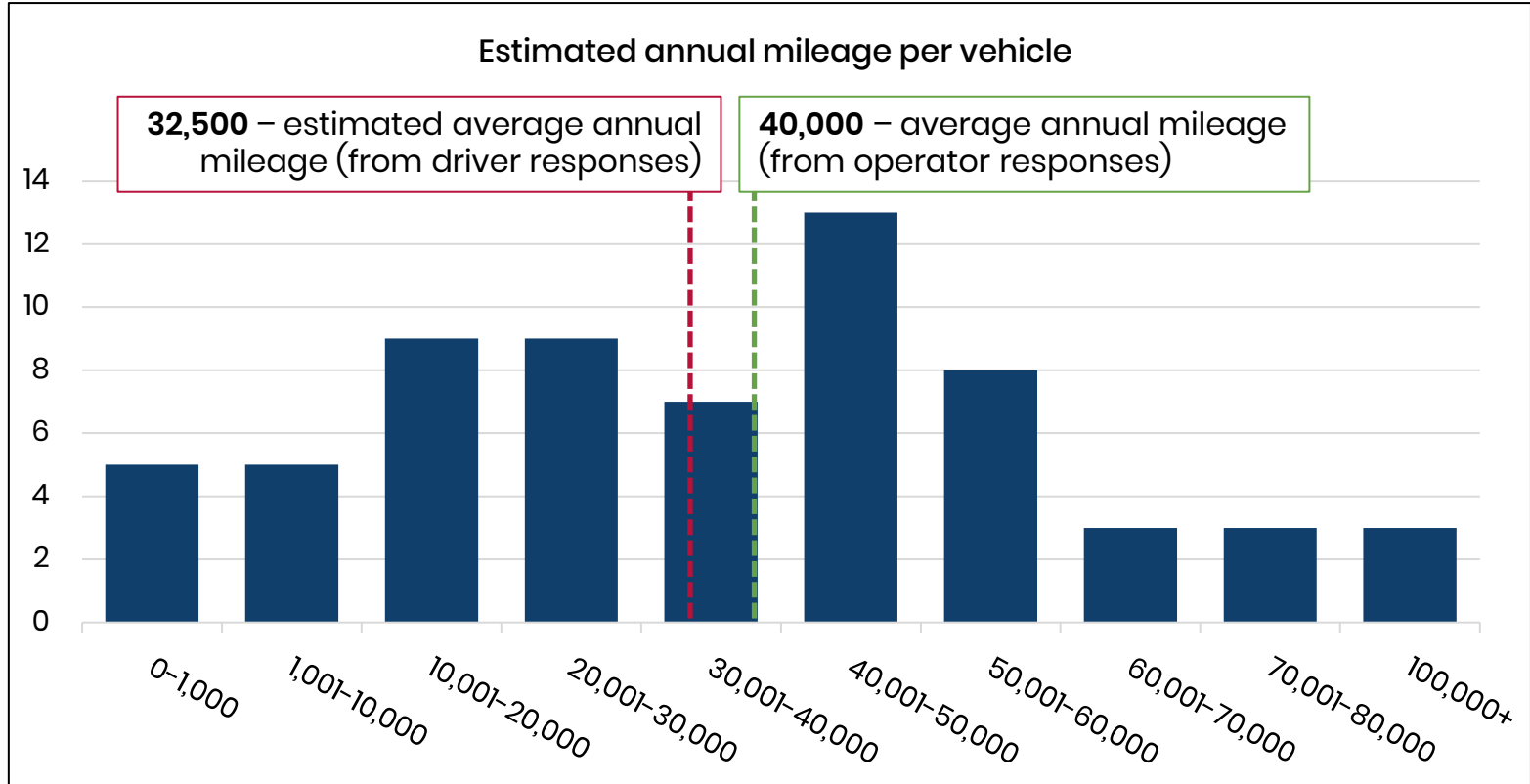
- The average (median) daily mileage while on shift is between 101 and 150 miles
- 70% of drivers travel less than 200 miles in a typical shift

Working days & annual mileage

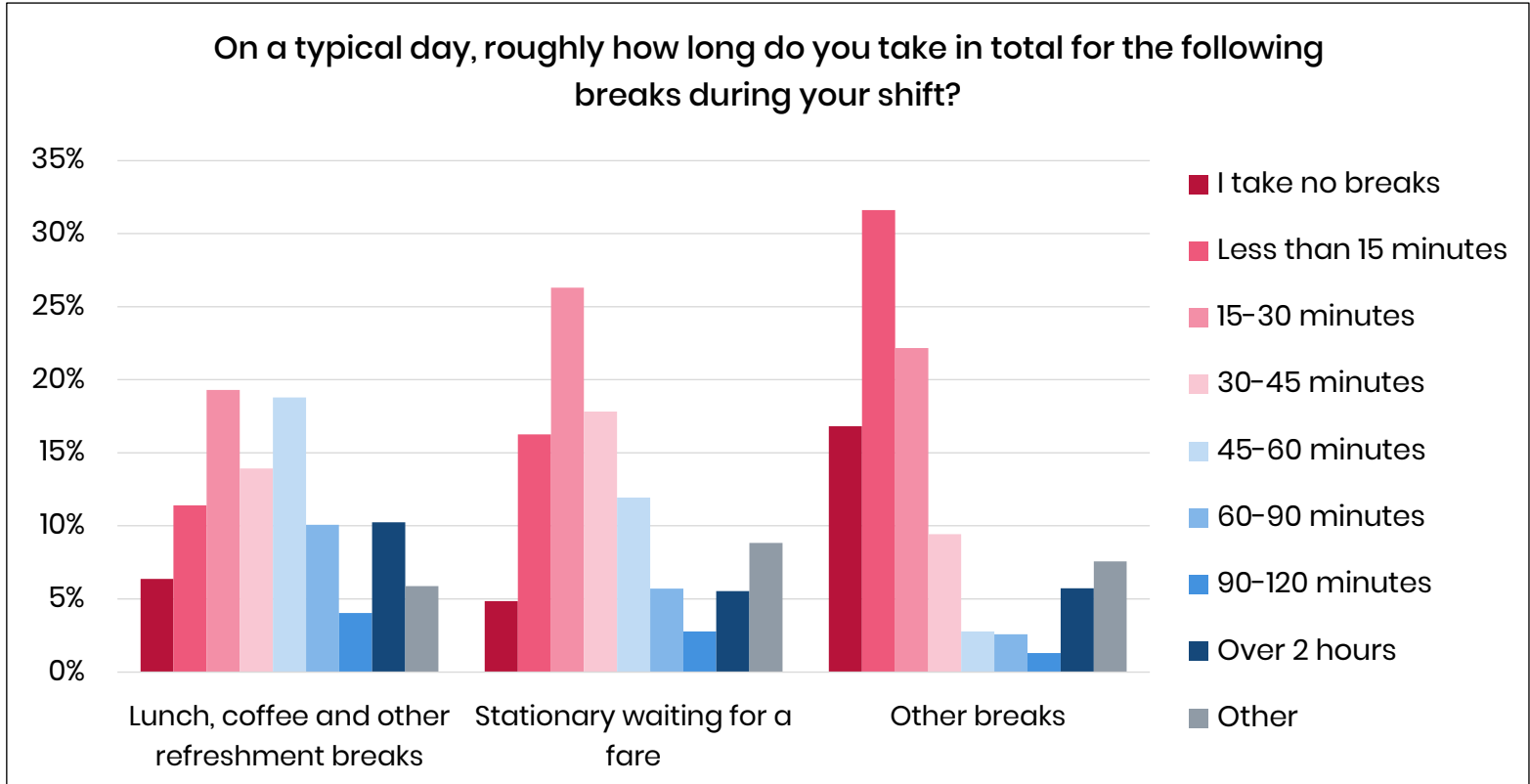
- Six in seven (86%) work as a taxi or private hire driver at least 5 days a week
- Estimated that drivers across Kent have an **average annual mileage of 32,500 miles** based on an average of 5 working days a week and 125 miles per day.



Annual mileage – operators



Shift patterns

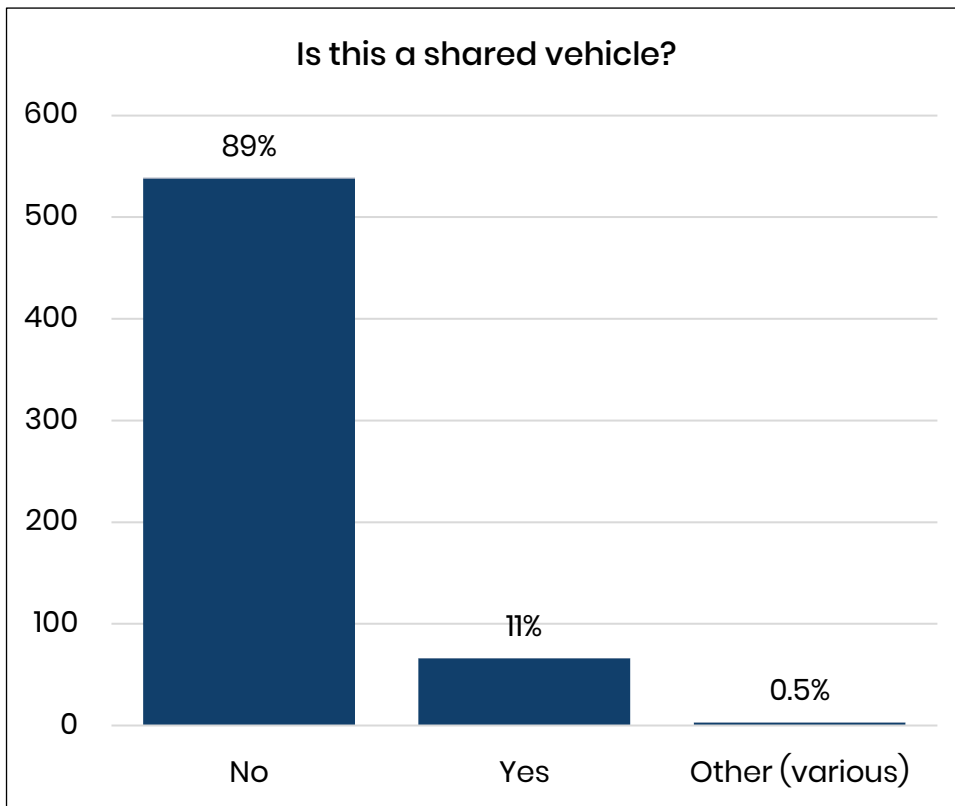


Rapid charging

- **30 minutes** plugged into a 50 kW rapid chargepoint could add roughly **50-75 miles of additional range** to these EVs

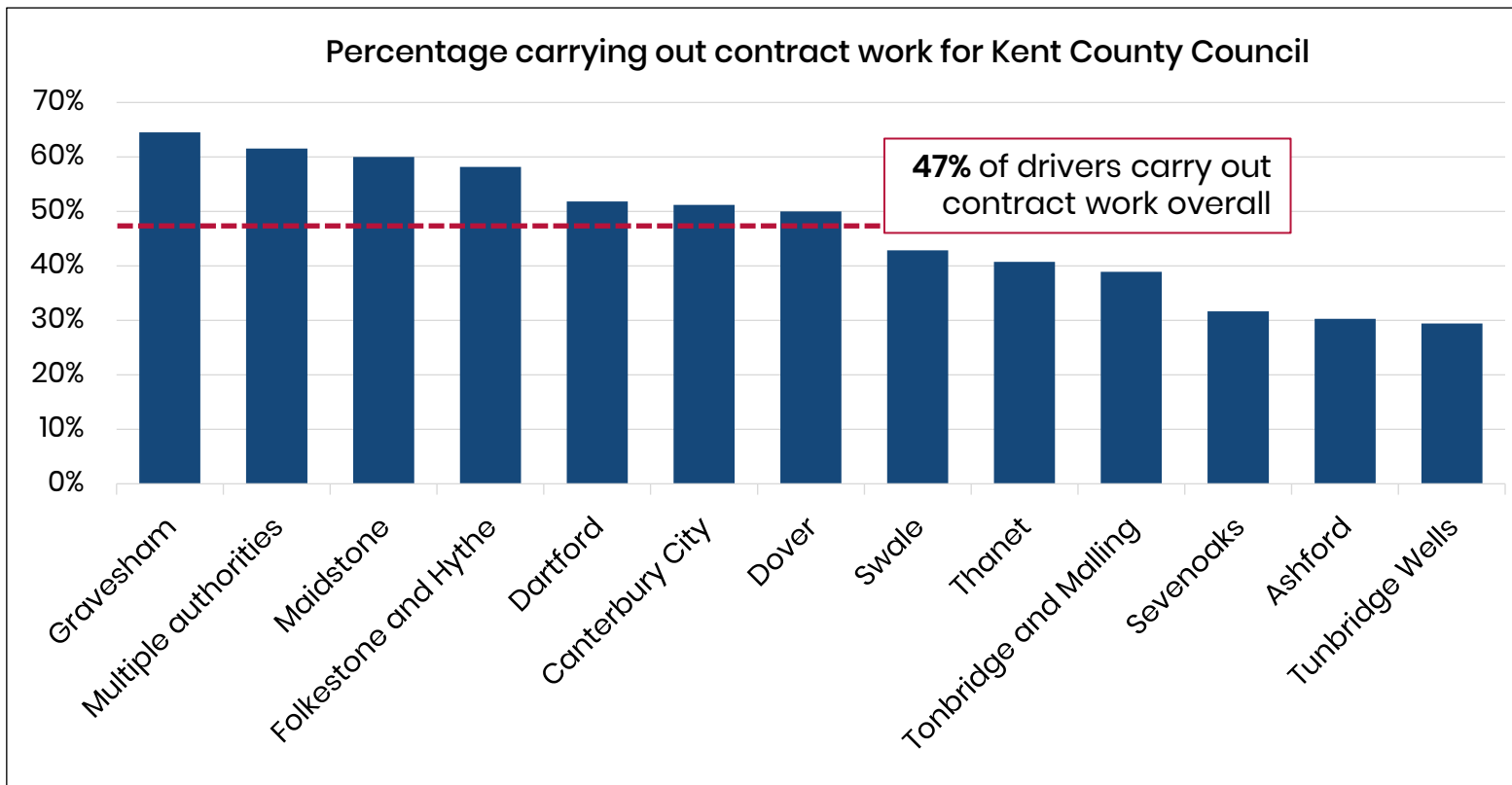
Vehicle	Range added using a 50 kW chargepoint (in miles)			
	60 min	45 min	30 min	15 min
Skoda Enyaq iV 80	135	101	68	34
MG MG5 EV Long Range	143	107	71	36
Ford Mustang Mach-E ER	123	92	62	31
Tesla Model 3 Performance	152	114	76	38
Citroen e-SpaceTourer M	98	73	49	24
Peugeot e-Rifter Long	107	80	53	27

Shared vehicles



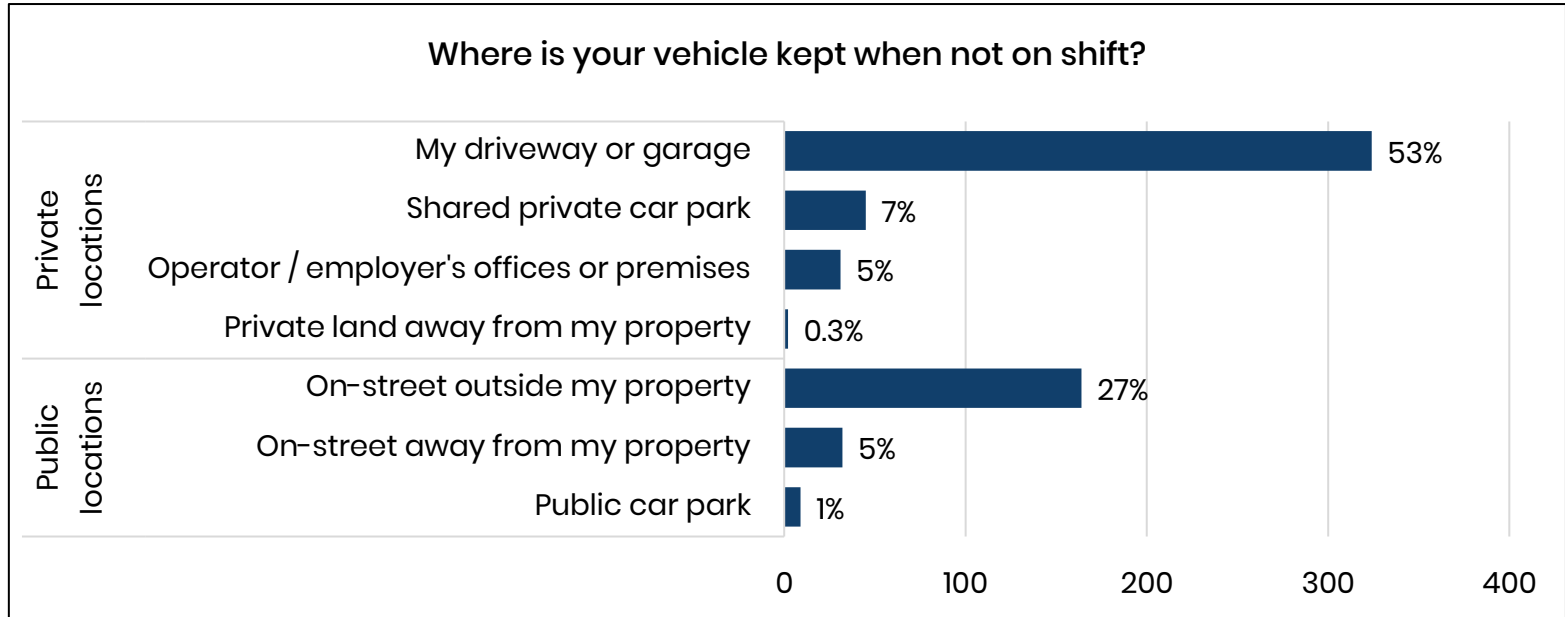
- **Shared vehicles** may regularly be used by another taxi driver or for an entirely different purpose (e.g. the driver's personal use).
- Shared use will affect the overall mileage and time available for charging a vehicle outside of a shift. These factors both impact how easy it is to switch a vehicle to an EV.

County Council contract work

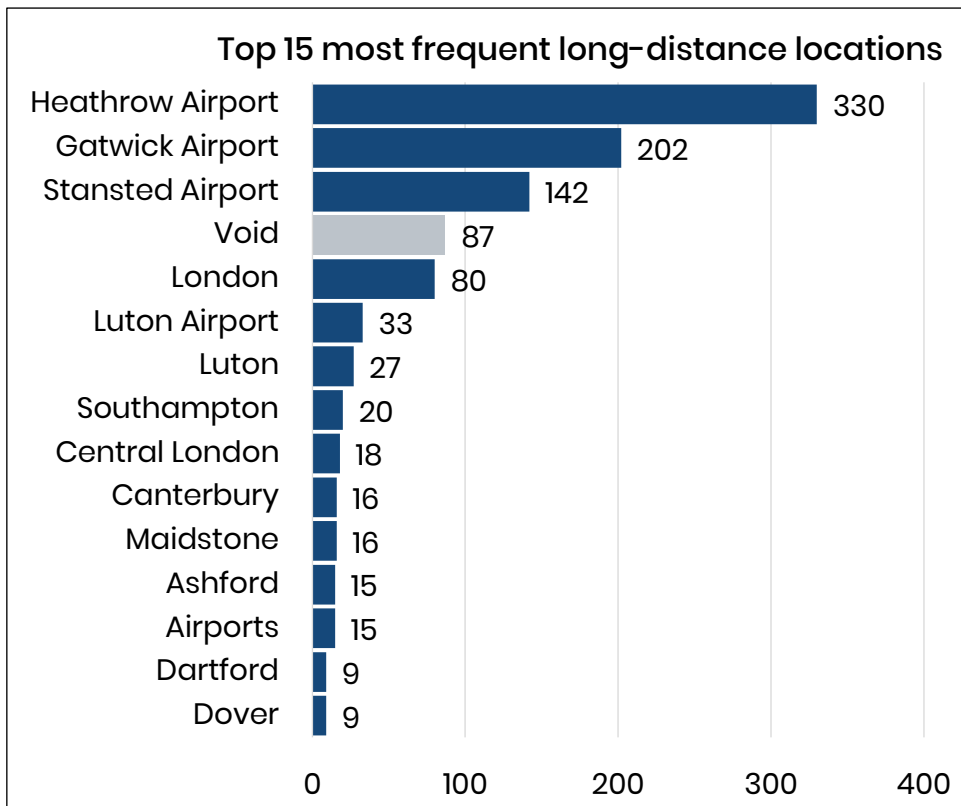


Parking while off-shift

- One in three (34%) park their vehicle in a public location while not on shift.
- These drivers would be likely to rely on slow public charging nearby.

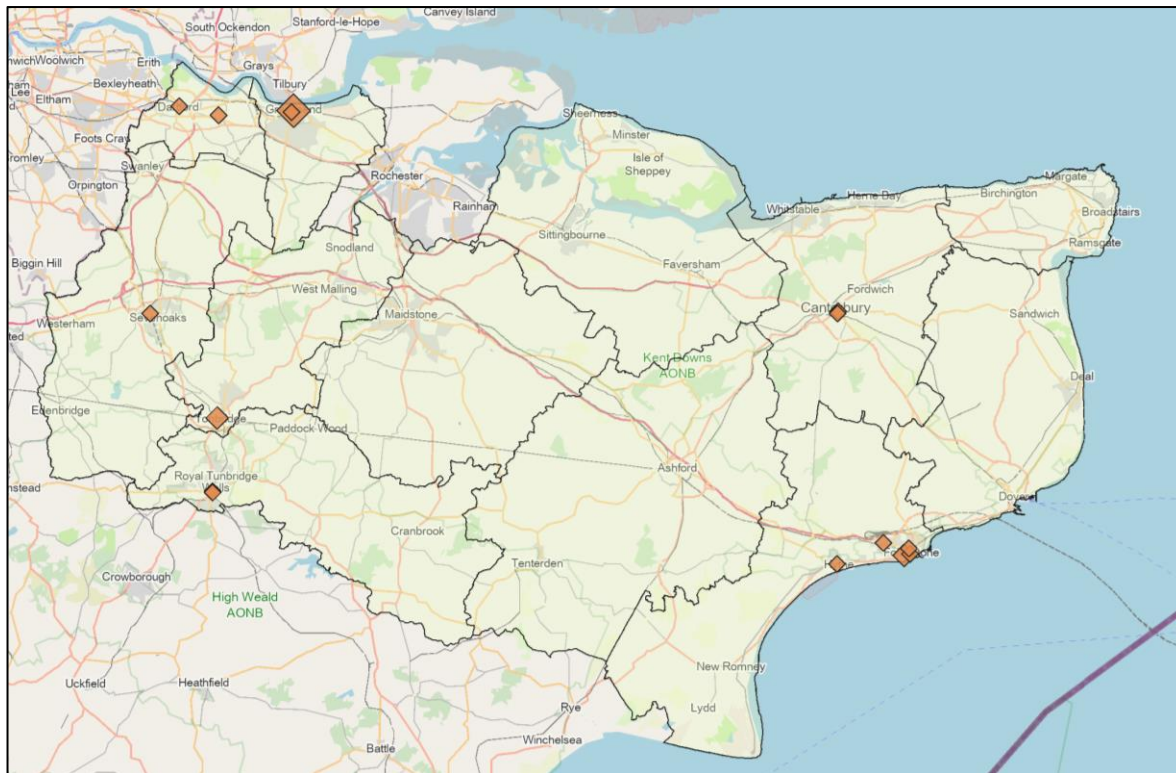


Frequent long distance fares



- Major London airports dominated responses to this question.
- **142 unique locations** (15 shown here).
- **High proportion of ‘local’ trips within Kent.** Reliable charging network within the county will be key.
- “Void” = invalid response (e.g. mileage provided instead of a location)

Popular taxi ranks



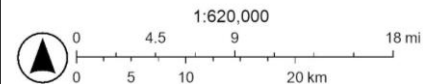
Most popular ranks:

- New Road, Gravesend
- Bouverie Road West, Folkestone

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Popular taxi ranks - Points

- ◆ 14 - 28
- ◆ > 28 - 42
- ◆ > 56 - 70



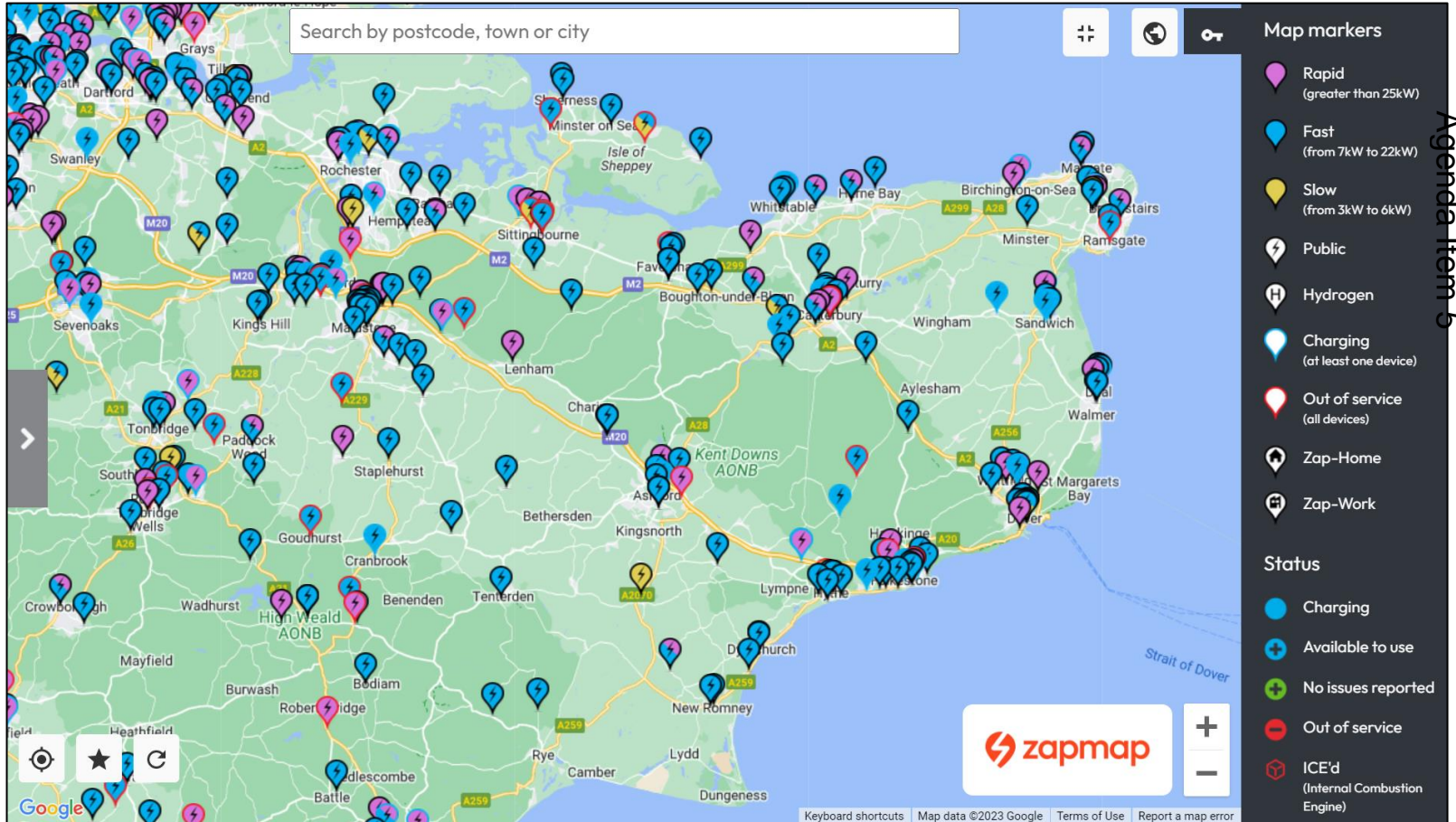
Map data © OpenStreetMap contributors, Microsoft, Facebook, Inc. and its affiliates, Esri Community Maps contributors, Map layer by Esri

Popular taxi ranks – top 15 sites

Taxi rank	Mentions
Bluewater Shopping Centre, Dartford	14
Station Approach, Dartford	14
Cheriton High Street, Folkestone & Hythe	15
Gravesend Railway Station, Gravesham	17
Mount Pleasant Road, Tunbridge Wells	18
Chapel Street, Folkestone & Hythe	18
Vale Road, Tunbridge Wells	18
St Georges Lane, Canterbury Bus Station	20

Taxi rank	Mentions
Canterbury Lane, Canterbury	22
Guildhall Street, Folkestone & Hythe	22
Sevenoaks Railway Station	28
Bouverie Square, Folkestone & Hythe	28
Waterloo Road, Tonbridge	29
Bouverie Road West, Folkestone & Hythe	32
<i>Another rank not listed (various)</i>	<i>61</i>
New Road, Gravesham	70

Existing chargepoints – Zap Map



Opinions on EVs

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Benefits or challenges for existing EV drivers

What's preventing others from switching?

What would encourage them to switch?

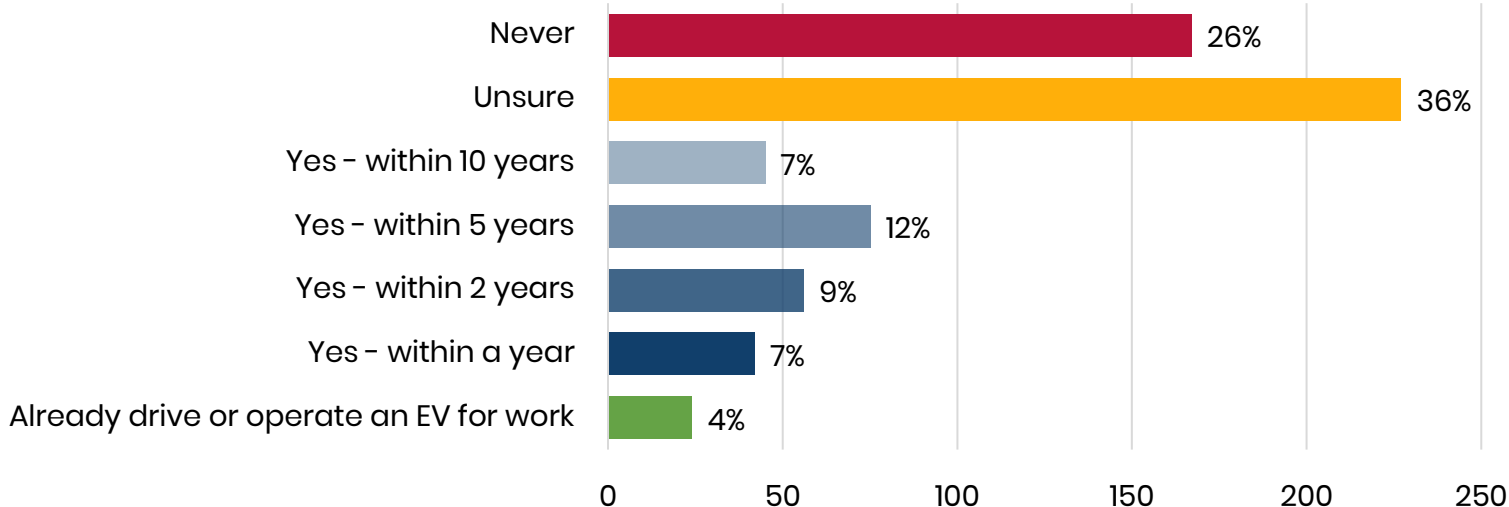


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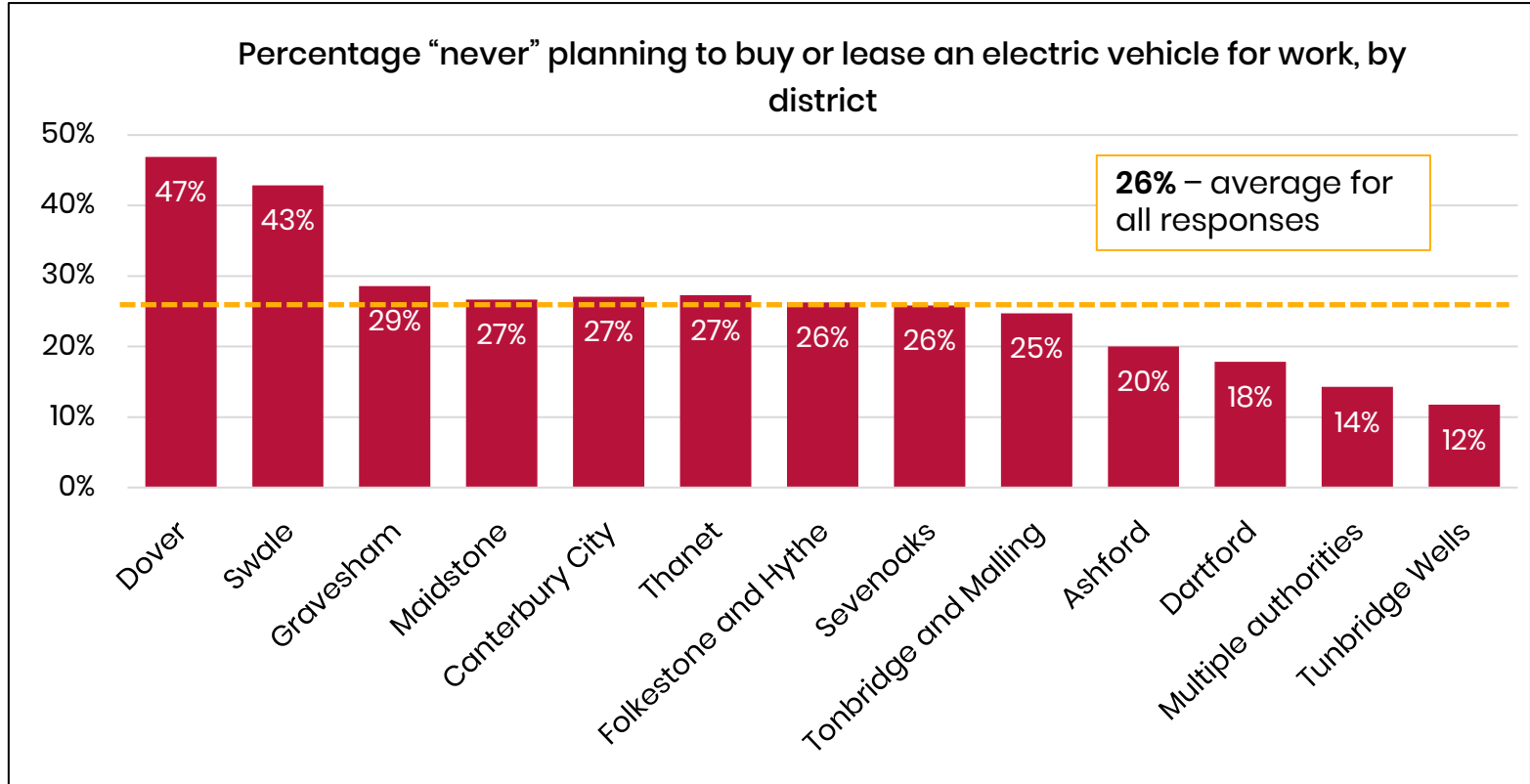
Plans to switch to EV

- One in three plan to switch to an EV in the next 10 years or sooner.
- **One in four said they will never make the switch to an EV.**

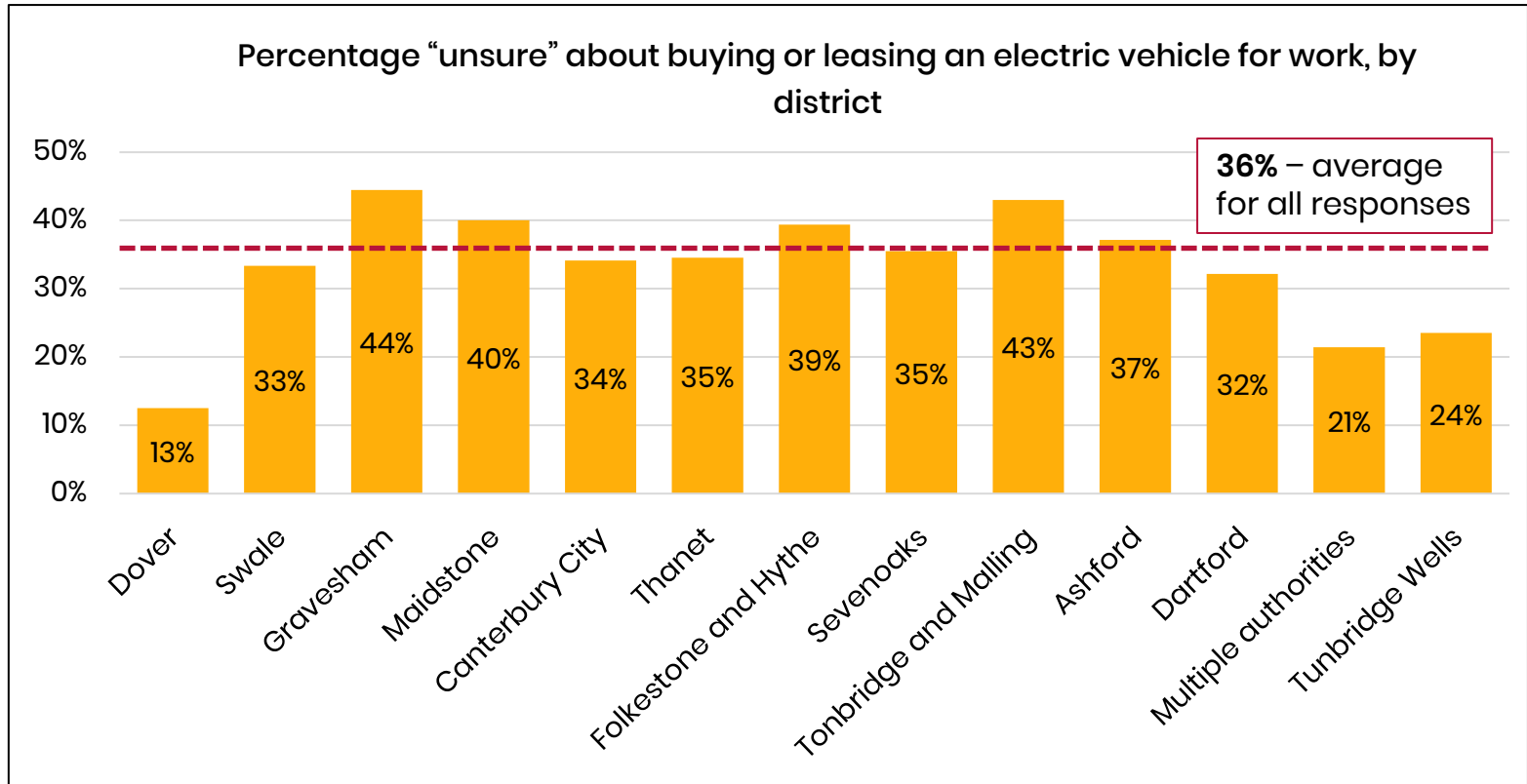
Are you thinking about buying or leasing an electric vehicle for work?



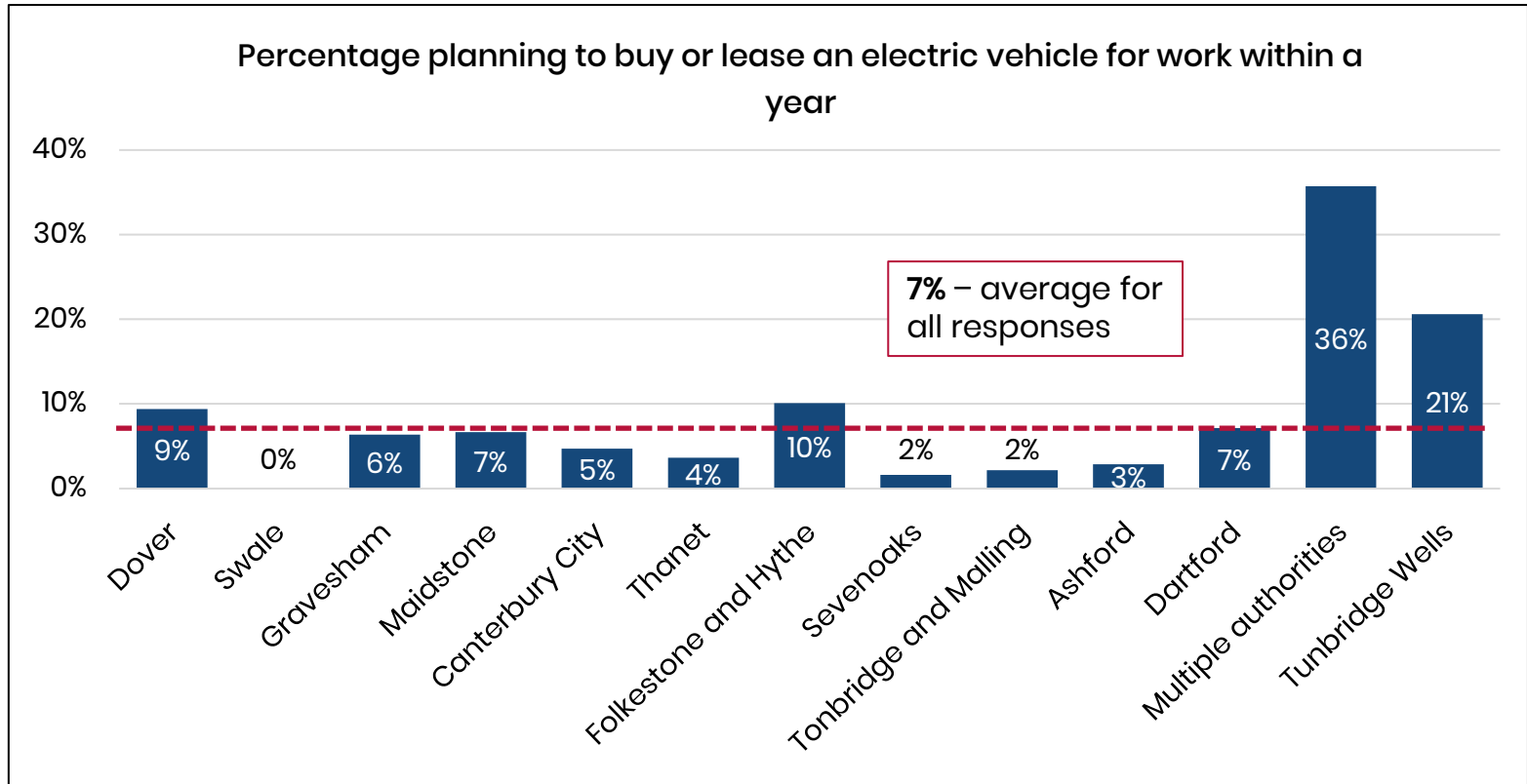
Plans to switch by district



Plans to switch by district



Plans to switch by district



Have you experienced any benefits or challenges from switching to an EV?

- 24 respondents to the survey are already operating an EV.

Good – 21 comments

- Cheaper and easier to maintain
- Cheaper to run
- “Saving me a fortune”
- Customers enjoy travelling in them
- EV drivers often requested by clients
- “Tesla charging facilities second to none”

Bad – 32 comments

- Very expensive to buy
- Increasing cost to charge
- Too few chargepoints / long wait to use them
- Faulty chargepoints
- Public charging takes too long
- Can't do long (or impromptu) trips
- Higher running costs
- Costs more to insure

Have you experienced any benefits or challenges from switching to an EV?

➤ 24 respondents to the survey are already operating an EV.

➤ **Cheaper to run**

Saving me a fortune. The Tesla is 5 months old and saves more than the repayments. In Aug I spent £1800 in Diesel. I now spend £700-800 plus the £700 repayments.

➤ **Higher running costs**

If I use a public charger at 0.67p/kWh then you're looking at just under 0.20p per mile. My diesel was 0.25p per mile. When considering my diesel car cost £16k vs £30k for my EV, I have lost out!

Increasing cost of electricity means I am now losing out compared to my diesel car.

Have you experienced any benefits or challenges from switching to an EV?

➤ 24 respondents to the survey are already operating an EV.

➤ **Charging success stories**

Tesla charging facilities second to none. Charging points work, plentiful and 20 mins will give me 60% charge and back on the road. 1 charge will give me 2 Heathrow runs (at least 240 miles)

I charge from home, Octopus gives me 5 hours @ 0.08p a unit = £2.80 for a Heathrow run!

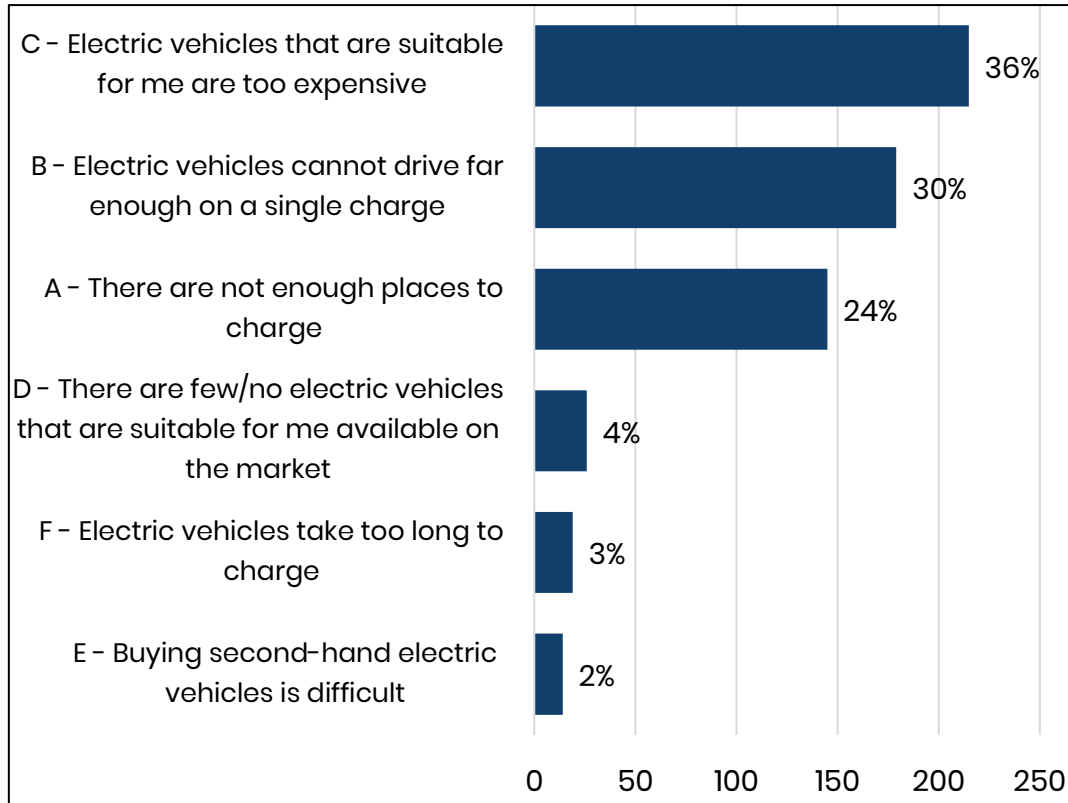
➤ **Issues with public network**

Chargers in Ramsgate haven't been working for 2 years.

The charge points owned by KCC and operated by Thanet district council have been out of order for nearly two years.

Rapid chargers are way too expensive. Costs more than Diesel (80p per kWh) at London Road in Deal.

Biggest barrier to switching



- Across all licence types, most drivers selected “*EVs that are suitable for me are too expensive*” as the biggest barrier
- Most private hire operators selected “*EVs cannot drive far enough on a single charge*” as the biggest barrier

Would the following incentives encourage you to switch to an EV sooner?



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Next steps

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Agenda Item 5

Next steps

- **Summary report** containing key results and recommendations
- Each council will also receive a **summary specific to their area**
 - Results for their area
 - Fleet profile results
- **Licensing policies** – what changes can be made?

HACKNEY CARRIAGE AND PRIVATE HIRE LICENSING: LICENCE FEES AND CHARGES 2024/25

Licensing Committee – Wednesday 20th September 2023

Report of: Chief Officer Planning & Regulatory Services

Status: For Decision

Key Decision: No

Portfolio Holder: Cllr. Margot McArthur

Contact Officer: Susan Lindsey Ext.7491

Recommendation to Licensing Committee:

That,

- a) having taken into account the information provided by the Senior Licensing Officer, increases to the fees set out at Appendix A be subject to a 6 week public consultation process;
- b) if, following consultation, there are no adverse comments to the proposed levels, the proposed fees and charges be implemented from 1 April 2024; and
- c) if, following consultation, there are adverse comments to the proposed levels, a further report be brought back to the Licensing Committee for consideration.

Reason for recommendation:

To ensure that the Council complies with its statutory duty to ensure that the 'taxi licensing' service remains self-financing, in accordance with the Council's Service and Budget Plan.

Introduction and Background

1. The taxi licensing service is required to be self-financing and the proposed increases to fees will ensure this is maintained.
2. Careful monitoring of income and expenditure has been carried out over the current financial year and the income from licence fees and associated costs,

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together with expenditure has been in accordance with the objectives laid out in the budget plan.

3. The type of tasks involved in taxi licensing include:
 - a) Assistance and advice to applicants
 - b) Compliance checks in line with Policy including criminal checks
 - c) Checking and validating licence applications upon receipt
 - d) Final approval of applications and the processing of licences
 - e) Keeping updated records and registers
 - f) Enforcement of drivers, operators and vehicles
 - g) Arranging and attending Hearings.
 - h) Appeal preparation and court attendance at appeal
 - i) Training of Officers and Members
4. Total income for Income and expenditure for the year 2022-23 result in a credit position of £10,900 (this is higher than predicted due to Government Grants received to the sum of £6,043.06).
5. It is proposed that the main application fees remain the same with some amendments only to the 'additional costs'. The main application fees (especially for drivers and operators) should remain consistent over the 3 year period of a driver licence, and a 5 year period for an Operator licence in order to balance the income across the lifetime of these licences issued.
6. There will be an increased cost incurred to the service over the current period and the period 2024-25 due to potential pending National Pay Awards, and additional resource provided within the Licensing Hub Team. We predict that this will balance the credit position at the end of 2024-25.
7. Officers have calculated and included fees for a 1 year driver licence. Under normal circumstances a 3 year licence should be issued, but in some circumstances it may be more beneficial to either an applicant or to the Authority that a one year licence is issued (ie. a driver may be looking to retire prior to the expiry of a 3 year licence, or medical issues raised which need re-assessing after 1 year). One year licences will be issued on a case by case basis at the discretion of an Officer.

Key Implications

Financial

The cost of licence fees takes into account the need to maintain a 'self financing' position for the service.

Legal Implications and Risk Assessment Statement

Should parts of the industry believe the Authority's fees are at a level which is greater than the costs of the statutory function, then it is open to them to undertake a 'judicial review proceeding'. Should this arise, the Authority would need to evidence how it arrived at the fee levels to demonstrate that they have been calculated on a cost recovery basis only.

Equality Assessment

The decisions recommended through this paper have a remote or low relevance to the substance of the Equality Act. There is no perceived impact on end users.

Net Zero Implications

The decisions recommended through this paper have a remote or low relevance to the council's ambition to be Net Zero by 2030. There is no perceived impact regarding either an increase or decrease in carbon emissions in the district, or supporting the resilience of the natural environment

Appendices

Appendix A – Proposed fees and charges 2024-25
Appendix B – Current fees and charges 2023-24

Background Papers

None

Richard Morris
Chief Officer Planning and Regulatory Services

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**FEES FOR 2024-2025
 Hackney Carriage Driver Licence**

	Cost
Knowledge Test	£51.50 per test
EQUO online test	£66
New Driver application (3 year)	£264 for three years
New Driver application (1 year)	£222 for one year
Driver Renewal application (3 year)	£183 for three years
Driver Renewal application (1 year)	£128 for one year

Dual Driver Licence

	Cost
Knowledge Test	£51.50 per test
EQUO online test	£66
New Driver application (3 year)	£264 for three years
New Driver application (1year)	£222 for one year
Driver Renewal application (3 year)	£183 for three years
Driver Renewal application (1 year)	£128 for one year

Hackney Carriage Vehicle Licence

	Cost
New and Renewal Application	£325 for one year

Private Hire Operator Licence

	Cost
New application for 5 year licence	£747
Renewal for 5 year licence	£586
New application for 3 year licence	£534
Renewal for 3 year licence	£374
New application for 1 year licence	£324
Renewal for 1 year licence	£164

Private Hire Driver Licence

	Cost
Knowledge Test	£51.50
EQUO Online Test	£66 per test
New Driver application (3 year)	£264 for three years
New Driver application (1 year)	£222 for one year
Driver Renewal application	£183 for three years
Driver Renewal application (1 year)	£128 for one year

Private Hire Vehicle Licence

	Cost
New and Renewal Application	£297 for one year

Additional Costs

	Cost
DBS application	£38
DBS administration fee	£30
Change of Driver Licence type	£26
Replace Vehicle Plate	£19
Replace Driver Badge	£13
Vehicle Plate bracket	£25
Change of Ownership of licensed vehicle	£26
Duplicate paper licence	£13
Temporary Replacement	£100
Add or remove a name from a vehicle licence	£26
Change of name and address (driver badge not included)	£24
Private hire exemption certificate	£56
Add or remove names from Operator licence	£48
General Admin Fee	£30

If a vehicle licence is surrendered within 6 months of issue, a refund of £113 will be issued.

**FEES FOR 2023-2024
 Hackney Carriage Driver Licence**

	Cost
Knowledge Test	£51.50 per test
EQUO online test	£66
New Driver application	£264 for three years
Driver Renewal application	£183 for three years

Dual Driver Licence

	Cost
Knowledge Test	£51.50 per test
EQUO online test	£66
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Driver Renewal application	£183 for three years

Hackney Carriage Vehicle Licence

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New application for 1 year licence	£324
Renewal for 1 year licence	£164

Private Hire Driver Licence

	Cost
Knowledge Test	£51.50
EQUO Online Test	£66 per test
New Driver application	£264 for three years
Driver Renewal application	£183 for three years

Private Hire Vehicle Licence

	Cost
New and Renewal Application	£297 for one year

Additional Costs

	Cost
DBS application	£40
DBS administration fee	£30
Change of Driver Licence type	£54
Replace Vehicle Plate	£18
Replace Driver Badge	£24
Change of Ownership of licensed vehicle	£27
Duplicate paper licence	£10
Temporary Replacement	£33
Add or remove a name from a vehicle licence	£18
Change of name and address (driver badge not included)	£18
Private hire exemption certificate	£42
General Admin Fee	£30

If a vehicle licence is surrendered within 6 months of issue, a refund of £113 will be issued.

Licensing Committee Work Plan 2023/24 (as at 11/07/2023)

16 January 2024

- Review of fees and charges (general)
- Taxi fees & charges if objections received following consultation

12 March 2024

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